



INTERNATIONAL  
OLYMPIC  
COMMITTEE

Olympic Studies Centre /  
*Centre d'Etudes Olympiques*

## Olympic Games: legacies and impacts *Jeux Olympiques : héritages et impacts*

**Bibliography / Bibliographie**

**Publications, articles, reports and studies published until the end of 2014.**  
*Publications, articles, rapports et études publiés jusqu'à fin 2014.*

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**TABLE OF CONTENTS / TABLE DES MATIÈRES**

<b>Foreword / Avant-propos</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>How to use the document / Comment utiliser ce document</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>Definitions / Définitions</b> .....	<b>4</b>
<b>1. Legacy and impact: general theory / Héritage et impact : théorie générale</b> .....	<b>6</b>
<b>2. Games of the Olympiad / Jeux de l'Olympiade</b> .....	<b>10</b>
1.1. Tokyo 2020 .....	10
1.2. Rio de Janeiro 2016.....	10
Other Candidate Cities 2016 / <i>Autres villes candidates 2016</i> .....	12
1.3. London 2012 / <i>Londres 2012</i> .....	13
Other candidate cities 2012 / <i>Autres villes candidates 2012</i> .....	45
1.4. Beijing 2008.....	46
Other Candidate Cities 2008 / <i>Autres villes candidates 2008</i> .....	55
1.5. Athens 2004 / <i>Athènes 2004</i> .....	57
Other Candidate Cities 2004 / <i>Autres villes candidates 2004</i> .....	62
1.6. Sydney 2000.....	63
Other Candidate Cities 2000 / <i>Autres villes candidates 2000</i> .....	76
1.7. Atlanta 1996.....	76
Other Candidate Cities 1996 / <i>Autres villes candidates 1996</i> .....	80
1.8. Barcelona 1992 / <i>Barcelone 1992</i> .....	80
1.9. Seoul 1988 / <i>Séoul 1988</i> .....	89
1.10. Los Angeles 1984 .....	91
1.11. Montreal 1976 / <i>Montréal 1976</i> .....	93
1.12. Munich 1972 .....	94
1.13. Mexico 1968 .....	95
1.14. Tokyo 1964.....	95
1.15. Melbourne 1956.....	96
1.16. Berlin 1936.....	96
1.17. Los Angeles 1932.....	97
1.18. Amsterdam 1928 .....	98
1.19. St-Louis 1904.....	98
1.20. Multiple Games of the Olympiad / <i>Jeux de l'Olympiade multiples</i> .....	99
<b>3. Olympic Winter Games / Jeux Olympiques d'hiver</b> .....	<b>114</b>
1.21. Sochi 2014 / <i>Sotchi 2014</i> .....	114
1.22. Vancouver 2010.....	115
1.23. Turin 2006.....	135
1.24. Salt Lake City 2002.....	139
1.25. Lillehammer 1994 .....	140
1.26. Albertville 1992 .....	142
1.27. Calgary 1988 .....	143
1.28. Lake Placid 1980 .....	144
1.29. Innsbruck 1976 .....	145
1.30. Innsbruck 1964 .....	146
1.31. Multiple Olympic Winter Games / <i>Jeux Olympiques d'hiver multiples</i> .....	147
<b>4. Multiple Games of the Olympiad &amp; Olympic Winter Games / Jeux de l'Olympiade &amp; Jeux Olympiques d'hiver multiples</b> .....	<b>152</b>



## Foreword / *Avant-propos*

This reference document has been created by the Olympic Studies Centre to address the growing interest being placed on the topics of legacy and impact as they relate to the Olympic Games.

This document includes all sources referenced from 2008 up until end of 2014. From 2015, the annual updates will be published in separate documents.

Any data, opinions, findings and conclusions expressed in the documents are those of the author(s) and/or his/her/their organization and do not necessarily reflect the views of the IOC. The IOC explicitly disclaims any responsibility for the consequences of any use of this Reference document content.

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*Ce document de référence a été créé par le Centre d'Etudes Olympiques pour répondre à l'intérêt croissant porté sur les questions de l'héritage et de l'impact liés aux Jeux Olympiques.*

*Ce document comprend l'ensemble des sources référencées de manière continue entre 2008 et fin 2014. A partir de 2015, les mises à jour annuelles seront publiées dans des documents séparés*

*Tous les avis, données, résultats et conclusions exprimés dans les documents sont ceux des auteurs et/ou de leur organisation et ne reflètent pas nécessairement le point de vue du CIO. Le CIO décline expressément toute responsabilité quant aux conséquences de l'utilisation qui pourrait être faite du contenu des publications.*

## How to use the document / *Comment utiliser ce document*

Below you will find a descriptive bibliographic source list of publications, journal articles, reports and studies on the topics of Olympic Games legacies and impacts. The cited documents are gathered from public sources and are comprised of both hard copies and electronic editions. Theme specific keywords and brief summaries for the documents have been included.

The titles with an 'IOC Olympic Studies Centre' access are available at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre. For consultation and borrowing information, contact [studies.centre@olympic.org](mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org).

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*Vous trouverez ci-dessous une bibliographie descriptive de publications, articles de journaux, rapports et études sur les thèmes de l'héritage et de l'impact des Jeux Olympiques. Les documents cités proviennent de sources publiques, imprimées ou électroniques. Les descriptions incluent des mots clés thématiques ainsi que de brefs résumés.*

*Les titres portant la mention « IOC Olympic Studies Centre » sont accessibles auprès du Centre d'Etudes Olympiques du CIO. Pour les modalités de consultation et de prêt, merci de contacter : [studies.centre@olympic.org](mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org)*



## Definitions / *Définitions*

### • Legacy and Impact

The terms 'legacy' and 'impact' are used, often interchangeably, by those who are today studying this subject and its link to the Olympic Games.

The term '**impact**' is commonly used to describe the effects of a policy, programme or project on ecosystems, society in general and / or on the economic system. 'Impacts' are more often regarded as implying an adverse effect or a damaging or destructive result.

In contrast, the term '**legacy**' is more often used when presenting positive effects. 'Legacy' also tends to be used in association with those effects that are of longer duration.

### • Themes

**Cultural, Social and Political Legacy and Impact:** Cultural, social, and political legacies and impacts encompass the practices by which society is governed and organized as well as the behavioural and attitudinal changes that can occur based on inspiration derived from hosting the Olympic Games. Related sub-themes include:

- Arts Programmes
- Employment
- Education
- Youth
- Volunteerism
- Health Care Services
- Housing
- Sports Programmes / Development
- Community / National Pride
- Cultural Awareness

**Environmental Legacy and Impact:** Environmental legacies and impacts encompass everything associated with the environment-related management, techniques and technologies that surround an organism or organisms, including both natural and human-built elements. Related sub-themes include:

- Sustainability / Sustainable Development
- Environment / Environmental Development
- Green Venues
- Air Quality
- Waste Management

**Economic Legacy and Impact:** Economic legacies and impacts encompass all the economically-related investment, spending and revenue generation effects of hosting the Olympic Games on the Host City, region and country. Related sub-themes include:

- Tourism
- Employment
- Business Opportunities
- Real Estate / Housing
- Event Management
- Global Image of the City / Country

**Urban Legacy and Impact:** Urban legacies and impacts encompass a city's buildings, landscape, transport and service infrastructures as well as certain infrastructures through which a city forms a network with surrounding towns, cities and the countryside. Related sub-themes include:

- Demography
- Venues
- Transport
- Transportation Infrastructure
- Technology (telecommunications, information systems, etc.)

**Sporting Legacy and Impact:** Sporting legacies and impacts encompass the legacies and impacts of the Olympic period that facilitate the promotion and development of sport in the Host City, region and country. Related sub-themes include:

- Venues
- Event Management
- Sports Programmes / Development



- **Héritage et impact**

Les termes « héritage » et « impact » sont utilisés, souvent de manière interchangeable, par les personnes qui étudient ce sujet et son lien avec les Jeux Olympiques.

Le terme « **impact** » est communément utilisé pour décrire les effets d'une politique, d'un programme ou d'un projet sur des écosystèmes, la société en général et/ou le système économique. Les « impacts » sont plus souvent considérés comme entraînant un effet défavorable ou un résultat préjudiciable voire destructeur.

Le terme « **héritage** » est quant à lui plus souvent utilisé pour présenter des effets positifs. Le terme est aussi employé pour décrire des effets de plus longue durée.

- **Themes**

**Héritage et impact culturel, social et politique:** Les héritages et impacts culturels, sociaux et politiques englobent les pratiques selon lesquelles la société est gouvernée et organisée, ainsi que les changements de comportements et d'attitudes que peut susciter l'organisation des Jeux Olympiques. Les sous-thèmes comprennent :

- Programmes artistiques
- Emploi
- Education
- Jeunesse
- Bénévolat
- Services médicaux
- Logement
- Programme sportif / Développement sportif
- Fierté collective / nationale
- Sensibilisation culturelle

**Héritage et impact environnemental:** Les héritages et impacts environnementaux englobent tout ce qui a trait à la gestion, aux techniques et aux technologies de l'environnement portant sur un ou plusieurs organismes, qu'ils soient naturels ou créés par l'homme. Les sous-thèmes comprennent :

- Développement durable
- Environnement
- Sites "verts"
- Qualité de l'air
- Gestion des déchets

**Héritage et impact économique:** Les héritages et impacts économiques englobent tous les effets économiques liés aux investissements, dépenses et recettes générés par l'organisation des Jeux Olympiques sur la ville, la région et le pays hôtes. Les sous-thèmes comprennent :

- Tourisme
- Emploi
- Affaires commerciales
- Immobilier / logement
- Gestion des événements
- Image globale de la ville / pays

**Héritage et impact urbain:** Les héritages et impacts urbains englobent les bâtiments, paysages, infrastructures de transport et services d'une ville ainsi que certaines infrastructures qui font que la ville forme un réseau avec d'autres villes voisines et la campagne environnante. Les sous-thèmes comprennent :

- Démographie
- Sites
- Transport
- Infrastructures de transports
- Technologie (télécommunications, systèmes d'information, etc)

**Héritage et impact sportif:** Les héritages et impacts sportifs englobent les héritages et impacts des Jeux Olympiques qui facilitent la promotion et le développement du sport dans la ville, la région et le pays hôtes. Les sous-thèmes comprennent :

- Sites
- Gestion des événements
- Programme sportif / Développement sportif



## 1. Legacy and impact: general theory / *Héritage et impact : théorie générale*

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| Author(s)<br><b>Title</b>                                      | Nola Agha, Sheranne Fairley, Heather Gibson<br><b>Considering legacy as a multi-dimensional construct: the legacy of the Olympic Games</b>   |
| Source   | <i>In:</i> Sport management review, Vol. 15(1), 2012, pp. 125-139  |
| Date   | 2012   |
| Page(s)  | 15p.   |
| Summary  | <i>The case considers various legacy outcomes including: destination image, tourism, cost, venues, housing, and social legacy in general. It is written with anonymity of the actual city so that one can adapt it to a specific city.</i>             |
| <b>Phase(s)</b><br><b>Legacy and Impact</b><br><b>Theme(s)</b> | Candidature Phase; Post-Games<br><b>Cultural, Social and Political</b><br><b>Economic</b> – tourism, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city / country<br><b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management |
| Type<br><b>Access</b>  | Article<br><a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>   |
- 
- |  |  |
|--|--|
| Author(s)<br><b>Title</b>                                      | Richard Cashman<br><b>What is “Olympic Legacy”?</b>  |
| Source   | <i>In:</i> Miquel de Moragas, Christopher Kennett & Nuria Puig (eds.), The Legacy of the Olympic Games 1894-2000, Lausanne: International Olympic Committee, pp. 31-42                   |
| Date   | 2003   |
| Page(s)  | 12p.   |
| Summary  | <i>This symposium paper is focused on an examination of the concept of legacy as it relates to the Olympic Games and trying to define what elements might be considered as ‘legacy’.</i> |
| <b>Phase(s)</b><br><b>Legacy and Impact</b><br><b>Theme(s)</b> | Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games<br><b>Cultural, Social and Political</b><br><b>Economic</b><br><b>Urban</b><br><b>Sporting</b>  |
| Type<br><b>Access</b>  | Symposium paper<br><a href="#">E-document</a> (choose link - full text pp. 1-252) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 19515 / 033.2  |
- 
- |                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| Author(s)<br><b>Title</b> | Keiko Homma ; Naofumi Masumoto<br><b>A theoretical approach for the Olympic legacy study focusing on sustainable sport legacy</b>  |
| Source                    | <i>In:</i> The international journal of the history of sport, Vol. 30(12), 2013, pp. 1455-1471   |
| Date                      | 2013   |
| Page(s)                   | 17p.   |
| Summary                   | <i>The management of the Olympic Games has changed significantly since the 1984 Los Angeles Olympic Games. The introduction of commercialization brought financial stability and attracted cities to bid for the Games. On the other hand, the impact of hosting the Olympic Games increased as more stakeholders became</i> |





*involved in its management. This paper aims to suggest a theoretical approach for olympic legacy study focusing on sustainable sport legacy as an example.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning  
**Legacy and Impact** **Economic**  
**Theme(s)** **Sporting**

Type Article  
**Access** [IOC onsite consultation](#), for offsite access, contact: [studies.centre@olympic.org](mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org)

Author(s) International Olympic Committee  
**Title** **Olympic legacy**  
Source Lausanne: IOC  
Date 2013  
Page(s) 72p.

Summary *This general publication presents the different types of Olympic legacies: sporting, social, economic, urban and environmental.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-games, Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political**  
**Theme(s)** **Economic**  
**Environmental**  
**Urban**  
**Sporting**

Type Book  
**Access** [E-document](#)  
IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25963 / 033.2

Author(s) Becca Leopkey  
**Title** **The Historical Evolution of Olympic Games Legacy**  
Source Ottawa: University of Ottawa  
Date 2009  
Page(s) 37p.

Summary *This IOC postgraduate research grant holder report maps the evolution of legacy throughout the history of the modern Olympic Movement from 1896 to present in order to examine and contextualize the major trends.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Environmental**  
**Theme(s)** **Economic**  
**Urban**  
**Sporting**

Type Report  
**Access** [E-document](#)  
IOC Olympic Studies Centre MA 23942 / 033.2

Author(s) Martha J. McIntosh  
**Title** **The Olympic Bid Process as the Starting Point of the Legacy Development**  
Source *In*: Miquel de Moragas, Christopher Kennett & Nuria Puig (eds.), *The Legacy of the Olympic Games 1894-2000*, Lausanne: International Olympic Committee, pp. 450-456



Date	2003
Page(s)	7p.
Summary	<i>This symposium paper is focused on an examination of the origins and expressions of legacy planning within the Olympic host city bidding process and the evolution of this element over time.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b>
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> <b>Urban</b> <b>Sporting</b>
Type	Symposium paper
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a> (choose link - full text pp. 253-495) / IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 19515 / 033.2



Author(s)	Holger Preuss
<b>Title</b>	<b>“Legacy” revisited</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Jonathan Grix, Leveraging legacies from sports mega-events, Palgrave Macmillan, pp. 24-38
Date	2014
Page(s)	15 p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter brings the different perspectives of legacy into one framework. It contains the detection of legacy (what), then the perspectives of how legacy can be seen by different stakeholders (who), followed by the reflection on the time and duration a legacy occurs (how). Examples from Olympics illustrate the framework.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, social and political</b> – cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> <b>Sporting</b>
Type	Article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>

Author(s)	Kristine Toohey
<b>Title</b>	<b>The Olympic Games management and legacy</b>
Source	Queensland, Australia: Griffith University
Date	2008
Page(s)	18p.
Summary	<i>This paper examines recent research on the topics of Olympic Games management and legacy. It analyses the topic, provides a review of relevant literature and discusses three different and developing Olympic management research streams.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Environmental</b>
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> <b>Urban</b> <b>Sporting</b>





Type Paper  
**Access** [E-document](#)

Author(s) Cesar R. Torres  
**Title** **On the merit of the legacy of failed Olympic bids**  
Source Lausanne: OSC Postgraduate Grant Selection Committee  
Date 2012  
Page(s) 29p.

Summary *The legacy concerns have been recently extended to the bidding process itself. This paper explores the merits of extending legacy discourse in case bids failed.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political**  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental**  
**Economic**  
**Urban**

Type Paper  
**Access** [E-document](#)



## 2. Games of the Olympiad / Jeux de l'Olympiade

### 1.1. Tokyo 2020

Author(s)	Shuying Yuan
Title	<b>A miraculous revitalization of Japan? A comparative analysis of the 1964 Tokyo Olympic Games, the failed 2016 host city bid and the successful 2020 bid</b>
Source	<i>In</i> : Asia Pacific journal of sport and social science, 4 Dec. 2013, Ahead of print
Date	2014
Page(s)	17p.
Summary	<i>This article analyses the relationships between the revitalization of Japan and the hosting of the Olympic Games. It illustrates the great changes that the 1964 Games brought to Japan. It also describes the huge benefits that were expected from hosting the 2016 Games, although that bid ultimately failed. Finally, it assesses the major benefits that are expected from hosting the 2020 Games.</i>
See	<a href="#">A miraculous revitalization of Japan</a>

### 1.2. Rio de Janeiro 2016

Author(s)	Eva Kassens-Noor
Title	<b>The Prospect of a Legacy for London 2012 and Rio de Janeiro 2016</b>
Source	<i>In</i> : Eva Kassens-Noor, Planning Olympic legacies: transport dreams and urban realities, New-York: Routledge, pp. 84-101
Date	2012
Page(s)	16p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter is focused on the urban legacies - pre-games planning and post-candidacy - of the London 2012 and Rio de Janeiro 2016 Summer Games.</i>
See	<a href="#">Planning Olympic legacies</a>



Author(s)	Sarah Lee, Martin Dixon ...[et al.]
Title	<b>Learning from London - reflecting for Rio: creating a legacy for coaching and achieving high performance</b>
Source	Reflective Practice: international and multidisciplinary perspectives, volume 14, issue 5, 2013, pp. 582 - 690
Date	2013
Page(s)	109 p.
Summary	<i>One year after the London 2012 Olympic Games, this special issue proposes ten articles on the legacy of London 2012 and how it can inspire the organisers for Rio 2016.</i>
Phase(s)	Pre-Games planning, Post-Games



<b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political Economic Urban Environmental Sporting</b>
Type	Special issue
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">Online with access charge</a> or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 26928 / 033.2

<b>Author(s)</b>	Arianne C. Reis & Fabiana R Sousa-Mast
<b>Title</b>	<b>Rio 2016 and sport legacies: the legacies of the Olympic Games for youth at-risk in Rio de Janeiro</b>
Source	<i>Postgraduate research grant programme 2012 Olympic Studies Centre, International Olympic Committee, 2012</i>
Date	2012
Page(s)	58p.
Summary	<i>This study to aims to ask how the local population perceive the current and potential legacies of Rio 2016 will affect their sport participation rates, particularly for children and youth.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature phase, Pre-Games Planning
<b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> –education, youth, sports programmes / development
Type	Study
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

<b>Author(s)</b>	Bárbara Schausteck de Almeidaa ; Wanderley Marchi
<b>Title</b>	<b>The 2016 Olympic and Paralympic Games and Brazil's soft power</b>
Source	<i>In: Contemporary social science: journal of the Academy of Social Sciences, Volume 9, Issue 2, 2014, pp. 271-283</i>
Date	2014
Page(s)	13p.
Summary	<i>Using the 2016 Olympic and Paralympic election as a starting point, this paper aims to reveal how sport has been used as a strategy of foreign policy to improve the country's soft power. After reviewing some key features of the Brazilian political and economic context, and the foreign policy agenda in the 2000s and the 2016 election, it is shown that sport mega events support and reflect the intention of many Brazilian political officials intention to increase the status of Brazil in the international sphere.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning
<b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political Economic</b> – global image of the city / country
Type	Article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">With access charge</a>

<b>Author(s)</b>	Gabriel Silvestre
<b>Title</b>	<b>An Olympic city in the making : Rio de Janeiro mega-event strategy 1993-2016</b>
Source	<i>Postgraduate research grant programme 2012 Olympic Studies Centre, International</i>



Date	Olympic Committee, 2012
Page(s)	2012 56p.
Summary	<i>In October 2009, the city of Rio de Janeiro was announced the host of the XXXI Olympic Games. This study reviews the pre-award years and its aftermath in order to document and interrogate the contested development of Rio mega-event strategy and examine the emerging geography of the city of the 2016 Games.</i>
<b>Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Candidature phase, Pre-Games Planning <b>Urban</b>
Type	Study
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s) <b>Title</b>	Fabiana R Sousa-Masta, <b>Are cariocas getting ready for the Games?: sport participation and the Rio de Janeiro 2016 Olympic Games</b>
Source	<i>In</i> : Managing leisure, Volume 18, Issue 4, 2013, pp.331-335
Date	2014
Page(s)	5p.
Summary	<i>Bidding and organizing committees of mega-events greatly emphasize the intangible benefits derived from hosting such events in their communities, despite the lack of research confirming intangible legacies. This research note is intended to contribute to the sport event management field by discussing an oft-cited but rarely explored intangible legacy of the Olympic Games: the sport participation legacy. In this study, interviews were conducted with physical education professionals currently residing in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, the host of the 2016 Olympic Games.</i>
<b>Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – education, youth, sports programmes / development <b>Sporting</b> – event management
Type	Article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">With access charge</a>

### Other Candidate Cities 2016 / Autres villes candidates 2016

Author(s) <b>Title</b>	Terry Van Dijk & Gerd Weitkamp <b>Power in dreams? The spatial effects of Chicago's failed Olympic bid</b>
Source	<i>In</i> : International planning studies, Volume 19, Issue 2, 2014, pp. 111-131
Date	2013
Page(s)	179p.
Summary	<i>Bidding entails making very detailed plans for sites and infrastructure that are not easily forgotten, even when another city is picked to organize the games. The authors chose Chicago to test whether a plan, despite being unsuccessful in the sense of not being executed, might still change a city. They sought spatial change that was caused by the Olympic plan.</i>
<b>Phase(s) Legacy and</b>	Pre-Games Planning <b>Economic</b> – real estate / housing



<b>Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Urban</b>
Type	Article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">With access charge</a>
<b>Author(s)</b>	Shuying Yuan
<b>Title</b>	<b>A miraculous revitalization of Japan? A comparative analysis of the 1964 Tokyo Olympic Games, the failed 2016 host city bid and the successful 2020 bid</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Asia Pacific journal of sport and social science, 4 Dec. 2013, Ahead of print
Date	2014
Page(s)	17p.
Summary	<i>This article analyses the relationships between the revitalization of Japan and the hosting of the Olympic Games. It illustrates the great changes that the 1964 Games brought to Japan. It also describes the huge benefits that were expected from hosting the 2016 Games, although that bid ultimately failed. Finally, it assesses the major benefits that are expected from hosting the 2020 Games.</i>
<b>See</b>	<a href="#">A miraculous revitalization of Japan</a>

### 1.3. London 2012 / Londres 2012

<b>Title</b>	<b>An assessment of UK sport policy in comparative context: special issue</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> International journal of sport policy, Vol. 5(2), 2013, pp.163- 315
Date	2012
Page(s)	153p.
Summary	<i>This special issues contains the following articles: London 2012 and its legacies ; Understanding the impact of sport coaching on legacy ; Physical education and youth sport in England: conceptual and practical foundations for an Olympic legacy? ; The Olympic legacy and participation in sport: an interim assessment of sport England's active people survey for sports studies research ; Can viewing London 2012 influence sport participation?: a viewpoint based on relevant theory ; London 2012 Olympic legacy: a big sporting society? ; Policy transfer, regeneration legacy and the Summer Olympic Games: lessons for London 2012 and beyond.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> - education, youth, volunteerism, sports programmes / development, community / national pride, cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	
Type	Journal issue
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>



Author(s)	Penny Bernstock
<b>Title</b>	<b>Olympic housing: a critical review of London 2012's legacy</b>
Source	Ashgate
Date	2013
Page(s)	207 p.
Summary	<i>This book adopts a critical approach to the concept of 'legacy' focusing specifically on housing. The first chapter provides an overview of housing legacy in various Olympic cities. The book then offers a detailed analysis of the London 2012 Olympic Games housing legacy.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, social and political</b> - housing <b>Economic</b> - housing
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Urban</b> - demography
Type	E-book
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>

Author(s)	Richard Brown, Gary Cox and Michael Owens
<b>Title</b>	<b>Bid, delivery, legacy: creating the governance architecture of the London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games legacy</b>
Source	<i>In</i> : Australian Planner, Special Issue: Planning for Olympic Games, Volume 49, Issue 3, 2012
Date	2012
Page(s)	pp. 226-238
Summary	<i>This article provides a historical account of the development and delivery of the London 2012 Games as a regeneration program. It focuses on the strategic development of delivery vehicles and governance arrangements, tracking through the development of the organisational structure of the 2012 Games. The account follows three stages: making the bid, delivering the Games, and establishing the legacy. The article concludes by offering some insights into the success of the London 2012 delivery to date and some tentative learning points about effective planning for the legacy.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature phase, Pre-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transport, transport infrastructure, technology
<b>Theme(s)</b>	
Type	Article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">With access charge</a>

Author(s)	Mark Bux-Ryan, Graham Finegold, Nicola Hutcheson, Christiane Ressel, Gerard Smith
<b>Title</b>	<b>The 2012 Olympics: access to training and employment opportunities</b>
Source	Tank Consulting, Equality and Human Rights Commission, research report 49
Date	2010
Page(s)	78 p.



Summary	<i>This research was commissioned to investigate employment experience, skills and aspirations of ethnic minorities in the five host boroughs in relation to the 2012 Olympic Games, with a special focus on the Asian community. The study included desk research, interviews with ethnic minority community groups, training and employment providers and employers, and focus groups with people living in the five host boroughs.</i>
<b>Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – employment, volunteerism <b>Economic Legacy</b> – employment
Type <b>Access</b>	Report <a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s) <b>Title</b>	Cambridge Econometrics “ <b>What Skills by When</b> ”: <b>Analysis of the skills needs for the London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games</b>
Source Date Page(s)	Sector Skills Development Agency 31 May 2007 100p.
Summary	<i>Undertaken for the Sector Skills Development Agency, this study is focused on assessing the employment opportunities and skills need associated with the construction, operation and legacy of the 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games in the context of the planned and forecast development of the UK in the period between 2007 and 2021.</i>
<b>Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – employment, education, youth, volunteerism, housing, sports programmes / development, cultural awareness <b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, event management <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure <b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management, sports programmes / development
Type	Study

Author(s) <b>Title</b>	Jean-Loup Chappelet <b>Managing the size of the Olympic Games</b>
Source Date Page(s)	<i>In</i> : Sport in society: cultures, commerce, media, politics, Nov. 2013, pp. 1-12 2013 13p.
Summary	<i>This study shows how various participation and organization indicators have expanded over six Olympiads, from Barcelona 1992 to London 2012, and examines the reasons for this growth. It suggests ways of reducing the size of the Summer Olympic Games in order to make them more manageable and to encourage candidatures from smaller cities and countries.</i>
<b>See</b>	<a href="#">Managing the size of the Olympic Games</a>

Author(s) <b>Title</b>	Jon Coaffee <b>Policy transfer, regeneration legacy and the Summer Olympic Games: lessons for London 2012 and beyond</b>
Source Date	International Journal of Sport Policy and Politics, 2012 2012





Page(s)	pp. 1-17
Summary	<i>This article unpacks some of the difficulties that occur when mega-event policy is transferred, often uncritically from city to city and nation to nation. It also addresses the potential of sport-led mega-events to renew and regenerate cities and regions through infrastructure development and associated increases in sporting participation rates, inward investment and tourism.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games, Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Economic</b> – tourism, event management
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Urban</b> – transport, transportation infrastructure, technology <b>Sporting</b> – event management
Type	Article
Access	<a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>

Author(s)	Fred Coalter
<b>Title</b>	<b>Stuck in the Blocks? A sustainable sporting legacy</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Anthony Vigor, Melissa Mean & Charlie Tims (eds.), After the Gold Rush: a sustainable Olympics for London, London: Institute for Public Policy Research, pp. 93-108 & 160-161
Date	2004
Page(s)	18p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter is mainly focused on a general examination of the potential 'public' sports participation legacy that could be realised from London's hosting of the 2012 Olympic Games.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – volunteerism, sports programmes / development, community / national pride, cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> – tourism, business opportunities <b>Urban</b> – demography <b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management, sports programmes / development
Type	Book chapter
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a> or at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24427 / 033.2

Author(s)	Commission for a Sustainable London 2012
<b>Title</b>	<b>Assuring a legacy: promises, progress and potential: a review of legacy across the London 2012 programme</b>
Source	Commission for a Sustainable London 2012
Date	March 2012
Page(s)	112p.
Summary	<i>The aims of the legacy review are as follows: to review the progress in preparing to deliver on legacy sustainability commitments, aims and objectives; to provide assurance over the extent to which the relevant bodies are on track for delivery; to identify successes and good practice where there could be a learning legacy; and to make recommendations where appropriate. The structure of the review addresses background, overarching governance, organisational governance and then each of the five sustainability themes. Inclusion has been addressed as a cross-cutting theme as it impacts on design, employment and skills, and healthy living.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, social and political</b> – employment, health care services <b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment /



**Theme(s)** environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – employment, business opportunities, event management  
**Urban** – venues, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** – event management

Type Report  
**Access** [E-document](#)

Author(s) Commission for a Sustainable London 2012  
**Title** **Beyond 2012: outcomes report**  
Source Commission for a Sustainable London 2012  
Date March 2013  
Page(s) 55p.

Summary *As part of its remit for creating a sustainability legacy from the Games, the Commission for a Sustainable London 2012 arranged a series of full-day round table discussions that were held in London during January 2012. Each of these was concerned with one of five sustainability issues that arose during the planning and delivery of the Games. These were: construction and infrastructure, food, supply chain, volunteering, corporate sponsorship. This report presents the themes and recommendations that emerged from the discussions in the five round tables.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games planning, Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, social and political** – employment, health care services  
**Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment /  
**Theme(s)** environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – employment, business opportunities, event management  
**Urban** – venues, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** – event management

Type Report  
**Access** [E-document](#)

Author(s) Commission for a Sustainable London 2012  
**Title** **Breaking the tape: pre-games Review (annual review 2011)**  
Source Commission for a Sustainable London 2012, annual review 2011  
Date June 2012  
Page(s) 56 p.

Summary *This is the final annual review of the Commission for a Sustainable London 2012 before the Games. The bulk of this report is focused on how the Games experience will be distinctly sustainable for different client groups.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, social and political** – employment, health care services  
**Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment /  
**Theme(s)** environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – employment, business opportunities, event management  
**Urban** – venues, transportation infrastructure

Type Report  
**Access** [E-document](#)

Author(s) Commission for a Sustainable London 2012  
**Title** **Game changing?: annual review 2010**  
Source Commission for a Sustainable London 2012, annual review 2010



Date	April 2011
Page(s)	66 p.
Summary	<i>The fourth Annual Review of the Commission for a Sustainable London 2012 looks at the governance arrangements of each of the delivery bodies for the London 2012 Games and reports progress in delivering a sustainable Games and legacy. The review gives its key findings and makes various recommendations.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, social and political</b> – employment, health care services
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management <b>Economic</b> – employment, business opportunities, event management <b>Urban</b> – venues, transportation infrastructure
Type	Report
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	Commission for a Sustainable London 2012
<b>Title</b>	<b>London 2012: from vision to reality: post-Games report</b>
Source	Commission for a Sustainable London 2012
Date	November 2012
Page(s)	80 p.
Summary	<i>This report examines whether the promised levels of sustainability were actually delivered on the day.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, social and political</b> – employment, health care services
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management <b>Economic</b> – employment, business opportunities, event management <b>Urban</b> – venues, transportation infrastructure
Type	Report
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	Commission for a Sustainable London 2012
<b>Title</b>	<b>Making a difference: post-Games</b>
Source	Commission for a Sustainable London 2012
Date	March 2013
Page(s)	114p.
Summary	<i>This is the final report of the Commission for a Sustainable London 2012 (CSL). This post-Games report concluded that London 2012 has been the most sustainable Games ever but we have always looked for more. This final report attempts to gather evidence to understand if this has been achieved or if enough has been done to date to ensure it will be achieved in the future. On balance it seems there is sufficient evidence to conclude that sustainable practices inspired by London 2012 should outweigh the inevitable negative impacts of the Games over time.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, social and political</b> – employment, health care services
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management <b>Economic</b> – employment, business opportunities, event management <b>Urban</b> – venues, transportation infrastructure

**Sporting** – event management

Type Report  
**Access** [E-document](#)

Author(s) Commission for a Sustainable London 2012  
**Title** **On track for a sustainable legacy?: review of governance arrangements for the London 2012 Olympic Games and Paralympic Games programme**

Source Commission for a Sustainable London 2012, annual review 2007  
Date November 2007  
Page(s) 60 p.

Summary *This is the first annual governance review of the Commission for a Sustainable London 2012 (CSL). It looks at the governance arrangements of the delivery bodies for the London 2012 Games and how they are placed to deliver the “most sustainable Games to date”. The review makes 20 main recommendations and 62 supporting recommendations.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, social and political** – employment, health care services  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – employment, business opportunities, event management

Type Report  
**Access** [E-document](#)

Author(s) Commission for a Sustainable London 2012  
**Title** **Raising the bar: can London 2012 set new standards for sustainability?: annual review 2009**

Source Commission for a Sustainable London 2012, annual review 2009  
Date May 2010  
Page(s) 100 p.

Summary *The third annual review of the Commission for a Sustainable London 2012 looks at the governance arrangements of each of the delivery bodies for the London 2012 Games and reports progress in delivering a sustainable Games and legacy.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, social and political** – employment, health care services  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – employment, business opportunities, event management  
**Urban** – venues, transportation infrastructure

Type Report  
**Access** [E-document](#)

Author(s) Commission for a Sustainable London 2012  
**Title** **Swimming upstream Sustainable in challenging times?: annual review 2008**

Source Commission for a Sustainable London 2012, annual review 2008  
Date April 2009  
Page(s) 101 p.

Summary *The purpose of this review is to advise the Olympic Board of the progress, plans and resources necessary to deliver the sustainability objectives of the London 2012*



*Games and legacy; to provide commentary on the overarching governance arrangements and sustainability strategy, plans and objectives based on review findings; to recommend actions to recover or improve the programme to deliver the sustainability objectives.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, social and political** – employment, health care services  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – employment, business opportunities, event management  
**Urban** – venues, transportation infrastructure

Type Report  
Access [E-document](#)

Author(s) HN Corteen  
Title **Olympic legacy: special issue**  
Source Urban design, Autumn 2010  
Date 2011  
Page(s) 49p.

Summary *This issue offers some critical viewpoints as to how London 2012 is preparing and moving towards delivering a legacy and the leverage this gives to regeneration. It looks at some worldwide case studies (Berlin 1936, Beijing 2008, Vancouver 2010), as well as an unsuccessful bid (Cape Town 2004) to see what lessons, if any, cities can learn. It also looks at two key elements of the modern day events: communities and parks, and touch on a recent conference that explored how to measure the legacy.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning, Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Urban**  
**Theme(s)**

Type Journal  
Access [E-document](#)

Author(s) Gary Cox  
Title **Sustaining a legacy: from Sydney 2000's environmental guidelines to the Commission for a Sustainable London 2012**  
Source *In*: Australian Planner, Special Issue: Planning for Olympic Games, Volume 49, Issue 3, 2012  
Date 2012  
Page(s) pp. 203-2014

Summary *The Sydney Olympics provided a benchmark for sustainable design and construction in Australia and also a template for future Games. London's successful bid for the 2012 Games took these principles further with a focus on legacy as its core mission. This paper explores the evolution of environmental and sustainability concerns in the Olympic movement and how these have altered the staging of the Games and the associated physical developments. It examines whether the lessons from the Sydney and London Olympics can be more widely applied in urban renewal and regeneration schemes in both Australia and the UK.*

See [Sustaining a legacy](#)

Author(s) Syann Cox



**Title** **Olympic and Paralympic Games: legacy survey**  
**Source** Sport and recreation alliance  
**Date** January 2013  
**Page(s)** 16p.

**Summary** *The Sport and Recreation Alliance is the umbrella organisation for the governing and representative bodies of sport and recreation in the UK and represents more than 320 members. Following the London 2012 Games, the Sport and Recreation Alliance wanted to know whether the UK is on its way to becoming a world-class sporting nation. In October 2012 the Alliance carried out a survey of volunteers and employees of sports clubs right across the country. A total of 475 responses across more than 37 sports were received and then weighted to be representative of the 150,000 sports clubs in the UK.*

**Phase(s)** Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, social and political** – education, youth, volunteerism, sports programmes / development  
**Theme(s)** **Sporting** – event management, sports programmes / development

**Type** Report  
**Access** [E-document](#)

**Author(s)** Martin Crookston  
**Title** **Making the Games Work: a sustainable employment legacy**  
**Source** *In:* Anthony Vigor, Melissa Mean & Charlie Tims (eds.), *After the Gold Rush: a sustainable Olympics for London*, London: Institute for Public Policy Research, pp. 53-68, 153 & 160  
**Date** 2004  
**Page(s)** 18p.

**Summary** *This book chapter is mainly focused on a general examination of how the potential for an employment legacy should be realised within the London 2012 bid proposal.*

**Phase(s)** Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – employment, education, volunteerism, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, housing, event management, global image of the city  
**Urban** – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** – event management

**Type** Book chapter  
**Access** [E-document](#)  
IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24427 / 033.2

**Author(s)** Department for Culture, Media and Sport  
**Title** **Beyond 2012: the London legacy story**  
**Source** Department for Culture, Media and Sport  
**Date** 2012  
**Page(s)** 80p.

**Summary** *In 2005, the UK's bid team made the pledge to create an extraordinary legacy for the UK and the world. Over the last seven years, the Government, Games organizers, public authorities and other partners have worked to make good on that promise. This publication presents the story of the London Olympic legacy which lies in the future. It's divided in four sections: sport, growth, people and city.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature phase, Pre-Games





<b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Sport Social Urban Economic</b>
Type <b>Access</b>	Book <a href="#">E-document</a>
Author(s) <b>Title</b> Source Date Page(s)	Department for Culture, Media and Sport <b>London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games: quarterly report</b> Department for Culture, Media and Sport May 2009 25p.
Summary	<i>In addition to presenting updated budget information, each edition of the Department's quarterly report focuses on presenting a number of statistics and concrete examples of initiatives, programmes, and actions that have been taken in legacy and impact specific areas of planning for the 2012 Olympic Games.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> - employment, education <b>Environmental</b> – waste management <b>Economic</b> – employment, business opportunities <b>Urban</b> – transport <b>Sporting</b> - venues
Type	<a href="#">E-document</a>
Author(s) <b>Title</b> Source Date Page(s)	Department for Culture, Media and Sport <b>London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games: quarterly report</b> Department for Culture, Media and Sport July 2009 25p.
Summary	<i>In addition to presenting updated budget information, each edition of the Department's quarterly report focuses on presenting a number of statistics and concrete examples of initiatives, programmes, and actions that have been taken in legacy and impact specific areas of planning for the 2012 Olympic Games.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> - employment, education <b>Environmental</b> – waste management <b>Economic</b> – employment, business opportunities <b>Urban</b> – transport <b>Sporting</b> - venues
Type	<a href="#">E-document</a>
Author(s) <b>Title</b> Source Date Page(s)	Department for Culture, Media and Sport <b>London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games: quarterly report</b> Department for Culture, Media and Sport November 2009 25p.
Summary	<i>In addition to presenting updated budget information, each edition of the Department's quarterly report focuses on presenting a number of statistics and</i>





*concrete examples of initiatives, programmes, and actions that have been taken in legacy and impact specific areas of planning for the 2012 Olympic Games.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** - employment, education  
**Environmental** – waste management  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – employment, business opportunities  
**Urban** – transport  
**Sporting** - venues

Type Report  
Access [E-document](#)

Author(s) Department for Culture, Media and Sport  
**Title** **London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games: quarterly report**  
Source Department for Culture, Media and Sport  
Date May 2010  
Page(s) 30p.

Summary *In addition to presenting updated budget information, each edition of the Department's quarterly report focuses on presenting a number of statistics and concrete examples of initiatives, programmes, and actions that have been taken in legacy and impact specific areas of planning for the 2012 Olympic Games.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** - employment, education, housing  
**Economic** – employment, business opportunities  
**Theme(s)** **Urban** – transport  
**Sporting** - venues

Type Report  
Access [E-document](#)

Author(s) Department for Culture, Media and Sport  
**Title** **London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games: quarterly report**  
Source Department for Culture, Media and Sport  
Date July 2010  
Page(s) 30p.

Summary *In addition to presenting updated budget information, each edition of the Department's quarterly report focuses on presenting a number of statistics and concrete examples of initiatives, programmes, and actions that have been taken in legacy and impact specific areas of planning for the 2012 Olympic Games.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** - employment, education  
**Economic** – employment, business opportunities  
**Theme(s)** **Urban** – transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** - venues

Type Report  
Access [E-document](#)

Author(s) Department for Culture, Media and Sport  
**Title** **London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games: quarterly report**  
Source Department for Culture, Media and Sport



Date	November 2010
Page(s)	28p.
Summary	<i>In addition to presenting updated budget information, each edition of the Department's quarterly report focuses on presenting a number of statistics and concrete examples of initiatives, programmes, and actions that have been taken in legacy and impact specific areas of planning for the 2012 Olympic Games.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> - employment, education, youth, housing, sports programmes / development
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – green venues, waste management <b>Economic</b> – employment, business opportunities <b>Urban</b> – transportation infrastructure <b>Sporting</b> - venues
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	Department for Culture, Media and Sport
<b>Title</b>	<b>London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games: quarterly report</b>
Source	Department for Culture, Media and Sport
Date	May 2011
Page(s)	30p.
Summary	<i>In addition to presenting updated budget information, each edition of the Department's quarterly report focuses on presenting a number of statistics and concrete examples of initiatives, programmes, and actions that have been taken in legacy and impact specific areas of planning for the 2012 Olympic Games.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> - employment, youth, sports programmes / development
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – environment / environmental development <b>Economic</b> – employment, business opportunities <b>Sporting</b> - venues
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	Department for Culture, Media and Sport
<b>Title</b>	<b>London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games: quarterly report</b>
Source	Department for Culture, Media and Sport
Date	July 2011
Page(s)	29p.
Summary	<i>In addition to presenting updated budget information, each edition of the Department's quarterly report places a large focus on presenting a number of statistics and concrete examples of initiatives, programmes, and actions that have been taken in legacy and impact specific areas of planning for the 2012 Olympic Games.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> - employment, education, youth, volunteerism, sports programmes / development
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – waste management <b>Economic</b> – employment, business opportunities, event management



	<b>Urban</b> – transportation infrastructure <b>Sporting</b> - venues
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>
Author(s)	Department for Culture, Media and Sport
<b>Title</b>	<b>London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games: quarterly report</b>
Source	Department for Culture, Media and Sport
Date	December 2011
Page(s)	15p.
Summary	<i>In addition to presenting updated budget information, each edition of the Department's quarterly report places a large focus on presenting a number of statistics and concrete examples of initiatives, programmes, and actions that have been taken in legacy and impact specific areas of planning for the 2012 Olympic Games.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> - employment, education, youth, volunteerism, sports programmes / development
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – waste management <b>Economic</b> – employment, business opportunities, event management <b>Urban</b> – transportation infrastructure <b>Sporting</b> - venues
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>
Author(s)	Department for Culture, Media and Sport
<b>Title</b>	<b>London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games: quarterly report</b>
Source	Department for Culture, Media and Sport
Date	February 2012
Page(s)	16p.
Summary	<i>In addition to presenting updated budget information, each edition of the Department's quarterly report places a large focus on presenting a number of statistics and concrete examples of initiatives, programmes, and actions that have been taken in legacy and impact specific areas of planning for the 2012 Olympic Games.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> - employment, education, youth, volunteerism, sports programmes / development
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – waste management <b>Economic</b> – employment, business opportunities, event management <b>Urban</b> – transportation infrastructure <b>Sporting</b> - venues
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>
Author(s)	Department for Culture, Media and Sport
<b>Title</b>	<b>London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games: quarterly report</b>
Source	Department for Culture, Media and Sport
Date	June 2012



Page(s)	23p.
Summary	<i>In addition to presenting updated budget information, each edition of the Department's quarterly report places a large focus on presenting a number of statistics and concrete examples of initiatives, programmes, and actions that have been taken in legacy and impact specific areas of planning for the 2012 Olympic Games.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> - employment, education, youth, volunteerism, sports programmes / development
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – waste management <b>Economic</b> – employment, business opportunities, event management <b>Urban</b> – transportation infrastructure <b>Sporting</b> - venues
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	Department for Culture, Media and Sport
<b>Title</b>	<b>London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games: quarterly report</b>
Source	Department for Culture, Media and Sport
Date	October 2012
Page(s)	18p.
Summary	<i>In addition to presenting updated budget information, each edition of the Department's quarterly report places a large focus on presenting a number of statistics and concrete examples of initiatives, programmes, and actions that have been taken in legacy and impact specific areas of planning for the 2012 Olympic Games.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> - employment, education, youth, volunteerism, sports programmes / development
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – waste management <b>Economic</b> – employment, business opportunities, event management <b>Urban</b> – transportation infrastructure <b>Sporting</b> - venues
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	Department for Culture, Media and Sport
<b>Title</b>	<b>Meta-Evaluation of the impacts and legacy of the London 2012 Olympic Games and Paralympic Games</b>
Source	Department for Culture, Media and Sport (DCMS)
Date	2011-13
Page(s)	9 volumes (145p. / 244p. / 230p. / 259p. / 262p. / 257p. / 256p. / 71p. / 119p.)
Summary	<i>The objective of this study is to undertake a comprehensive and systematic meta-evaluation of the impacts and legacy of the 2012 Games. It will assess and document the outputs, outcomes, impacts, benefits and additionality of public sector investment in the 2012 legacy programme, for London and the rest of the UK. It covers direct and indirect effects, tangible and intangible effects, and intended and (positive and negative) unintended effects.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games



<b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – youth, sports programmes / development, cultural awareness <b>Environmental</b> – environment / environmental development <b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, global image of the city / country <b>Urban</b> – venues, transportation infrastructure <b>Sporting</b> – sports programmes / development
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-documents (9 reports)</a>

Author(s)	Department for Culture, Media and Sport
<b>Title</b>	<b>Plans for the legacy from the 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games</b>
Source	Department for Culture, Media and Sport (DCMS)
Date	2010
Page(s)	16p.
Summary	<i>This document sets out the Government's vision and detailed plans for the legacy from the 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – youth, sports programmes / development, cultural awareness <b>Environmental</b> – environment / environmental development <b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, global image of the city / country <b>Urban</b> – venues, transportation infrastructure <b>Sporting</b> – sports programmes / development
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>



Author(s)	Kevin Dixon, Tom Gibbons
<b>Title</b>	<b>The impact of the 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games: diminishing contrasts, increasing varieties</b>
Source	Palgrave Pivot
Date	2014
Page(s)	112 p.
Summary	<i>The London 2012 Olympic Games were celebrated for the outward promotion of equality, tolerance and unity as well as inspiring a legacy to continue these core Olympic and Paralympic values. Addressing key controversies that emerged before, during and after the spectacle of the Games, this book uses the sociological concept of 'diminishing contrasts, increasing varieties' to evaluate the real legacy of London 2012.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games, Games time, Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b>
Type	Book



**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 27007 / 033.2



**Author(s)** Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC)  
**Title** **Olympic Games Impact Study: London 2012: Games-time report**

**Source** University of East London  
**Date** 2013  
**Page(s)** 133 p.

**Summary** *This Games-time Report has been commissioned directly by The London Organising Committee of the Olympic Games and Paralympic Games Limited (LOCOG) as an update of the Pre-Games Report (2010).*

**Phase(s)** Games time  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, social and political**  
**Theme(s)** **Economic**  
**Environmental**

**Type** Report  
**Access** [E-document](#)

**Author(s)** Experian Business Strategies  
**Title** **Employment and Skills for the 2012 Games: Research and evidence: Final report**

**Source** Learning and Skills Council & London Development Agency  
**Date** May 2006  
**Page(s)** 58p.

**Summary** *Commissioned by the Learning and Skills Council for London and the London Development Agency, this study is mainly, but not exclusively, focused on researching and predicting the employment and skills impacts that hosting the 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games could have on London.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – employment, education, youth, volunteerism, housing, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, event management, global image of the city  
**Urban** – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** – venues, event management

**Type** Report  
**Access** [E-document](#)

**Author(s)** Experian Business Strategies  
**Title** **Employment and Skills for the 2012 Games: Research and evidence: Annex to final report**

**Source** Learning and Skills Council & London Development Agency  
**Date** May 2006  
**Page(s)** 51p.

**Summary** *Although the focus of this annex to the final report commissioned by the Learning*



and Skills Council for London and the London Development Agency is largely focused on examining other venues and past Olympic host cities experiences some consideration is given to how potential lessons for London 2012.

**See** [annex to final report](#)

**Author(s)** Beatriz Garcia  
**Title** **The London 2012 cultural Olympiad: a new model for nation-wide Olympic cultural legacy**

**Source** Lausanne: OSC Postgraduate Grant Selection Committee  
**Date** 2012  
**Page(s)** 16p.

**Summary** *This paper examines the cultural programme for the London 2012 Games, which aspire to present the largest Cultural Olympiad yet. The original bid for culture promised to engage youth and overcome barriers to participation from all social groups. To make this aspiration a reality, the Cultural Programme is being delivered not only by a culture team within the Organising Committee for the Games, but also thirteen creative programmers based in every UK region and nation.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning  
**Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** **Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, education, youth, sports programmes / development, cultural awareness

**Type** Paper  
**Access** [E-document](#)



**Author(s)** Abigail Gilmore  
**Title** **Evaluating legacies: research, evidence and the regional impact of the Cultural Olympiad**

**Source** *In:* Cultural Trends, volume 23, issue 1, 2014, special issue: cultural Olympiad, pp. 29-41  
**Date** 2014  
**Page(s)** 13 p.

**Summary** *The London 2012 bid signalled the ambition to deliver legacy through a nation-wide cultural programme in the build up to and alongside the Games. Through the case study of a regional programme in the North West of England, "We Play", this article considers how evaluation research has been used locally to develop policy stories and legacy narratives which interpret and interact with the changing landscape of arts funding and cultural policy in the UK.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games, Games time, Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** **Cultural, Social and Political** - education, cultural awareness

**Type** Article  
**Access** [Online, with access charge](#) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 26928 / 033.2





Author(s)	Vassil Girginov
<b>Title</b>	<b>Governance of the London 2012 Olympic Games legacy</b>
Source	International Review for the Sociology of Sport 47(5)
Date	October 2012
Page(s)	pp. 543–558
Summary	<i>This article examines the construction of the 2012 London Olympics sport legacy as a governance issue. It presents legacy not as a retrospective but a prospective concept concerned with shaping the future through interactions between the state, market and society.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – sports programmes / development
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Sporting</b> – event management, sports programmes / development
Type	Study
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">IOC onsite access</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>



Author(s)	John R. Gold, Margaret M. Gold
<b>Title</b>	<b>“Bring it under the legacy umbrella”: Olympic host cities and the changing fortunes of the sustainability agenda</b>
Source	<i>In: Sustainability 2013, 5(8), pp. 3526-3542</i>
Date	2013
Page(s)	17 p.
Summary	<i>This paper examines the evolution of the Olympic movement’s sustainability agenda. It first considers how the environment emerged as an issue within the Winter Games through concerns over environmental protection and explores the evolution of the dynamic relationship between sustainability and the concept of “legacy”. The latter part of the paper illustrates these ideas with regard to the London 2012 Summer Olympic and Paralympic Games. It analyses the “One Planet Games” concept.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games planning, Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Urban</b>
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b>
Type	Article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	Great Britain, Parliament, The House of Commons
<b>Title</b>	<b>The budget for the London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games</b>
Source	Report by the Comptroller and Auditor General, HC 612 Session 2006-2007, 20 July 2007
Date	2007
Page(s)	36p.
Summary	<i>This is the second in a series of National Audit Office reports on the preparations for hosting the London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games (the first report was HC 252, session 2006-07). It examines the development of the budget - costs, provisions and funding - for the venues and infrastructure required to host the</i>



*Games and related costs such as security. A number of recommendations are made covering the management of the budget and risk.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games  
**Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** **Economic** – event management

Type Report  
**Access** [E-document](#)

Author(s) Great Britain, Parliament, The House of Commons  
**Title** **The budget for the London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games: Fourteenth Report of Session 2007-08 - Report, Together with Formal Minutes, Oral and Written Evidence (HC)**

Source HC 85 published on 22 April 2008 by authority of the House of Commons  
Date 2008  
Page(s) 40 p.

Summary *This report, ordered by The House of Commons, is about the increasing cost of hosting the Olympic and Paralympic Games. It gives a summary of the differences between the March 2007 budget and the cost estimates at the time of the bid in November 2004. It also considers the public funding of the games, the public sector, the maximizing of the benefits.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games  
**Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** **Economic** – event management

Type Report  
**Access** [E-document](#)

Author(s) Great Britain, Parliament, The House of Commons  
**Title** **Preparations for the London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic games : risk assessment and management**

Source Report by the Comptroller and Auditor General, HC 252 Session 2006-2007, 2 February 2007  
Date 2007  
Page(s) 39 p.

Summary *This is the first in a series of National Audit Office reports on the preparations for hosting the London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games. It is an early look at the progress that has been made to put in place the necessary delivery and financial arrangements since London was chosen as host city on July 2005.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games  
**Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** **Economic** – event management

Type Report  
**Access** [E-document](#) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 22820 / 720(086)

Author(s) HM Government & Mayor of London  
**Title** **Inspired by 2012: the legacy from the London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic**



	<b>Games</b>
Source	A joint UK Government and Mayor of London report, July 2013
Date	2013
Page(s)	70 p.
Summary	<i>This report aims to provide a summary of activities since the Games, and how they are being taken forward, in the following areas: sport and healthy living, regeneration of East London, economic growth, bringing culture together, and the legacy from the Paralympics.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – health care service, sports programme / development
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economical</b> <b>Urban</b>
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>



Author(s)	HM Government, Mayor of London
<b>Title</b>	<b>Inspired by 2012: the legacy from the London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games: Second annual report</b>
Source	UK Government and Mayor of London report
Date	2014
Page(s)	84 p.
Summary	<i>This report describes the activities which took place in the second year since the Games to build a lasting legacy across a number of commitments, namely sport and healthy living, the regeneration of east London, bringing communities together, the Paralympic legacy and economic growth.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – health care service, sports programme / development
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economical</b> <b>Urban</b>
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	John C. Hopkins
<b>Title</b>	<b>The making of the Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park</b>
Source	Chichester: Wiley, 2012
Date	2012
Page(s)	287p.
Summary	<i>This is the story of “The Making of the Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park” by the Olympic Delivery Authority. The Park provides an innovative blueprint for contemporary urban park design and is recognised as an exemplar sustainable development. The book draws significantly on contributions from the many experts who have shaped and guided the creation of the Park. It provides the only authoritative account of the planning, design and construction of the Park.</i>



**Phase(s)** Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Environmental** – Sustainability / sustainable development; green venues  
**Theme(s)** **Urban** – Venues

Type Report  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre MA 25786 / 072.5



**Author(s)** John Horne, Barrie Houlihan  
**Title** **London 2012**

**Source** *In*: Jonathan Grix, Leveraging legacies from sports mega-events, Palgrave Macmillan, pp. 107-117

**Date** 2014

**Page(s)** 10 p.

**Summary** *This chapter notes the centrality of legacy to London 2012 and identifies six legacy promises made by the British government. Three legacy promises are reviewed in detail, relating to sport participation and volunteering, urban regeneration, and the rebranding of the UK.*

**Phase(s)** Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, social and political** - education, volunteering, sports programmes / development  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** - global image of the city / country  
**Urban**

Type Article  
**Access** [IOC onsite consultation](#), for offsite access, contact: [studies.centre@olympic.org](mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org)

**Author(s)** House of Lords, Select Committee on Science and Technology  
**Title** **Sport and exercise science and medicine: building on the Olympic legacy to improve the nation's health: report**

**Source** London: The Stationery Office Limited.

**Date** 2012

**Page(s)** 44p.

**Summary** *1st Report of Session 2012-13. The context for this inquiry was the London 2012 Summer Olympic Games and the Government's commitments to the following legacies: to support the performance of elite athletes (measured by medals won at the Games); and to encourage the nation to be "healthier, happier and more active".*

**Phase(s)** Games time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** –education, youth, health care service, sports programme / development.

Type Reports  
**Access** [E-document](#)



Author(s) Eva Kassens-Noor  
**Title** **The Prospect of a Legacy for London 2012 and Rio De Janeiro 2016**  
Source *In:* Eva Kassens-Noor, Planning Olympic legacies: transport dreams and urban realities, New-York: Routledge, pp. 84-101  
Date 2012  
Page(s) 16p.  
Summary *This book chapter is focused on the urban legacies - pre-games planning and post-candidacy - of the London 2012 and Rio de Janeiro 2016 Summer Games.*  
**See** [Planning Olympic legacies](#)

Author(s) Keith Khan  
**Title** **Just Another Ceremony? A sustainable cultural legacy**  
Source *In:* Anthony Vigor, Melissa Mean & Charlie Tims (eds.), After the Gold Rush: a sustainable Olympics for London, London: Institute for Public Policy Research, pp. 111-128 & 161-162  
Date 2004  
Page(s) 20p.  
Summary *This book chapter is largely focused on a general examination of the concept of culture and how it could be applied nationally as well as internationally to the planning of events for the 2012 Olympic Games in London.*  
**Phase(s)** Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, education, community pride, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, global image of the city / country  
**Urban** – technology  
Type Book chapter  
**Access** [E-document](#) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24427 / 033.2

Author(s) Tracy Kornblatt  
**Title** **Setting the bar: preparing for London's Olympic legacy**  
Source Centre for Cities, Institute for Public Policy Research  
Date December 2006  
Page(s) 16p.  
Summary *Through an examination of lessons from previous Olympic host cities this discussion paper assesses the "likely" economic impacts, both soft and hard, that the Games might have on East London, Greater London and the UK.*  
**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – employment, education, volunteerism, housing, sports programmes / development, community / national pride  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – environment / environmental development  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, global image of the city  
**Urban** – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** - venues  
Type Discussion paper  
**Access** [E-document](#)



Author(s) Sarah Lee, Martin Dixon ...[et al.]  
**Title** **Learning from London - reflecting for Rio: creating a legacy for coaching and achieving high performance**  
Source Reflective Practice: international and multidisciplinary perspectives, volume 14, issue 5, 2013, pp. 582 - 690  
Date 2013  
Page(s) 109 p.  
Summary *One year after the London 2012 Olympic Games, this special issue proposes ten articles on the legacy of London 2012 and how it can inspire the organisers for Rio 2016.*  
**See** [Learning from London](#) **Learning from London**

Author(s) Roger Levett  
**Title** **Is Green the New Gold? A sustainable Games for London**  
Source *In:* Anthony Vigor, Melissa Mean & Charlie Tims (eds.), After the Gold Rush: a sustainable Olympics for London, London: Institute for Public Policy Research, pp. 71-89  
Date 2004  
Page(s) 19p.  
Summary *This book chapter is mainly focused on an examination of the potential opportunities and challenges that London's hosting of the 2012 Olympic Games would have on the environment.*  
**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – education, housing  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – business opportunities, real estate / housing  
**Urban** – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** - venues  
Type Book chapter  
**Access** [E-document](#) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24427 / 033.2

Author(s) Iain Lindsay  
**Title** **London 2012: securing urban Olympic delivery**  
Source *In:* Sport in society: cultures, commerce, media, politics, 19 March 2013, Ahead of print, pp. 1-16  
Date 2012  
Page(s) 17p.  
Summary *The 2012 Olympics are intended to leave a beneficial legacy that will transform East London's most deprived communities. The implementation of this legacy has necessitated an intensive process of urban regeneration and concomitant securitization. These twin processes have impinged greatly upon the everyday lives of the communities that live and work within proximity of Olympic delivery. This paper considers the resonance of the autocratic securitization that accompanies Olympic hosting.*



<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time
<b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> <b>Urban</b> – demography
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>



Author(s)	LLDC
<b>Title</b>	<b>Your sustainability guide to the Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park 2030</b>
Source	London Legacy Development Corporation
Date	2012
Page(s)	88 p.

Summary *This document explores how the Park, venues and events have been developed to respond to and tackle the significant environmental challenges of our time.*

<b>Phase(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> - sustainability / sustainable development, green venues
<b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Urban</b> – venues <b>Sporting</b>

Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	London East Research Institute
<b>Title</b>	<b>A Lasting Legacy For London?: Assessing the legacy of the Olympic Games and Paralympic Games</b>
Source	Greater London Authority
Date	May 2007
Page(s)	135p.

Summary *Although the focus on London 2012 is secondary to that of a comparison of four previous Summer Games, the report also includes limited assessments on what London can learn from the examples of those previous Games.*

**See** [London East Research Institute](#)

Author(s)	Chris Mackintosh
<b>Title</b>	<b>A qualitative study of the impact of the London 2012 Olympics on families in the East Midlands of England: lessons for sports development policy and practice</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Sport education and society, 10 Feb. 2014, published online, pp. 1-25
Date	2014
Page(s)	25p.

Summary *The dynamics and culture of families are central to individual and community sport and physical activity participation. This research project examined the lived experiences and day-to-day realities of the London 2012 Olympics from the perspectives of five families in the East Midlands region of England. The aims of the project were to assess the influence the Games had on shaping family sports participation, influencing social and health relationships within the families through*





<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact</b> <b>Theme(s)</b>	<i>sports and reactions to the 2012 Olympics.</i> Candidature Phase; Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – education, health care services, sports programmes / development, community pride, cultural awareness
Type <b>Access</b>	Article <a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>
Author(s) <b>Title</b>	Claire Mahon <b>Hosting the 2012 Olympic Games: London's Olympic preparations and housing rights concerns: background paper</b>
Source Date Page(s)	Centre on Housing Rights and Evictions (COHRE) 2007 37p.
Summary	<i>This independent research paper became part of a larger Mega-Events, Olympic Games and Housing Rights project. While the second part of the paper is specific to the early initiatives being undertaken by London, the first offers a comparison of London versus the other candidate cities for 2012. Its content is specific to the topic of housing and the knock-on impacts caused by the proposed and in-process urban renewal initiatives in London.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact</b> <b>Theme(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – employment, education, youth, health care services, housing, cultural awareness <b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, air quality <b>Economic</b> – tourism, business opportunities, real estate / housing <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transportation infrastructure
Type <b>Access</b>	Paper <a href="#">E-document</a>
Author(s) <b>Title</b>	Stuart Matthews <b>Concrete usage in the London 2012 Olympic Park and the Olympic and Paralympic village and its embodied carbon content</b>
Source Date Page(s)	Watford: IHS BRE Press, 2012 2012 31p.
Summary	<i>Concrete is widely used in the Olympic Park and Olympic and Paralympic Village. Its specification and use provided an opportunity to reduce embodied carbon emissions involved in the construction of facilities and infrastructure, and to influence the overall carbon footprint of the London 2012 Games. This report sets out the evidence on concrete supply to the Olympic Park and the Olympic and Paralympic Village and the lessons learned from using sustainable concretes, and examines the estimated carbon footprints. Case studies of the Aquatics Centre and the Olympic and Paralympic Village are included.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact</b> <b>Theme(s)</b>	Pre-Games; Post-Games <b>Environmental</b> – Sustainability / sustainable development; green venues <b>Urban</b> – Venues
Type <b>Access</b>	Report IOC Olympic Studies Centre MA 25753 / 072.5



Author(s) Melissa Mean, Anthony Vigor & Charlie Tims  
**Title** **Conclusion: Minding the gap**  
Source *In:* Anthony Vigor, Melissa Mean & Charlie Tims (eds.), *After the Gold Rush: a sustainable Olympics for London*, London: Institute for Public Policy Research, pp. 131-151, 153 & 162-165  
Date 2004  
Page(s) 26p.

Summary *This concluding book chapter continues the discussion on 'sustainable legacy' that was set out by the same authors in the [Introduction](#) chapter of the book and makes a series of recommendations as to how a legacy could be achieved for the 2012 Olympic Games in London.*

**Phase(s)** Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, employment, education, volunteerism, housing, sports programmes / development, community pride, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management  
**Urban** – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** – venues, event management, sports programmes / development

Type Book chapter  
**Access** [E-document](#) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24427 / 033.2

Author(s) Lynn Minnaert  
**Title** **Making the Olympics work: interpreting diversity and inclusivity in employment and skills development pre-London 2012**  
Source *In:* *Contemporary social science: journal of the Academy of Social Sciences*, Volume 9, Issue 2, 2014, pp. 196-209  
Date 2014  
Page(s) 14p.

Summary *Employment and skills development are often used at the bidding stage to partly justify the cost of the Games. This article examines the development and early implementation of employment and skills strategies in the run-up to London 2012, 'the most inclusive Games ever'. It analyses the efforts made to make the recruitment process for training and jobs more focused on a local, diverse and inclusive labor pool.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – employment, education, volunteerism, sports programmes / development, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)**

Type Article  
**Access** [With access charge](#)

Author(s) Oxford Economics  
**Title** **The value of the London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games to UK Tourism**  
Source VisitBritain & Visit London  
Date September 2007  
Page(s) 22p.



Summary *This commissioned study uses statistical data from previous mega-events to create three different predictions of the impact that hosting the 2012 Olympic Games would have on London and UK tourism in the period between 2007 and 2017.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Economic** – tourism, business opportunities, housing, event management, global image of the city / country  
**Theme(s)** **Urban** – venues, transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting** – venues, event management

Type Report  
Access [E-document](#)

Author(s) Nikolaos Pappas  
**Title** **Hosting mega events: Londoners' support of the 2012 Olympics**  
Source *In: Journal of hospitality and tourism management*, Vol. 21, December 2014, pp. 10-17  
Date 2014  
Page(s) 8p.

Summary *Mega-event successes depend considerably on the host community's support, even if their planning and development allows little input from local residents. This study examines the use of a structural model to access key factors of residents' perceptions for the 2012 London Olympics.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – sports programmes / development, community / national pride, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)** **Sporting** – event management, sports programmes / development

Type Article  
Access [With access charge](#)

Author(s) Gavin Poynter  
**Title** **From Beijing to Bow Bells: measuring the Olympic effects**  
Source London East Research Institute, University of East London  
Date March 2006  
Page(s) 37p.

Summary *Part of a series of "Working Papers in Urban Studies", this paper is focused on examining the 'Olympic effect', weaving together past Games examples and plans for 2012 to identify some of the factors that will determine the economic and social impact of the Games of the XXX Olympiad on London and the Thames Gateway area.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – employment, youth, housing, sports programmes / development  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate, event management, global image of the city  
**Urban** – demography, venues, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** – venues

Type Paper



- |                          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| Author(s)                | PricewaterhouseCoopers  |
| <b>Title</b>             | <b>Olympic Games impact study: final report</b>   |
| Source                   | PricewaterhouseCoopers commissioned by the DCMS   |
| Date                     | 2005  |
| Page(s)                  | 25p.  |
| Summary                  | <i>PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP was commissioned by the DCMS to undertake a multi-criteria analysis as part of an Olympic Games Impact Study (OGIS) to assess the likely national, regional and local impacts of hosting the Olympics in London. This report defines the scope of the potential impacts which have been considered as part of the OGIS and summarises the key results which have emerged from the studies undertaken to support the OGIS.</i> |
| <b>Phase(s)</b>          | Pre-Games   |
| <b>Legacy and Impact</b> | <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – employment, education, sports programmes / development, cultural awareness  |
| <b>Theme(s)</b>          | <b>Economic</b> – tourism, business opportunities, housing<br><b>Environmental</b> – sustainability, air quality, waste management<br><b>Urban</b> – demography, transport  |
| Type                     | Study   |
| <b>Access</b>            | <a href="#">E-document</a>  |
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|--------------------------|--|
| Author(s)                | Mike Raco  |
| <b>Title</b>             | <b>Whose Gold Rush? The social legacy of a London Olympics</b>   |
| Source                   | <i>In:</i> Anthony Vigor, Melissa Mean & Charlie Tims (eds.), After the Gold Rush: a sustainable Olympics for London, London: Institute for Public Policy Research, pp. 33-49, 153 & 157-159   |
| Date                     | 2004   |
| Page(s)                  | 21p.   |
| Summary                  | <i>This book chapter is focused on a general examination of the potential social and economic impacts of the 2012 Olympic Games, specifically in relationship to the residential and business communities of East London.</i>  |
| <b>Phase(s)</b>          | Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning  |
| <b>Legacy and Impact</b> | <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – education, health care services, housing, sports programmes / development, community pride, cultural awareness   |
| <b>Theme(s)</b>          | <b>Environmental</b> – environment / environmental development<br><b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, event management, global image of the city<br><b>Urban</b> – venues, transportation infrastructure, technology<br><b>Sporting</b> - venues |
| Type                     | Book chapter   |
| <b>Access</b>            | <a href="#">E-document</a> or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24427 / 033.2   |
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|--------------|--|
| Author(s)    | Brent W. Ritchie, Richard Shipway & P. Monica Chien  |
| <b>Title</b> | <b>The role of the media in influencing residents' support for the 2012 Olympic Games</b>  |
| Source       | International Journal of Event and Festival Management, 2010, 1 (3), pp. 202-219   |
| Date         | 2010   |
| Page(s)      | 18p.   |
| Summary      | <i>The purpose of this paper is to examine the influence of the media on residents' support of the London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games within the two</i> |



*respective communities of Weymouth and Portland in England and in doing so better understand what influences residents' support for mega events.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning  
**Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** **Cultural, Social and Political** – sports programmes / development, community / national pride, cultural awareness  
**Type** Article  
**Access** [With access charge](#)

**Author(s)** Brent W. Ritchie, Richard Shipway & Bethany Cleeve  
**Title** **Resident perceptions of mega-sporting events: a non-host city perspective of the 2012 London Olympic Games**  
**Source** *In:* Journal of Sport & Tourism, Special Issue: Sustainability in Sport & Tourism, Volume 14, Issue 2-3, 2009, 143-167p.

**Date**  
**Page(s)** 25p.

**Summary** *The aim of this paper is to develop a deeper understanding of the social dimension of Olympic tourism development, by exploring resident perceptions of the London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games within the two respective communities of Weymouth and Portland in England. It highlights that generally residents were supportive of hosting the event in the local area but were concerned over perceived traffic congestion, parking issues and potential increases in the cost of living.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games  
**Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** **Cultural, Social and Political** – community / national pride  
**Economic** – tourism, global image of the City /country  
**Urban** – demography

**Type** Article  
**Access** [IOC onsite consultation](#), for offsite access, contact: [studies.centre@olympic.org](mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org)

**Author(s)** Samuel Shalini & Wendy Stubbs  
**Title** **Green Olympics, green legacies? an exploration of the environmental legacies of the Olympic Games**  
**Source** *In:* International review for the sociology of sport, Vol. 48(4), Aug. 2013, pp. 485-504  
**Date** 2014  
**Page(s)** 14p.

**Summary** *This paper explores the legacies from the greening of the OG through an analysis of Beijing 2008, Singapore 2010, and London 2012, drawing on interviews with key stakeholders. While each OG is different, the key determinants for green legacies include: the breadth and depth of environmental commitments during the bid process; embedding sustainability in the vision, mission and branding of organizing committees; embedding sustainability in various aspects of OG organization, which is an important practical application of a sustainability vision; and the transfer of knowledge from one OG to the next, allowing newer host cities to enhance green legacies.*

**See** [Green Olympics, green legacies](#)

**Author(s)** Hiromasa Shirai  
**Title** **From global field to local neighbourhood: sustainable transformation of the Olympic Park for the City**



Source	London: The London School of Economics and Political Science
Date	2009
Page(s)	115p.
Summary	<i>This IOC postgraduate research grant holder report explores the way in which Olympic Parks are being transformed in the period between the bidding and post-Games period. It uses the examples of the Sydney 2000 and London 2012 Olympic parks to also examine the challenges of integrating such a complex post-Olympic Park into the city context.</i>
See	<a href="#">Hiromasa Shirai</a>

Author(s)	Nancy Stevenson
<b>Title</b>	<b>London 2012: developing a cultural legacy for local communities in Hackney</b>
Source	London: University of Westminster
Date	2009
Page(s)	44p.
Summary	<i>This IOC postgraduate research grant holder study sets out to identify and investigate the factors that influence cultural legacy by considering the development and delivery of the Cultural Olympiad in connection with the 2012 Games. The study focuses on the experiences and perceptions of people who were involved in the development and delivery of three cultural events and two cultural projects in Hackney Wick, a ward which lies adjacent to and partly within the Olympic Park.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact</b> <b>Theme(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning <b>Cultural, social and political</b> – arts programmes, education, sports programmes / development, cultural awareness
Type	Study
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a> or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre MA 23884 / 730(086)

Author(s)	The London Organising Committee of the Olympic Games and Paralympic Games Ltd
<b>Title</b>	<b>Delivering transport for the London 2012 Games</b>
Source	London : LOCOG, 2012
Date	2012
Page(s)	156p.
Summary	<i>The scope of transport operations for the London 2012 Games was the most demanding the nation's transport network has ever had to meet and the response of the UK transport industry was outstanding. Together it successfully delivered the best public transport Games ever. This legacy report 'Delivering transport for the London 2012 Games' has been produced by the ODA with the help and support of the main transport Delivery Partners.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact</b> <b>Theme(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games <b>Urban</b> – transport, transport infrastructure
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	The London Organising Committee of the Olympic Games and Paralympic Games
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<b>Title</b>	Ltd <b>Sustainability report: London 2012</b>
Source	London: LOCOG
Date	2011-2012
Page(s)	3 vol.
Summary	<i>The three London 2012 Sustainability Reports are designed to chart the delivery against the London 2012 Sustainability Plan (2009). The 1<sup>st</sup> report covers the 2010 calendar year, and its focus is on construction and planning for the Games. The 2<sup>nd</sup> report provides a comprehensive pre-Games view of the programme. The focus of the 3<sup>rd</sup> report is on what the LOCOG achieved in the delivery of the Games and the culmination of the sustainability programme.</i>
<b>Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Pre-Games planning; Post-Games <b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management
Type	Reports
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-documents</a>
Author(s)	Rodanth Tzanelli
<b>Title</b>	<b>Olympic ceremonialism and the performance of national character</b>
Source	Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan
Date	2013
Page(s)	179p.
Summary	<i>In recent decades ceremonies stood in Olympiads as both vehicles of cultural values and shows embracing the banal and the everyday. But how much do we understand them as forms of public art? This book examines the London 2012 opening and closing ceremonies and the handover event to Rio for the 2016 Olympics as articulations of national and cosmopolitan belonging.</i>
<b>Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – education, community / national pride, cultural awareness
Type	E-book
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>
Author(s)	University of East London; Thames Gateway Institute for Sustainability
<b>Title</b>	<b>Olympic Games Impact Study: London 2012 Pre-Games Report - Final</b>
Source	A report compiled for the Economic & Social Research Council on behalf of The London Organising Committee of the Olympic Games and Paralympic Games Ltd., by the University of East London and the Thames Gateway Institute for Sustainability.
Date	October 2010
Page(s)	133 p.
Summary	<i>The Olympic Games Impact Study (OGI) was born from the International Olympic Committee's (IOC) desire to develop an objective and scientific analysis of the impact of each edition of the Games. This Pre-Games Report of the OGI presents and analyses data on 56 indicators across the environmental, socio-cultural and economic spheres. For all indicators the report strives to construct a time series from 2003 to the present.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games





**Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** **Cultural, Social and Political** – Employment, education, youth, volunteerism, health care services, housing, sports programmes / development, cultural awareness  
**Economic** – Tourism, employment, Business Opportunities, Real Estate / Housing, Event Management, Global Image of the City / Country  
**Environmental** – Sustainability / Sustainable Development, Environment / Environmental Development, Green Venues, Air quality, Waste management

Type Report  
 Access [E-document](#)



Author(s) Valerie Viehoff, Holger Kretschmer  
**Title** **Olympic Games Munich 1972 and London 2012: creating urban legacies - similar concepts in different times?: final report**  
 Source IOC Olympic Studies Centre Postgraduate Research Grant Programme 2013.  
 Date 2014  
 Page(s) 40 p.  
 Summary *This comparative study shifts the focus away from the standard examples of Olympic urban legacy towards Munich 1972 and London 2012. Munich Olympic Park and Olympic village(s) still being in use 40 years after their creation, demonstrates a form of positive long-term legacy.*  
 See [Olympic Games Munich 1972 and London 2012](#)

Author(s) Anthony Vigor, Melissa Mean & Charlie Tims  
**Title** **Introduction**  
 Source *In:* Anthony Vigor, Melissa Mean & Charlie Tims (eds.), After the Gold Rush: a sustainable Olympics for London, London: Institute for Public Policy Research, pp. 3-30, 152 & 154-157  
 Date 2004  
 Page(s) 33p.  
 Summary *This introductory book chapter sets out to define what is meant by the terminology “sustainable legacy” and how this might be applied to the 2012 Olympic Games in London based on past Games examples.*  
**Phase(s)** Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** **Cultural, Social and Political** – education, youth, volunteerism, housing, community / national pride  
**Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city /country  
**Urban** – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting** – venues  
 Type Book chapter  
 Access [E-document](#) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24427 / 033.2

Author(s) Wales, House of Commons Welsh Affairs Committee  
**Title** **Potential Benefits of the 2012 Olympics and Paralympics for Wales**  
 Source HC 162, Eighth Report of Session 2008–09



Date	May 2009
Page(s)	129 p.
Summary	<i>This report, ordered by The House of Commons, is about the potential benefits of the 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games in Wales. It focuses on the following key areas: the potential for developing sports programs and sporting excellence in Wales, the likely economic impact on business and on tourism in Wales, the potential cultural and educational benefits in Wales.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – education, youth, sports programmes / development, cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, global image of the city / country <b>Sporting</b> – event management, sports programmes / development
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	Penghan Wu
<b>Title</b>	<b>Mile and circus: exploring a new centrality for east enders towards social integration in the Post-Olympic age</b>
Source	Delft University of Technology, Faculty of Architecture
Date	2010
Page(s)	118p.
Summary	<i>The Project is started with the doubt whether the Olympic Games will bring benefits not only to the city but also to the locals. In order to promote the urban development towards social integration to achieve the mayor's vision of London that a global city with economic growth, social inclusivity and improved environment in the five deprived borough of London, the project is trying to create a new centrality in order to attract global people from outside to interact with the local people based on the existing situation and the opportunity of Olympic Master Plan, meanwhile, improve the living conditions of the local communities.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b>
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> <b>Economical</b> <b>Urban</b>
Type	Thesis
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

### Other candidate cities 2012 / Autres villes candidates 2012



Author(s)	Ulf Strohmayer
<b>Title</b>	<b>Non-events and their legacies: Parisian heritage and the Olympics that never were</b>
Source	<i>In: International Journal of Heritage Studies, volume 19, issue 2, 2013, special issue: examining the Olympics: heritage, identity and performance, pp. 186-202</i>
Date	2013



Page(s)	17 p.
Summary	<i>This paper examines three failed bids by the city of Paris to host the summer Olympic Games of 1992, 2008 and 2012 in an attempt better to understand the role of heritage designations in the context of urban change. Introducing the various sites earmarked for the Games, the paper explores the relationship between planning as a political tool and its impact on the built environment within the context of a complex web of local, national and international demands, needs and aspirations.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact</b> <b>Theme(s)</b>	Candidature phase <b>Urban</b>
Type	Article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">Online with access charge</a> or in print at IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 26846 / 033.2

## 1.4. Beijing 2008

<b>Title</b>	<b>Beijing 2008 Olympic Games: an environmental review</b>
Source	United Nations Environment Programme
Date	2007
Page(s)	163p.
Summary	<i>This report is focused on examining how the environmental sustainability commitments in Beijing's candidature file were incorporated into the preparations for the Games of the XXIX Olympiad.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact</b> <b>Theme(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – arts programmes, education, youth, housing, sports programmes / development, cultural awareness <b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management <b>Economic</b> – tourism, business opportunities, event management, global image of the city / country <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology <b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management, sports programmes / development
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

<b>Title</b>	<b>Independent Environmental Assessment: Beijing 2008 Olympic Games</b>
Source	United Nations Environment Programme
Date	2009
Page(s)	137p.
Summary	<i>This Post-Games report uses new data to build on a previous <a href="#">environmental review</a> published by the UN in 2007.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact</b> <b>Theme(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – arts programmes, education, youth, volunteerism, cultural awareness <b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management



**Economic** – tourism, business opportunities  
**Urban** – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting** – venues

Type Report  
Access [E-document](#) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 23366 / 091

Author(s) Beijing Organizing Committee for the Games of the XXIX Olympiad  
Title **International volunteers in China**  
Source London: ACA Publ., 2012  
Date 2012  
Page(s) 201p.

Summary *During the 2008 Beijing Olympic Games, about 300 international volunteers and teachers came to China and made their unselfish contribution to the success of the Olympic Games and the Paralympics along with thousands upon thousands of Chinese volunteers. These international volunteers were also impressed by Beijing, China and the Chinese people. The book collects over 20 stories recorded by these volunteers.*

Phase(s) Pre-Games Planning; Games Time  
Legacy and Impact **Cultural, Social and Political** – volunteerism  
Theme(s)

Type Report  
Access IOC Olympic Studies Centre MA 25974 / 729(086)

Author(s) Jean-Loup Chappelet  
Title **Managing the size of the Olympic Games**  
Source *In*: Sport in society: cultures, commerce, media, politics, Nov. 2013, pp. 1-12  
Date 2013  
Page(s) 13p.

Summary *This study shows how various participation and organization indicators have expanded over six Olympiads, from Barcelona 1992 to London 2012, and examines the reasons for this growth. It suggests ways of reducing the size of the Summer Olympic Games in order to make them more manageable and to encourage candidatures from smaller cities and countries.*

See [Managing the size of the Olympic Games](#)

Author(s) Ian G. Cook & Steven Miles  
Title **Beijing 2008**  
Source *In*: John R. Gold & Margaret M. Gold (eds.), Olympic Cities: City agendas, planning and the world's Games, 1896-2016, London: Routledge, pp. 340-358  
Date 2011  
Page(s) 19p.

Summary *This book chapter presents an examination of a variety of impacts and legacies linked to the 2008 Games of the Olympiad in Beijing.*

Phase(s) Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
Legacy and Impact **Cultural, Social and Political** – youth, volunteerism, housing, cultural awareness  
Theme(s) **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management



	<b>Economic</b> – business opportunities, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transportation infrastructure <b>Sporting</b> – venues
Type	Book chapter
Access	IOC Library: MA 24324 / 071
Author(s)	HN Corteen
Title	<b>Olympic legacy: special issue</b>
Source	Urban design, Autumn 2010
Date	2011
Page(s)	49p.
Summary	<i>This issue offers some critical viewpoints as to how London 2012 is preparing and moving towards delivering a legacy and the leverage this gives to regeneration. It looks at some worldwide case studies (Berlin 1936, Beijing 2008, Vancouver 2010), as well as an unsuccessful bid (Cape Town 2004) to see what lessons, if any, cities can learn. It also looks at two key elements of the modern day events: communities and parks, and touch on a recent conference that explored how to measure the legacy.</i>
See	<a href="#">Olympic legacy: special issue</a>
Author(s)	CB Richard Ellis (CBRE)
Title	<b>Impact of Olympics Related Development on the Beijing Real Estate Market: After the feast moves on</b>
Source	CBRE Research – Asia, issue 3
Date	2007
Page(s)	12p.
Summary	<i>This article is specific to the topic of economic aspect of Games induced housing development and urban development in Beijing.</i>
Phase(s)	Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games; Post Games
Legacy and Impact	Cultural, Social and Political – sports programmes / development
Theme(s)	Environmental – sustainability /sustainable development, environment / environmental development Economic – employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, tourism, global image of the city Urban – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology Sporting – venues
Type	Article
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a>
Author(s)	Ken Fitch, Lu Yong, Chen Tian, Ming Dengli & Song Qiang
Title	<b>Air Quality and Control</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Jin Dapeng, Arne Ljungqvist & Hans Troedsson (eds.), The Health Legacy of the 2008 Beijing Olympic Games: successes and recommendations, Geneva: World Health Organization, pp. 106-115
Date	2010
Page(s)	10p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter uses the 2008 Olympic Games in Beijing as a case study to explore the impact of air quality on athletes' health.</i>



<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – education, volunteerism, health care services
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – air quality <b>Urban</b> – transportation infrastructure
Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24270 / 729 (086)

Author(s)	Deanna Fowler
<b>Title</b>	<b>One World, Whose Dream: Housing rights violations and the Beijing Olympic Games</b>
Source	Centre on Housing Rights and Evictions (COHRE)
Date	2008
Page(s)	35p.
Summary	<i>This report is specific to the topic of housing and the knock-on impacts caused by redevelopment and modernizations of certain residential and business areas in Beijing.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – employment, health care services, housing, cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> – employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing <b>Urban</b> – demography
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	Joh N. Garrison (ed.)
<b>Title</b>	<b>Impact of 2008 Olympic Games on Human Rights and Law in China</b>
Source	Nova Science Publishers Inc.
Date	2009
Page(s)	127p.
Summary	<i>This book presents an edited excerpt of the February 2008 Hearing before the U.S. Congressional Executive Commission on China. It is primarily focused on an examination of whether the promises made in the 2008 bid documents were being met in relationship to human rights, environmental protection and law development in China.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase, Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – employment, education, health care services, housing, cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – environment / environmental development, air quality, waste management <b>Economic</b> – employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, global image of the country <b>Urban</b> – demography, transport, technology
Type	Book
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 23799 / 033.2

Author(s)	Bob Heere, Xiaoyan Xing
<b>Title</b>	<b>BOCOG's road to success: predictors of commitment to organizational success among Beijing Olympic employees</b>
Source	<i>In: European sport management quarterly</i> , Vol. 12(2), 2012, pp. 161-181





Date	2012
Page(s)	21p.
Summary	<i>The purpose of this study is to examine the psychological constructs that predict the commitment of the employee to the success of an organizing committee. Using the Beijing Organizing Committee for the Olympic Games (BOCOG) as the research setting, we examined the effects of BOCOG employees' national identity, organizational identity, perceived job benefits, and job satisfaction on their own performance during the Games.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – employment, volunteerism, community / national pride
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> – employment, business opportunities, event management
Type	Article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>

Author(s)	Peter Horton, John Saunders
<b>Title</b>	<b>The East Asian Olympic Games: what of sustainable legacies?</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> International Journal of the History of Sport, April 2012, vol. 29, issue 6, pp. 887-911
Date	2012
Page(s)	25p.
Summary	<i>This article analyses the three Olympic Summer Games held in Asia - Tokyo (1964), Seoul (1988) and Beijing (2008) - by looking at the economic, cultural, sporting and environmental legacies each has left.</i>
<b>See</b>	<a href="#">The East Asian Olympic Games</a>

Author(s)	Dong Jinxia and J. A. Mangan
<b>Title</b>	<b>Beijing Olympics Legacies: certain intentions and certain and uncertain Outcomes</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> The International Journal of the History of Sport, Special Issue: Olympic Legacies: intended and unintended: political, cultural, economic, educational, Volume 25, Issue 14, 2008
Date	2008
Page(s)	pp. 2019-2040
Summary	<i>This article seeks to chart the potential social, economic and political impact on Beijing and China and, indeed, the world, of hosting the world's largest sports event, and to reflect upon some of the intangible and tangible legacies that Beijing 2008 could bequeath to the host city, the host nation and the international community.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – community / national pride, cultural
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> – global image of the city / country
Type	Article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>

Author(s)	Kun Lai
<b>Title</b>	<b>Destination images penetrated by mega-events: a behaviorist study of the 2008 Beijing Olympics</b>





Source Date	<b>In:</b> Asia pacific journal of tourism research, 4 April 2014, published online 2014
Summary	<i>This study aims to provide an in-depth investigation of the penetration effect of mega-events on the hosts' destination images. The authors of the study interviewed 66 tourists visiting Beijing city – the host of the 2008 Summer Olympics – before, during and after the event.</i>
Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political Economic</b> – tourism, global image of the city
Type Access	Article <a href="#">With access charge</a>



Author(s)	Dongfeng Liu, David Broom, Robert Wilson
Title	<b>Legacy of the Beijing Olympic Games: a non-host city perspective</b>
Source Date	<b>In:</b> European sport management quarterly, 18 August 2014, Ahead of print, pp. 1-18 2014
Page(s)	19 p.
Summary	<i>This paper examines the legacy of the Beijing Olympics perceived by non-host city residents almost five years after the Games and how that perception would affect attitude towards the hosting of the Games.</i>
Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)	Post-Games <b>Cultural, social and political Urban</b>
Type Access	Report <a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>

Author(s)	Jialing Luo
Title	<b>Olympism and nation-building from a cultural perspective: Beijing Olympics and the traditional hutong neighbourhood</b>
Source Date	Cambridge: University of Cambridge 2010
Page(s)	31p.
Summary	<i>This IOC postgraduate research grant holder research paper discusses the cultural and urban legacy of the Beijing Olympics and the transformation of the city from an imperial landscape characterised to a modern image incorporating features such as avant-garde architecture and skyscrapers and attempts to identify the driving forces behind the changes.</i>
Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – arts programmes, education, community / national pride, cultural awareness <b>Economic</b> – global image of the city / country <b>Urban</b> – venues, transportation infrastructure



Type <b>Access</b>	Paper <a href="#">E-document</a>
Author(s) <b>Title</b>	Xuefei Ren <b>Architecture and nation building in the age of globalization: construction of the national stadium of Beijing for the 2008 Olympics</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, vol. 4, New-York: Routledge, pp. 335-355
Date	2012
Page(s)	21 p.
Summary	<i>This study examines the relationship between architecture and nation building in the age of globalization, with an analysis of the debates and controversies about the National Stadium, the main sports venue for the 2008 Olympics in Beijing.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact</b> <b>Theme(s)</b>	Pre-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – community / national Pride <b>Urban</b> - venues
Type <b>Access</b>	Book chapter <a href="#">E-document</a> or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/4 / 033.2
Author(s) <b>Title</b>	Samuel Shalini & Wendy Stubbs <b>Green Olympics, green legacies? an exploration of the environmental legacies of the Olympic Games</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> International review for the sociology of sport, Vol. 48(4), Aug. 2013, pp. 485-504
Date	2014
Page(s)	14p.
Summary	<i>This paper explores the legacies from the greening of the OG through an analysis of Beijing 2008, Singapore 2010, and London 2012, drawing on interviews with key stakeholders. While each OG is different, the key determinants for green legacies include: the breadth and depth of environmental commitments during the bid process; embedding sustainability in the vision, mission and branding of organizing committees; embedding sustainability in various aspects of OG organization, which is an important practical application of a sustainability vision; and the transfer of knowledge from one OG to the next, allowing newer host cities to enhance green legacies.</i>
<b>See</b>	<a href="#">Green Olympics, green legacies</a>
Author(s) <b>Title</b>	Liang Wannian, Liu Min, Zhao Dong, Fu Hongpeng, Chen Bowen, Brian Oldenburg, Gauden Galea & Zhen Xiaozhen <b>Assessing the Public Health Impact of the Olympic Games</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Jin Dapeng, Arne Ljungqvist & Hans Troedsson (eds.), The Health Legacy of the 2008 Beijing Olympic Games: successes and recommendations, Geneva: World Health Organization, pp. 15-21
Date	2010
Page(s)	7p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter takes a brief but specific look at the Olympic Games related impact on the health of Beijing and Chinese public.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and</b>	Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – health care services, sports programmes /



<b>Impact Theme(s)</b>	development <b>Environmental</b> – air quality, waste management <b>Urban</b> – demography <b>Sporting</b> - venues
Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24270 / 729 (086)

Author(s)	Na Wei
<b>Title</b>	<b>Experience value influence: a research report on the volunteer work legacy transformation of the Beijing 2008 Olympic Games and Paralympic Games</b>
Source	London: ACA Publ., 2012.
Date	2012
Page(s)	300p.
Summary	<i>Based on solid, systematic, in-depth empirical study this book demonstrated the comprehensive summary and assessment of the Beijing Olympic Games and Paralympic Games volunteer work. First, the analysis of the Beijing Olympic Games and Paralympic Games volunteers composition, origin, motivation, role and contribution. Secondly, the Beijing Olympic Games volunteer work organization structure, working mechanism and content of the work described, and by 5000 volunteers will survey a comprehensive assessment of the volunteer work.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> –volunteerism
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre MA 25261 / 729(086)

Author(s)	Deng Xiaohong, Qui Dalong, Chen Jing & Xu Li
<b>Title</b>	<b>Medical Services in the City</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Jin Dapeng, Arne Ljungqvist & Hans Troedsson (eds.), The Health Legacy of the 2008 Beijing Olympic Games: successes and recommendations, Geneva: World Health Organization, pp. 35-41
Date	2010
Page(s)	7p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter takes a brief but specific look at the health services related planning, outcomes and legacies that were realized in Beijing as a result of hosting the 2008 Olympic Games.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – education, volunteerism, health care services
Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24270 / 729 (086)

Author(s)	Xiaowei Yu
<b>Title</b>	<b>Olympic sport venues in Beijing after the Games</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Saarbrücken: Lambert Academic Publishing, 2013
Date	2012
Page(s)	281p.



**Summary** *In terms of the 2008 edition of the Olympic Games, although more than four years have passed, Beijing remains largely un-investigated regarding post-Games utilization of its Olympic venues until this book. This book is an exploratory study to reveal what is exactly undergoing regarding those venues in Beijing by both key figure interview and on-site investigation through the whole venue line in the city.*

**Phase(s)** Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Urban** – demography  
**Theme(s)** **Sporting** – venues

**Type** Report  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre MA 25892 / 033.2

**Author(s)** Li Zhang and Simon Xiabin. Zhao  
**Title** **City branding and the Olympic effect: a case study of Beijing'**  
**Source** *In:* John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, vol. 4, New-York: Routledge, pp. 373-396

**Date** 2012  
**Page(s)** 24 p.

**Summary** *This paper examines the effectiveness of efforts to brand Beijing, the capital city of China.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning  
**Legacy and Impact** **Economic** – event management, global image of the city / country  
**Theme(s)**

**Type** Book chapter  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/4 / 033.2

**Author(s)** Yong Zhou  
**Title** **Governments and Residents' Perceptions Towards the Impacts of a Mega Event: The Beijing 2008 Olympic Games**  
**Source** Hong Kong Polytechnic University School of Hotel and Tourism Management  
**Date** 2006  
**Page(s)** 278p.

**Summary** *This academic thesis is focused on an examination of the Chinese government's motivation for bidding and hosting the 2008 Olympic Games as well as both the government's and local residents' perception of the impact of the Games.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, employment, education, youth, housing, sports programmes / development, community / national pride, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – environment / environmental development, waste management  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the country  
**Urban** – demography, venues, transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting** – venues, event management, sports programmes / development

**Type** Thesis  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 22190 / 033.2

**Other Candidate Cities 2008 / Autres villes candidates 2008**

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|------------------|--|
| <b>Author(s)</b> | Ngiste Abebe   |
| <b>Title</b>     | <b>Bidding for development: how the Olympic Bid process can accelerate transportation development</b>  |
| <b>Source</b>    | Springer   |
| <b>Date</b>      | 2013   |
| <b>Page(s)</b>   | 95p.   |
| <b>Summary</b>   | <i>“Bidding for development” delivers actionable recommendations for all Olympic stakeholders to improve the value of the bid process and transportation benefits beyond the Games. The bid framework is then applied to two case studies, Manchester and Istanbul, to examine each bid loser’s effectiveness in using the bid process to catalyze transportation development.</i> |
| <b>See</b>       | <a href="#">Bidding for development</a>  |
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- |                          |  |
|--------------------------|--|
| <b>Author(s)</b>         | Cora McCloy  |
| <b>Title</b>             | <b>Facilities “Sport For All” and the Toronto 2008 Olympic Bid</b>   |
| <b>Source</b>            | <i>In:</i> Miquel de Moragas, Christopher Kennett & Nuria Puig (eds.), <i>The Legacy of the Olympic Games 1894-2000</i> , Lausanne: International Olympic Committee, pp. 155-164   |
| <b>Date</b>              | 2003   |
| <b>Page(s)</b>           | 10p.   |
| <b>Summary</b>           | <i>This symposium paper first presents an overview of different legacy and impact themes before going on to look specifically at the case of Toronto’s bid for the 2008 Olympic Games and the sport legacy issues related to it, specifically those relating to Sport For All.</i> |
| <b>Phase(s)</b>          | Candidature Phase; Post-Games  |
| <b>Legacy and Impact</b> | <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – sports programmes / development, community / national pride  |
| <b>Theme(s)</b>          | <b>Environmental</b> – environment / environmental development<br><b>Economic</b> – tourism<br><b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management, sports programmes / development   |
| <b>Type</b>              | Symposium paper  |
| <b>Access</b>            | <a href="#">E-document</a> (choose link - full text pp. 1-252) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 19515 / 033.2   |
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|------------------|---|
| <b>Author(s)</b> | Robert D. Oliver  |
| <b>Title</b>     | <b>The legacies of losing: rethinking the “failure” of Toronto's Olympic Games bids</b>   |
| <b>Source</b>    | <i>In:</i> <i>Sport in society: cultures, commerce, media, politics</i> , 2014, Vol. 17, No. 2, 204-217   |
| <b>Date</b>      | 2014  |
| <b>Page(s)</b>   | 14p.  |
| <b>Summary</b>   | <i>Toronto has failed to secure the right to the host the Olympic Games on five different occasions (1960, 1964, 1976, 1996 and 2008). This research shows that there are potential legacies to be gained from participating in the Olympic bidding process, and it is therefore important to consider how bid promises might be fulfilled even in the event of failing effort.</i> |



<b>Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Candidature Phase <b>Urban</b>
Type <b>Access</b>	Article <a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>

Author(s) <b>Title</b>	Robert D. Oliver <b>Toronto's Olympic ambitions: an investigation of the Olympic bidding legacy in one modern city</b>
Source Date Page(s)	Blacksburg: VirginiaTech 2011 38p.
Summary	<i>This IOC postgraduate research focuses on the five different Olympic bids of the city of Toronto (1960, 1964, 1976, 1996, 2008). This research expands the concept of Olympic legacy to include the bidding process and investigates what Toronto's Olympic bid efforts have accomplished.</i>
<b>Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Post-Games <b>Economic</b> – event management, global image of the city / country <b>Urban</b> – venues <b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management, sports programmes / development
Type <b>Access</b>	Study <a href="#">E-document</a>



Author(s) <b>Title</b>	Robert D. Oliver <b>Toronto's Olympic aspirations: a bid for the waterfront</b>
Source Date Page(s)	<i>In:</i> Urban Geography, volume 32, issue 6, 2011, special issue: Urban legacies of the Winter Olympics, pp. 767-787 2011 21 p.
Summary	<i>Toronto's bids for the Olympics have never been successful, but this paper argues that there is much to be gained from investigating a city that has failed to win the right to host the Olympics Games. The bidding process remains crucial to the course of urban redevelopment even in the event of a failed bid.</i>
<b>Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Candidature phase <b>Urban</b> <b>Sporting</b>
Type <b>Access</b>	Article <a href="#">With access charge</a>



## 1.5. Athens 2004 / Athènes 2004

Author(s)	Theodoros Alexandridis
<b>Title</b>	<b>The Housing Impact of the 2004 Olympic Games in Athens: Background paper</b>
Source	Centre on Housing Rights and Evictions (COHRE)
Date	2007
Page(s)	31p.
Summary	<i>This independent research paper became part of a larger Mega-Events, Olympic Games and Housing Rights project. It is specific to the topic of housing and the knock-on impacts caused by urban renewal initiatives in Athens and other Games-linked sites.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – health care services, housing, national pride
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – environment / environmental development
	<b>Economic</b> – business opportunities, real estate / housing
	<b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transportation infrastructure
Type	Paper
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	Elias Beriatos and Aspa Gospodini
<b>Title</b>	<b>“Glocalising” urban landscapes: Athens and the 2004 Olympics</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, vol. 4, New-York: Routledge, pp. 157-186
Date	2012
Page(s)	30p.
Summary	<i>This paper deals with transformations of urban landscape in the era of globalization. As a case study, Athens and the landscape transformations for Olympic Games 2004 are analysed.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Economic</b>
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Urban</b>
Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/4 / 033.2



Author(s)	Nikolaos Boukasa, Vassilios Ziakasa, Georgios Boustras
<b>Title</b>	<b>Olympic legacy and cultural tourism: exploring the facets of Athens’ Olympic heritage</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> International Journal of Heritage Studies, Volume 19, Issue 2, 2013, special issue: examining the Olympics: heritage, identity and performance, pp. 203-228
Date	2013
Page(s)	26p.





Summary	<i>This study examines the effects of the Olympic Games on Athens' cultural tourism and the city's potential to leverage the Olympic legacy in synergy with its rich heritage in order to enhance its tourism product during the post-Games period.</i>
Phase(s)	Post-Games
Legacy and Impact Theme(s)	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> - cultural awareness <b>Economic</b> – tourism <b>Sporting</b> – event management
Type	Article
Access	<a href="#">With access charge</a> or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 26846 / 033.2

Author(s)	Jean-Loup Chappelet
Title	<b>Managing the size of the Olympic Games</b>
Source	<i>In</i> : Sport in society: cultures, commerce, media, politics, Nov. 2013, pp. 1-12
Date	2013
Page(s)	13p.
Summary	<i>This study shows how various participation and organization indicators have expanded over six Olympiads, from Barcelona 1992 to London 2012, and examines the reasons for this growth. It suggests ways of reducing the size of the Summer Olympic Games in order to make them more manageable and to encourage candidatures from smaller cities and countries.</i>
See	<a href="#">Managing the size of the Olympic Games</a>

Author(s)	Spiro G. Doukas
Title	<b>Athenian Public Transportation Users and the 2004 Olympic Games: perceptions of residents in an Olympic city regarding strengths and weaknesses of the 2004 Games, new infrastructure, economics, and national pride</b>
Source	Saarbrücken: VDM Verlag Dr. Müller GmbH & Co.
Date	2011
Page(s)	174p.
Summary	<i>This book is focused on an assessment of the Athenian public's perception of certain impacts of the 2004 Olympic Games on the city.</i>
Phase(s)	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games
Legacy and Impact Theme(s)	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – employment, sports programmes / development, community / national pride, cultural awareness <b>Economic</b> – tourism, business opportunities, real estate / housing <b>Urban</b> – demography, transport, transportation infrastructure
Type	Book chapter
Access	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24837 / 033.2

Author(s)	Margaret M. Gold
Title	<b>Athens 2004</b>
Source	<i>In</i> : John R. Gold & Margaret M. Gold (eds.), Olympic Cities: City agendas, planning and the world's Games, 1896-2016, London: Routledge, pp. 315-339
Date	2011
Page(s)	24p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter presents an examination of the historical legacy and modern impact of Athens' hosting of the Games of the Olympiad, with particular emphasis</i>



*being placed on the city's role as host city for the 2004 edition of the Games.*

<b>Phase(s)</b>	Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – arts programmes, employment, volunteerism, housing, national pride, cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management <b>Economic</b> – tourism, business opportunities, real estate / housing, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology <b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management
Type	Book chapter
Access	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24324 / 071

Author(s)	John Karamichas
Title	<b>Olympic Games as an opportunity for the ecological modernization of the host nation: the case of Sydney 2000 and Athens 2004</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Graeme Hayes, John Karamichas (eds), Olympic Games, mega-events and civil societies: globalization, environment, resistance, Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan, pp. 151-171
Date	2012
Page(s)	21p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter seeks to answer to question in link with the greening of the Olympic Games: to what extent has hosting the Games been translated into medium-and long-term improvement in environmental consciousness and performance in host nations? And second; given the universal prescriptions of the IOC bidding files and the globalized nature of both the events and its governance regime, how can we account for the fact that – from the evidence of Sydney 2000 and Athens 2004 – some nations are apparently more successful than others in the organization of “green” Games?</i>
See	<a href="#">Olympic Games as an opportunity for the ecological modernization of the host nation</a>

Author(s)	Panos Karkatsoulis, Nikos Michalopoulos, Vasso Moustakatou
Title	<b>The national identity as a motivational factor for better performance in the public sector: The case of the volunteers of the Athens 2004 Olympic Games</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> International Journal of Productivity and Performance Management, Vol. 54, Issue 7, pp.579-594
Date	2005
Page(s)	16p.
Summary	<i>The paper attempts an innovative presentation and identification of the attitudes, motivations and beliefs of both Greek people and the volunteers regarding the organisation, the success and the benefits of the Athens 2004 Olympic Games. The paper demonstrates that national identity has been the major motivational factor for the volunteers, whose contribution represented a significant added value to the success of the Olympics.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – volunteer, community / national pride
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Sporting</b> –event management
Type	Article
Access	<a href="#">With access charge</a>



Author(s) Evangelia Kasimati  
**Title** **Macroeconomic and Financial Analysis of Mega-events: Evidence from Greece**  
Source Bath: University School of Bath, Department of Economics & International Development  
Date 2006  
Page(s) 221p.

Summary *This academic thesis is mainly focused on using a macroeconomic simulation and forecasting model to examine both the positive and negative Olympic related impacts on the Greek economy in the period between 1997 and 2012 as well as the immediate economic impact of the host city announcement.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – employment, education, housing, community pride  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city / country  
**Urban** – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting** – venues, event management

Type Thesis  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 21761/ 033.2

Author(s) Eva Kassens-Noor  
**Title** **Planning for the 2004 Olympics And Athens' Urban Legacy**  
Source *In:* Eva Kassens-Noor, Planning Olympic legacies: transport dreams and urban realities, New-York: Routledge, pp. 67-83  
Date 2012  
Page(s) 17p.

Summary *This book chapter is focused on the urban legacies of the Athens 2004 Summer Games. Compared to previous host cities, the IOC had most influence on transport decision-making. However, Athens' government fell short of using the Olympic catalyst entirely for the benefit of the citizens.*

**See** [Planning Olympic legacies](#)

Author(s) P. Kissoudi  
**Title** **Athens' post-olympic aspiration and the extent of their realisation**  
Source *In:* John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, vol. 4, New-York: Routledge, pp. 224-242  
Date 2012  
Page(s) 19p.

Summary *For Athens, the post-Olympic era was characterized by missed opportunities that mainly concerned the utilization of the Olympic venues. Nonetheless, Athens saw some of its aspirations realized: it acquired a modern transport infrastructure which reduced air pollution, an urban regeneration programme which resulted in a renovated city centre, a boost to economic investment which increased tourism. Athenians also benefited from significant cultural events in the post-games period. However, these benefits failed to eradicate the negative impressions of Athens held by the wider world and the disappointments of unrealized aspirations as a consequence of missed opportunities.*

**Phase(s)** Post-Games



<b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> <b>Environmental</b> –air quality <b>Economic</b> – tourism, event management <b>Urban</b> – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure
Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Library: MA 25557/4 / 033.2 <a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>
Author(s)	Roy Panagiotopoulou
<b>Title</b>	<b>The legacies of the Athens 2004 Olympic Games: a bitter–sweet burden</b>
Source	<i>In</i> : Contemporary social science: journal of the Academy of Social Sciences, Volume 9, Issue 2, 2014, pp. 173-195
Date	2014
Page(s)	13p.
Summary	<i>This paper describes the preparation works related to Athens 2004 Olympics, analyses the controversial issue of the Games' financing using new evidence, presents the benefits and losses for the Greek society by undertaking an international project which proved to be far bigger than it could afford, and scrutinises the post-Olympic use of the remaining Olympic facilities under the new circumstances of the financial crisis.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games planning; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> <b>Urban</b> – venues
Type	Article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">With access charge</a>
Author(s)	Athanasios Pappous
<b>Title</b>	<b>Do the Olympic Games Lead to a Sustainable Increase in Grassroots Sport Participation?</b>
Source	<i>In</i> : Jill Savery & Keith Gilbert (eds.), Sustainability and Sport, Champaign: Common Ground Publishing LLC, pp. 81-89
Date	2011
Page(s)	9p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter briefly but specifically focuses on answering the question of whether the 2004 Olympic Games in Athens healthy lifestyle to be adopted by Greek people at the grassroots sport level.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – sport programmes / development <b>Sporting</b> – venues
Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24990 / 091
Author(s)	Vassilios Ziakas, Nikolaos Boukas
<b>Title</b>	<b>A neglected legacy: examining the challenges and potential for sport tourism development in post-Olympic Athens</b>
Source	<i>In</i> : International Journal of Event and Festival Management, special issue: The impacts and legacies of sports events, Vol. 3(3), pp.292-316



Date	2012
Page(s)	25p.
Summary	<i>The purpose of this study is to draw attention to examining the challenges and potential of post-Olympic Athens to exploit its Olympic legacy for the development of sport tourism. The study by examining Athens' neglected legacy for sport tourism, attempts to synthesize a common ground for sport and tourism development in Olympic cities.</i>
Phase(s)	Post-Games
Legacy and Impact Theme(s)	<b>Environmental</b> – sustainable development <b>Economic</b> – tourism
Type	Book chapter
Access	<a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> (pp.292-316), for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>

### Other Candidate Cities 2004 / Autres villes candidates 2004

Author(s)	Ngiste Abebe
Title	<b>Bidding for development: how the Olympic Bid process can accelerate transportation development</b>
Source	Springer
Date	2013
Page(s)	95p.
Summary	<i>"Bidding for development" delivers actionable recommendations for all Olympic stakeholders to improve the value of the bid process and transportation benefits beyond the Games. The bid framework is then applied to two case studies, Manchester and Istanbul, to examine each bid loser's effectiveness in using the bid process to catalyze transportation development.</i>
See	<a href="#">Bidding for development</a>

Author(s)	HN Corteen
Title	<b>Olympic legacy: special issue</b>
Source	Urban design, Autumn 2010
Date	2011
Page(s)	49p.
Summary	<i>This issue offers some critical viewpoints as to how London 2012 is preparing and moving towards delivering a legacy and the leverage this gives to regeneration. It looks at some worldwide case studies (Berlin 1936, Beijing 2008, Vancouver 2010), as well as an unsuccessful bid (Cape Town 2004) to see what lessons, if any, cities can learn. It also looks at two key elements of the modern day events: communities and parks, and touch on a recent conference that explored how to measure the legacy.</i>
See	<a href="#">Olympic legacy: special issue</a>



## 1.6. Sydney 2000

<b>Title</b>	<b>The Olympic effect: a report on the potential tourism impacts of the Sydney 2000 Games</b>
Source	Canberra: Tourism Forecasting Council
Date	1998
Page(s)	65p.
Summary	<i>Commissioned by the Tourism Forecasting Council, this objective of this report was to provide decision makers in the Australian tourism industry and government with information that would help them to maximise the tourist benefits of hosting the Games for Sydney, New South Wales and Australia.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, housing, event management, global image of the country
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Urban</b> – transportation infrastructure <b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management, sports programmes / development
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MB 844 / 033.2
Author(s)	Australian Tourist Commission
<b>Title</b>	<b>Australian Tourism Commission: Olympic Games tourism strategy: Summary</b>
Source	Australian Tourist Commission
Date	February 2001
Page(s)	30p.
Summary	<i>This summary report is specific to the topic of tourism and the promotion of “Brand Australia” and provides results-based examples of the impact that the 2000 Olympic Games, Paralympic Games, and Olympic Arts Festival had on the industry in Australia.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, event management, global image of the country <b>Urban</b> – technology
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>
Author(s)	Hazel Blunden
<b>Title</b>	<b>The Impact of the Sydney Olympic Games On Housing Rights: Background paper</b>
Source	Centre on Housing Rights and Evictions (COHRE)
Date	2007
Page(s)	50p.
Summary	<i>This independent research paper became part of a larger Mega-Events, Olympic Games and Housing Rights project. It is specific to the topic of housing and homelessness and the knock-on impacts caused by urban renewal and gentrification initiatives in Sydney.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – employment, housing, community pride, cultural





<b>Impact Theme(s)</b>	awareness <b>Environmental</b> – environment / environmental development <b>Economic</b> – housing / real estate, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues
Type	Paper
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>
Author(s)	Graham Brown
<b>Title</b>	<b>The Games of the XXVII Olympiad in Sydney (2000)</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Mike Weed, Olympic Tourism, Amsterdam: Elsevier, pp. 137-151.
Date	2008
Page(s)	15p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter is specifically focused on presenting a case specific example of Olympic tourism as it relates to the Games of the XXVII Olympiad in Sydney in 2000.</i>
<b>See</b>	<a href="#">Olympic Tourism</a>
Author(s)	Richard Cashman & Rob Harris
<b>Title</b>	<b>The Australian Olympic caravan from 2000 to 2012: a unique Olympic event industry</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Sydney: Walla Walla Press, 2012
Date	2012
Page(s)	124p.
Summary	<i>Australia is the first country to develop an international Olympic caravan to cater for the requirements of large-scale sporting and cultural events. Australians have promoted innovations in ceremonies, sports presentation, the design and look of events, new forms of media and other areas. The caravan was a direct product of the acclaimed Sydney 2000 Olympic and Paralympic Games. Many individuals and firms responded to post-event opportunities to develop a brand that was exceptionally strong. As a result, Australians have dominated this field over the past decade. Since the caravan has largely operated offshore and outside the usual parameters of business, the achievements of many Australians have not been properly understood and recognized. The story of the Australian Olympic caravan is one that needs to be told because it has enhanced the country's reputation abroad and contributed to the knowledge economy. The caravan demonstrates how this new form of legacy has emerged over a long period through imagination, inventiveness and a 'can do' spirit.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post Games
<b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> –event management, global image of the city / country <b>Sporting</b> – event management
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre MA 25953 / 033.2
Author(s)	Richard Cashman
<b>Title</b>	<b>The bitter-sweet awakening: the legacy of the Sydney 2000 Olympic Games</b>
Source	Petersham: Walla Walla Press
Date	2006
Page(s)	310p.
Summary	<i>This book is largely focused on examining the legacy of the 2000 Olympic Games in</i>





*Sydney with only limited references to other Summer and Winter Games editions. It combines the author's personal experience as an active participant in certain aspects relating to the organization of the Games with research into the various impacts that the Games had on the host community.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** - arts programmes, education, youth, volunteerism, housing, sports programmes / development, community / national pride, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – sustainability /sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city  
**Urban** – venues, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** - venues, event management, sports programmes / development

Type Book  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 21314 / 033.2

Author(s) Richard Cashman  
**Title** **Sydney Olympic Park 2000 to 2010: history and legacy**  
Source Petersham: Walla Walla Press  
Date 2011  
Page(s) 224p.

Summary *This book looks back over a ten year period to trace the history, initial development, and continued evolution of Sydney Olympic Park as well as examine the impacts and legacies that have been derived.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** - arts programmes, education, youth, housing, sports programmes / development, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – sustainability /sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, waste management  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management  
**Urban** – venues, transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting** - venues, event management, sports programmes / development

Type Book  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24985 / 033.2

Author(s) Jean-Loup Chappelet  
**Title** **Managing the size of the Olympic Games**  
Source *In*: Sport in society: cultures, commerce, media, politics, Nov. 2013, pp. 1-12  
Date 2013  
Page(s) 13p.

Summary *This study shows how various participation and organization indicators have expanded over six Olympiads, from Barcelona 1992 to London 2012, and examines the reasons for this growth. It suggests ways of reducing the size of the Summer Olympic Games in order to make them more manageable.*

**See** [Managing the size of the Olympic Games](#)



Author(s) Gary Cox  
**Title** **Sustaining a legacy: from Sydney 2000's environmental guidelines to the Commission for a Sustainable London 2012**  
Source *In*: Australian Planner, Special Issue: Planning for Olympic Games, Volume 49, Issue 3, 2012, pp. 203-2014  
Date 2012  
Page(s) 15p.

Summary *The Sydney Olympics provided a benchmark for sustainable design and construction in Australia and also a template for future Games. London's successful bid for the 2012 Games took these principles further with a focus on legacy as its core mission. This paper explores the evolution of environmental and sustainability concerns in the Olympic movement and how these have altered the staging of the Games and the associated physical developments. It examines whether the lessons from the Sydney and London Olympics can be more widely applied in urban renewal and regeneration schemes in both Australia and the UK.*

**See** [Sustaining a legacy](#)

Author(s) B. Faulkner, L. Chalip, G. Brown, G., L. Jago R. March and A. Woodside  
**Title** **Monitoring the tourism impacts of the Sydney 2000 Olympics**  
Source *In*: Event Management, Volume 6, Number 4, 2000, pp. 231-246(16)  
Date 2003  
Page(s) 22p.

Summary *This study aims to ensure that lessons about approaches to more effectively leveraging tourism benefits from future events are derived from the Olympic experience.*

**Phase(s)** Post-Games

**Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism

Type Article  
**Access** [With access charge](#)

Author(s) Philippe Furrer  
**Title** **Sydney 2000: "Sharing the spirit"?**  
Source Neuchâtel : Université de Neuchâtel Géosciences  
Date 1998  
Page(s) 190p.

Summary *After providing an assessment of the actions taken and plans proposed by the Sydney Olympic Bid Committee in the candidature phase, the focus of this academic thesis shifts to an examination of two Sydney socio-economical defined groups' perceptions of the positive and negative impacts of the 2000 Olympic Games.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** **Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, employment, education, youth, volunteerism, health care services, housing, community / national pride, cultural awareness  
**Environmental** – environment / environmental development, sustainability / sustainable development, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, housing / real estate, event management, global image of the city / country  
**Urban** – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology

**Sporting** – venues

Type Thesis  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 17238 / 033.2

Author(s) Beatriz Garcia  
**Title** **The Olympic Games and cultural policy**  
Source London: Routledge, 2012  
Date 2012  
Page(s) 286p.

Summary *This book explores how cultural policies are reflected in the design, management and promotion of the Olympic Games. Beatriz Garcia examines the concept and evolution of cultural policies throughout the recent history of the Olympic Games and then specifically evaluates the cultural program of the Sydney 2000 Olympic Games. Garcia argues that the cultural relevance of a major event is highly dependant on the consistency of the policy choices informing its cultural dimensions.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, education, youth, sports programmes / development, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, business opportunities, event management, global image of the city / country

Type Book  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25600 / 07

Author(s) Beatriz García  
**Title** **Sydney 2000**  
Source *In:* John R. Gold & Margaret M. Gold (eds.), Olympic Cities: City agendas, planning and the world's Games, 1896-2016, London: Routledge, pp. 287-314  
Date 2011  
Page(s) 28p.

Summary *This book chapter presents an examination of the impact of the cultural initiatives linked to the 2000 Games of the Olympiad in Sydney.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, youth, community pride, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues  
**Economic** – tourism, business opportunities, event management, global image of the city / country

Type Book chapter  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24324 / 071

Author(s) James Giesecke & John Madden  
**Title** **The Sydney Olympics, seven years on: an ex-post dynamic CGE assessment**  
Source Centre for Policy Studies, Monash University  
Date September 2007  
Page(s) 23p.

Summary *This paper is specifically focused on performing an ex-post analysis using a computable general equilibrium (CGE) model to examine the impacts of the Games*



*of the XXVII Olympiad on the New South Wales and Australian economies.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – national pride  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, employment, global image of the country  
**Urban** – venues

Type Paper  
**Access** [E-document](#)

Author(s) Philip Goad  
**Title** **Competition and circumstance: urban legacies of the Olympics**  
Source *In:* John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), *The making of Olympic cities*, vol. 4, New-York: Routledge, pp. 71-85  
Date 2012  
Page(s) 15p.

Summary *Phillip Goad's work is a study of the effect of the Olympic games on the urban form of the two cities that hosted them, Melbourne in 1956 and Sydney in 2000. These two different Olympics were world apart, and strong contrast can be seen. In terms of infrastructure, the Olympics would seem to have been of benefit to both cities, as the sudden need forced infrastructure to be developed that would serve the cities well for following decades.*

**Phase(s)** Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Urban** –venues, transport, transportation infrastructure  
**Theme(s)**

Type Book chapter  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/4 / 033.2

Author(s) Jill Haynes  
**Title** **Socio-economic Impact of the Sydney 2000 Olympic Games**  
Source Centre d'Estudis Olímpics UAB  
Date 2001  
Page(s) 10p.

Summary *This seminar paper takes an anecdotal approach to briefly examining both positive and negative outcomes of the planning and hosting of the Games of the XXVII Olympiad for Sydney and Australia.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, volunteerism, sports programmes / development, community / national pride, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – environment / environmental development  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, event management, global image of the city / country  
**Urban** – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** – venues, sports programmes / development

Type Seminar paper  
**Access** [E-document](#)

Author(s) John Karamichas  
**Title** **Olympic Games as an opportunity for the ecological modernization of the host nation: the case of Sydney 2000 and Athens 2004**



Source **In:** Graeme Hayes, John Karamichas (eds), Olympic Games, mega-events and civil societies: globalization, environment, resistance, Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan, pp. 151-171

Date 2012

Page(s) 21p.

Summary *This book chapter seeks to answer to question in link with the greening of the Olympic Games: to what extent has hosting the Games been translated into medium-and long-term improvement in environmental consciousness and performance in host nations? And second; given the universal prescriptions of the IOC bidding files and the globalized nature of both the events and its governance regime, how can we account for the fact that – from the evidence of Sydney 2000 and Athens 2004 – some nations are apparently more successful than others in the organization of “green” Games?*

See [Olympic Games as an opportunity for the ecological modernization of the host nation](#)

Author(s) Eva Kassens-Noor

**Title** **Planning for the 2000 Olympics and Sydney’s Urban Legacy**

Source **In:** Eva Kassens-Noor, Planning Olympic legacies: transport dreams and urban realities, New-York: Routledge, pp. 50-66

Date 2012

Page(s) 17p.

Summary *This book chapter is focused on the urban legacies of the Sydney 2000 Summer Games. It explains the city’s multiple efforts to transform the Olympic infrastructure into a viable and thriving legacy for the future.*

See [Planning Olympic legacies](#)

Author(s) John Madden & Matthew Crowe

**Title** **Estimating the economic impact of the Sydney Olympic Games**

Source Centre for Regional Economic Analysis (CREA)

Date n.d.

Page(s) 27p.

Summary *This paper is a ‘nutshell’ presentation of a study focused on using a multiregional computable general equilibrium (CGE) model to predict the impacts of the Games of the XXVII Olympiad on the New South Wales and Australian economies that was conducted by the [NSW Treasury](#) and the Centre for Regional Economic Analysis.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games

**Legacy and Impact** **Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, housing, global image of the country

**Theme(s)** **Urban** – demography, venues

**Sporting** – venues

Type Paper

**Access** [E-document](#)

Author(s) John Madden & Matthew Crowe

**Title** **The economic impact of the Sydney Olympic Games: final report**

Source NSW Treasury & the Centre for Regional Economic Analysis (CREA)

Date November 1997

Page(s) 94p.



**Summary** *This paper is largely focused on using the Monash Multi-Regional model to predict the impacts the Games of the XXVII Olympiad would have on the New South Wales and Australian economies.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** - employment  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, housing  
**Urban** – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** - venues

**Type** Paper  
**Access** [E-document](#)

**Author(s)** Danny O'Brien  
**Title** **Event business leveraging: the Sydney 2000 Olympic Games**  
**Source** *In: Annals of Tourism Research, Volume 33, Issue 1, January 2006, Pages 240–261*  
**Date** 2005  
**Page(s)** 22p.

**Summary** *This study explores Business Club Australia, an initiative launched by the Australian federal government to create leverage from Sydney's hosting of the 2000 Olympic Games by providing opportunities for business networking and international trade facilitation. The study examines the formulation and implementation of the program and discusses how the accumulated knowledge is being institutionalized and applied in other event contexts. Conclusions suggest that event business leveraging represents a subtle, yet significant paradigm shift in the international event sector that warrants ongoing empirical analyses.*

**Phase(s)** Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Economic** – tourism  
**Theme(s)** **Sporting** –event management

**Type** Article  
**Access** [With access charge](#)

**Author(s)** Olympic Co-ordination Authority  
**Title** **The Sydney 2000 Olympic and Paralympic Games: a report of the financial contribution by the New South Wales government to the Sydney 2000 Games**  
**Source** Olympic Co-ordination Authority  
**Date** 31 March 2002  
**Page(s)** 100p.

**Summary** *The focus of the report is providing a financial record and a breakdown of the various government agencies involved in the Games and the legacies derived by each.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, health care services, housing  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, waste management  
**Economic** – business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city  
**Urban** – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** – venues, event management, sports programmes / development

**Type** Report  
**Access** [E-document](#)





Author(s)	Margy Osmond
<b>Title</b>	<b>“After the crowds have gone home”: a case study based assessment of practical Games related legacies for the Sydney business community</b>
Source	<i>In</i> : Miquel de Moragas, Christopher Kennett & Nuria Puig (eds.), <i>The Legacy of the Olympic Games 1894-2000</i> , Lausanne: IOC, pp. 237-242
Date	2003
Page(s)	6p.
Summary	<i>This paper discusses various business initiatives that were undertaken to take advantage of Sydney’s hosting of the Games and considers the results obtained.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – employment, education
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> – tourism, business opportunities, event management, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – transportation infrastructure, technology
Type	Symposium paper
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a> (choose link - full text pp. 1-252) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 19515 / 033.2

  

Author(s)	Kirsty Ann Owen
<b>Title</b>	<b>The local impacts of the Sydney 2000 Olympic Games: processes and politics of venue preparation</b>
Source	Centre for Olympic Studies and the School of Geography, University of New South Wales
Date	2001
Page(s)	56p.
Summary	<i>This academic thesis examines the local impact of Olympic venues on three different areas of government.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – employment, youth, volunteerism, health care services, housing, community pride, cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development <b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, event management, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transport, transport infrastructure <b>Sporting</b> – venues, sports programmes
Type	Thesis
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a> or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 17509 / 033.2

  

Author(s)	PricewaterhouseCoopers
<b>Title</b>	<b>Business and economic benefits of the Sydney 2000 Olympics: a collation of evidence</b>
Source	PricewaterhouseCoopers at the request of the NSW Department of State and Regional Development
Date	April 2002
Page(s)	138p.
Summary	<i>A 1-year post-Games business and economic benefits report that also includes an evaluation of the success of the Games, identification of the key organisations</i>





*involved, and a 'benchmarking' comparison to Olympic Games from 1972 through to 2008.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – volunteerism, community / national pride  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, housing, event management, global image of the city / country  
**Urban** – venues, transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting** – venues, event management

Type Report  
Access [E-document](#) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 20436 / 033.2

Author(s) Sarah Purchase  
Title **The politics and processes of using sport to market a place for economic development: lessons from pre-Games training camps for the Sydney Olympic Games**  
Source Gold Coast: Griffith University Gold Coast, School of Marketing and Management  
Date 2000  
Page(s) 315p.

Summary *This academic thesis uses a comparative case study methodology to examine how three Australian cities / regions used the opportunity to host pre-Games training camps for the 2000 Games of the Olympiad as a marketing tool for their respective community.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, education, volunteerism, community / national pride  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, event management, global image of the city / country  
**Urban** – venues, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** – venues, event management, sports programmes / development

Type Thesis  
Access IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 19258 / 038

Author(s) Romain Roul  
Title **Reconversion des héritages Olympiques et rénovation de l'espace urbain: Le stade olympique comme vecteur de développement**  
Source Montréal: Université du Québec  
Date 2011  
Page(s) 331p.

Summary *Cette thèse s'intéresse à la question de la reconversion des stades olympiques après les Jeux en s'appuyant sur des cas d'étude précis (JO de Montréal 1976, Barcelone 1992 et Sydney 2000). Il démontre que l'élaboration dans la phase préolympique d'une stratégie urbanistique, financière et gestionnaire flexibles et adaptée à la trame urbaine métropolitaine et renouvelée dans le contexte post-olympique facilite la reconversion de cet équipement.*

See [Reconversion des héritages](#)



Author(s) Glen Searle  
**Title** **The long-term urban impacts of the Sydney Olympic Games**  
Source *In:* Australian Planner, Special Issue: Planning for Olympic Games, Volume 49, Issue 3, 2012  
Date 2012  
Page(s) pp. 195-202

Summary *The longer-term urban impacts of the Olympic Games in Sydney 2000 are reviewed in this paper. Wider urban impacts are at once both significant but also less than anticipated in 2000.*

**Phase(s)** Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, housing, event management  
**Theme(s)** **Urban** – venues, transport, transport infrastructure

Type Paper  
**Access** [IOC onsite consultation](#), for offsite access, contact: [studies.centre@olympic.org](mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org)

Author(s) Glen Searle  
**Title** **The urban legacy of the Sydney Olympic Games**  
Source *In:* Miquel de Moragas, Christopher Kennett & Nuria Puig (eds.), The Legacy of the Olympic Games 1894-2000, Lausanne: International Olympic Committee, pp. 118-126  
Date 2003  
Page(s) 9p.

Summary *This symposium paper is focused on an examination of the urban venue and infrastructural impacts and legacies derived from Sydney's hosting of the XXVII Games of the Olympiad in 2000.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – education, health care services, housing, sports programmes / development  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, housing, event management  
**Urban** – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** – venues, event management, sports programmes / development

Type Symposium paper  
**Access** [E-document](#) (choose link - full text pp. 1-252) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 19515 / 033.2

Author(s) Glen Searle  
**Title** **Uncertain legacy: Sydney's Olympic stadiums**  
Source *In:* John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, vol. 4, New-York: Routledge, pp. 86-106  
Date 2012  
Page(s) 21p.

Summary *The two main stadiums for the Sydney Olympic Games were developed by the private sector with State assistance to reduce government costs and risks. In the post-Olympic period, both stadiums have experienced major revenue shortfalls which threaten their viability. This paper illustrates the risks of partnership*



<b>Phase(s)</b>	<i>development of specialized infrastructure, and the way in which special events can lead urban development.</i>
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	Post-Games
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> – event management <b>Urban</b> – venues <b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management
Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/4 / 033.2

Author(s)	Hiromasa Shirai
<b>Title</b>	<b>From global field to local neighbourhood: sustainable transformation of the Olympic Park for the City</b>
Source	London: The London School of Economics and Political Science
Date	2009
Page(s)	115p.
Summary	<i>This IOC postgraduate research grant holder report explores the way in which Olympic Parks are being transformed in the period between the bidding and post-Games period. It uses the examples of the Sydney 2000 and London 2012 Olympic parks to also examine the challenges of integrating such a complex post-Olympic Park into the city context.</i>
<b>See</b>	<a href="#">Hiromasa Shirai</a>



Author(s)	Dmitry Sivaev
<b>Title</b>	<b>The Olympic Games and structural transformation in hosting metropolitan areas</b>
Source	The Bartlett, University College London, Development Planning Unit DPU Working paper No 152
Date	2014
Page(s)	48 p.
Summary	<i>This paper applies the approach of economic structuralism to the legacy of the Olympic Games. The paper looks at whether the Olympics Games can be used as a tool that can support economic structural transformation in the city. To address this objective a combination of quantitative and qualitative analytical methods is used to study the Barcelona'92 and Sydney'2000 Games. Finally the paper briefly applies the conclusions of the case studies to the case of Rio de Janeiro.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Economic</b>
<b>Theme(s)</b>	
Type	Paper
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	Kristin Toohey
<b>Title</b>	<b>Is Sydney Still An Olympic City?</b>
Source	IOC Olympic Studies Centre Postgraduate Selection Committee
Date	2010



Page(s)	24p.
Summary	<i>This paper focuses on four legacy related themes to examine whether Sydney can still be considered an Olympic city ten years after having hosted the Games of the XXVII Olympiad in 2000.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact</b> <b>Theme(s)</b>	Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> - education, youth, volunteerism, sports programmes / development, cultural awareness <b>Economic</b> – business opportunities, event management <b>Urban</b> – technology <b>Sporting</b> - venues, event management, sports programmes / development
Type	Paper
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	Gordon Waitt
<b>Title</b>	<b>Social impacts of the Sydney Olympics</b>
Source	<i>In: Annals of Tourism Research, Vol. 30, No. 1, pp. 194–215</i>
Date	2003
Page(s)	22p.
Summary	<i>This paper, drawing on social exchange theory, examines the changes in enthusiasm between 1998 and 2000 towards Sydney's Olympics among a socially diverse sample of host city residents. Implications arising from this project are considered for future researchers and organizers of hallmark events.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact</b> <b>Theme(s)</b>	Pre-Games planning <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – community pride
Type	Article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	Gordon Waitt
<b>Title</b>	<b>The "green" Games Sydney 2000 played</b>
Source	<i>In: John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, vol. 4, New-York: Routledge, pp. 107-129</i>
Date	2012
Page(s)	23p.
Summary	<i>In the context of the 2000 Sydney Olympic Games, this chapter explores environmental sustainability as one of the claimed social outcomes of hosting an Olympic Games. The evaluation of Sydney's 'green' games is situated within both the attributes of the Sydney Olympic site (Homebush, a former domestic dump and abandoned industrial site) and its political economy.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact</b> <b>Theme(s)</b>	Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> <b>Environmental</b> – green venues <b>Urban</b> – venues
Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/4 / 033.2

**Other Candidate Cities 2000 / Autres villes candidates 2000**

Author(s)	Ngiste Abebe
<b>Title</b>	<b>Bidding for development: how the Olympic Bid process can accelerate transportation development</b>
Source	Springer
Date	2013
Page(s)	95p.
Summary	<i>"Bidding for development" delivers actionable recommendations for all Olympic stakeholders to improve the value of the bid process and transportation benefits beyond the Games. The bid framework is then applied to two case studies, Manchester and Istanbul, to examine each bid loser's effectiveness in using the bid process to catalyze transportation development.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact</b> <b>Theme(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Post-Games <b>Urban</b> – transport, transport infrastructure
Type <b>Access</b>	Book IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 26282 / 033.2

Author(s)	Monika Meyer
<b>Title</b>	<b>Berlin 1936</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, vol. 2, New-York: Routledge, pp. 267-286
Date	2012
Page(s)	20p.
Summary	<i>Although this book chapter is primarily focused on presenting a detailed examination of the planning, implementation and legacy of venues for the 1936 Games of the Olympiad in Berlin, it also briefly examines how the 1936 venues legacy could be used if Berlin were chosen to host the Games of the Olympiad in 2000.</i>
<b>See</b>	<a href="#">Berlin 1936</a>

**1.7. Atlanta 1996**

Author(s)	Anita Beaty
<b>Title</b>	<b>Atlanta's Olympic Legacy: Background paper</b>
Source	Centre on Housing Rights and Evictions (COHRE)
Date	2007
Page(s)	53p.
Summary	<i>This independent research paper became part of a larger Mega-Events, Olympic Games and Housing Rights project. It is specific to the topic of housing and homelessness and the knock-on impacts caused by urban renewal and gentrification initiatives in Atlanta.</i>



**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – employment, housing  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, business opportunities, housing / real estate, global image of the country  
**Urban** – demography, venues

Type Paper  
**Access** [E-document](#)

Author(s) Jean-Loup Chappelet  
**Title** **Managing the size of the Olympic Games**  
Source *In*: Sport in society: cultures, commerce, media, politics, Nov. 2013, pp. 1-12  
Date 2013  
Page(s) 13p.

Summary *This study shows how various participation and organization indicators have expanded over six Olympiads, from Barcelona 1992 to London 2012, and examines the reasons for this growth. It suggests ways of reducing the size of the Summer Olympic Games in order to make them more manageable and to encourage candidatures from smaller cities and countries.*

**See** [Managing the size of the Olympic Games](#)

Author(s) Julie L. Hotchkiss, Robert E. Moore & Stephanie M Zobay  
**Title** **The Impact of the 1996 Summer Olympic Games on Employment and Wages in Georgia**  
Source Southern Economics Journal, vol. 69, no. 3, pp. 691-704  
Date January 2003  
Page(s) 14p.

Summary *The article presents a study of labour demand as a means of assessing the employment impact and legacy in Georgia that specifically was derived from Atlanta hosting the 1996 Games of the Olympiad.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – employment, education, volunteerism  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – employment  
**Urban** – demography, venues

Type Journal article  
**Access** [E-document](#)



Author(s) Arne Feddersen, Wolfgang Maenning  
**Title** **Mega-events and sectorial employment: the case of the 1996 Olympic Games**  
Source Contemporary Economic Policy, volume 31, issue 3, July 2013, pp. 580–603  
Date 2013  
Page(s) 24 p.

Summary *Using the data of the 1996 Olympic Games, this paper analyzes the economic impact of a mega-sporting event. The impact is analyzed for 16 different sectors. It shows significant positive employment effects exclusively during the Olympic Games. These short-term effects are concentrated in the sectors of “retail trade,”*



“accommodation and food services,” and “arts, entertainment, and recreation.”

**Phase(s)** Games-time, Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** **Economic** – employment, business opportunities  
**Type** Article  
**Access** [With access charge](#)

**Author(s)** John E. Findling  
**Title** **Los legados olímpicos: los Juegos de verano de los Estados Unidos de 1904, 1932, 1984 y 1996**  
**Source** *In: Citius, Altius, Fortius: humanismo, sociedad y deporte: investigaciones y ensayos*, Vol. 6(1), 2013, pp. 9-20  
**Date** 2012  
**Page(s)** 12p.  
**Summary** *Legacies can both be tangible and intangible and all Olympic Games leave a complex of legacies that fall into both categories. This article focuses on those Summer Games held in the United States, namely the St. Louis Games of 1904, Los Angeles Games of 1932 and 1984, and the more recent Atlanta Games of 1996. Each of these Games offers rather different lessons in terms of their impact on their host city and region and thus provides us with some interesting comparison.*  
**See** [Los legados olímpicos](#)

**Author(s)** Eva Kassens-Noor  
**Title** **Planning for the 1996 Olympics and Atlanta’s Urban Legacy**  
**Source** *In: Eva Kassens-Noor, Planning Olympic legacies: transport dreams and urban realities*, New-York: Routledge, pp. 36-49  
**Date** 2012  
**Page(s)** 14p.  
**Summary** *This book chapter is focused on the urban legacies of the Atlanta 1996 Summer Games and explains how the city missed the Olympic opportunity to bring about revolutionary change to its transport system.*  
**See** [Planning Olympic legacies](#)

**Author(s)** Harvey K. Newman  
**Title** **Neighbourhood impacts of Atlanta’s Olympic Games**  
**Source** *In: John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities*, vol. 4, New-York: Routledge, pp. 36-44  
**Date** 2012  
**Page(s)** 9p.  
**Summary** *Mega-events such as the Olympic Games offer cities the opportunity to attract economic development and to market themselves on a global scale. Decisions made by business and public leaders as they prepared to host the 1996 Centennial Olympic Games resulted in the relocation of many public housing residents and in frustration among low-income neighborhoods as revitalization efforts failed to meet expectations. Some progress was made in housing development in downtown Atlanta as well as in neighborhoods closest to Olympic venues. However, as other cities compete to host similar events, they can learn from Atlanta’s experience and*





	<i>provide better planning as well as more resources to redevelop their low-income neighborhoods.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Economic</b> – real estate / housing, event management
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Urban</b> –venues
Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/4 / 033.2
Author(s)	Gavin Poynter & Emma Roberts
<b>Title</b>	<b>Atlanta (1996): the centennial Games</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Gavin Poynter & Iain Macrury (eds.), <i>Olympic Cities: 2012 and the remaking of London</i> , Surrey: Ashgate Publishing Limited, pp. 121-131
Date	2009
Page(s)	11p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter is focused on presenting a brief examination of a limited number of both positive and negatives legacies that resulted from Atlanta's hosting of the Games of the XXVI Olympiad in 1996.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Times; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – employment, housing
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – demography, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology <b>Sporting</b> – venues; event management
Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 23661 / 033.2
Author(s)	Drew Whitelegg
<b>Title</b>	<b>Going for gold: Atlanta's bid for fame</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), <i>The making of Olympic cities</i> , vol. 4, New-York: Routledge, pp. 45-67
Date	2012
Page(s)	23p.
Summary	<i>This article explores the importance of image to the Atlanta Olympic Games of 1996. It suggests that the event must be seen as an example of the use of the propagation of selected images designed to boost the standing of the city in an increasingly competitive interurban environment.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Economic</b> – global image of the city
<b>Theme(s)</b>	
Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/4 / 033.2

**Other Candidate Cities 1996 / Autres villes candidates 1996**

**Author(s)** Ngiste Abebe  
**Title** **Bidding for development: how the Olympic Bid process can accelerate transportation development**  
**Source** Springer  
**Date** 2013  
**Page(s)** 95p.

**Summary** *“Bidding for development” delivers actionable recommendations for all Olympic stakeholders to improve the value of the bid process and transportation benefits beyond the Games. The bid framework is then applied to two case studies, Manchester and Istanbul, to examine each bid loser’s effectiveness in using the bid process to catalyze transportation development.*

**See** [Bidding for development](#)

**Author(s)** Margaret M. Gold  
**Title** **Athens 2004**  
**Source** *In:* John R. Gold & Margaret M. Gold (eds.), Olympic Cities: City agendas, planning and the world’s Games, 1896-2016, London: Routledge, pp. 315-339  
**Date** 2011  
**Page(s)** 25p.

**Summary** *While this book chapter places particular emphasis on an examination of the impact of Athens’ hosting of the 2004 Games of the Olympiad, it also looks at the city’s attempt to be elected to host the centenary celebration of the Olympic Games in 1996.*

**See** [Athens 2004](#)

**1.8. Barcelona 1992 / Barcelone 1992**

**Author(s)** Ferran Brunet  
**Title** **An economical analysis of the Barcelona’92 Olympic Games: resources, financing and impact**  
**Source** *In:* Miquel de Moragas Spà & Miquel Botella (eds.), The Keys of Success: The social, sporting, economic and communications impact of Barcelona’92, Bellaterra: Servei de Publicacions de la Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona, pp. 203-237  
**Date** 1995  
**Page(s)** 35p.

**Summary** *This book chapter uses a wide variety of statistical tables and analysis to examine the economical resources and impact of the Games of the XXV Olympiad on Barcelona and Olympic ‘sub-site’ regions.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – employment, housing, community pride  
**Environmental** – environment / environmental development, waste management  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing,



- event management, global image of the city  
**Urban** – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting** – venues
- Type Book chapter  
**Access** [E-document](#)  
IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 10726+1 / 033.2
- Author(s) Ferran Brunet  
**Title** **The economy of the Barcelona Olympic Games**  
Source *In:* Gavin Poynter & Iain Macrury (eds.), *Olympic Cities: 2012 and the remaking of London, Surrey*: Ashgate Publishing Limited, pp. 97-119  
Date 2009  
Page(s) 23p.
- Summary *This book chapter uses a wide variety of statistical tables and analysis to examine the economical resources and impact of the Games of the XXV Olympiad on Barcelona and Olympic 'sub-site' regions.*
- Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – employment  
**Environmental** – waste management  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, global image of the city  
**Urban** – transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting** – venues
- Type Book chapter  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 23661 / 033.2
- Author(s) Ferran Brunet I Cid  
**Title** **The economic impact of the Barcelona Olympic Games: 1986 - 2004**  
Source *Translation of "Anàlisi de l'impacte econòmic dels Jocs Olímpics de Barcelona, 1986 - 2004"* *In:* Miquel de Moragas & Miquel Botella (eds.), *Barcelona: L'herència dels Jocs 1992 - 2002*, Bellaterra: Centre d'Estudis Olímpics I de l'Esport, pp. 245-274  
Date 2002  
Page(s) 27p.
- Summary *This book chapter is focused on examining the organizational model of the 1992 Olympic Games in Barcelona, the impacts of investment and how the city harnessed the Olympic impetus to improve its strategic position.*
- Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – employment  
**Environmental** – environment / environmental development, waste management  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city  
**Urban** – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting** – venues
- Type Book chapter  
**Access** [E-document](#)
- Author(s) Ferran Brunet I Cid  
**Title** **Anàlisi de l'impacte econòmic dels Jocs Olímpics de Barcelona, 1986 - 2004**  
Source *In:* Miquel de Moragas & Miquel Botella (eds.), *Barcelona: L'herència dels Jocs 1992*



Date	- 2002, Bellaterra: Centre d'Estudis Olímpics I de l'Esport, pp. 245-274
Page(s)	2002
Language	30p.
Summary	Catalan
Summary	<i>This book chapter is focused on examining the organizational model of the 1992 Olympic Games in Barcelona, the impacts of investment and how the city harnessed the Olympic impetus to improve its strategic position.</i>
Type	Book chapter
Access	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 10726+1 / 033.2

  

Author(s)	Jordi Carbonell
Title	<b>The Olympic village, ten years on</b>
Source	<i>Translation of "La Vila Olímpica, Deu Anys Després" In: Miquel de Moragas &amp; Miquel Botella (eds.), Barcelona: L'herència dels Jocs 1992 - 2002, Bellaterra: Centre d'Estudis Olímpics I de l'Esport, pp. 309-320</i>
Date	2002
Page(s)	10p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter uses an insider's perspective to examine in detail the legacy derived from the urban transformation that took place in the area of the Olympic village location in Barcelona.</i>
Phase(s)	Games Time; Post-Games
Legacy and Impact	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – education, health care services, housing
Theme(s)	<b>Environmental</b> – waste management
	<b>Economic</b> – tourism, business opportunities, real estate / housing
	<b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transport
	<b>Sporting</b> – venues
Type	Book chapter
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a>

  

Author(s)	Jordi Carbonell
Title	<b>La vila Olímpica, deu anys després</b>
Source	<i>In: Miquel de Moragas &amp; Miquel Botella (eds.), Barcelona: L'herència dels Jocs 1992 - 2002, Bellaterra: Centre d'Estudis Olímpics I de l'Esport, pp. 309-320</i>
Date	2002
Page(s)	12p.
Language	Catalan
Summary	<i>This book chapter uses an insider's perspective to examine in detail the legacy derived from the urban transformation that took place in the area of the Olympic village location in Barcelona.</i>
Type	Book chapter
Access	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 18505 / 725 (086)

  

Author(s)	Jean-Loup Chappelet
Title	<b>Managing the size of the Olympic Games</b>
Source	<i>In: Sport in society: cultures, commerce, media, politics, Nov. 2013, pp. 1-12</i>
Date	2013
Page(s)	13p.
Summary	<i>This study shows how various participation and organization indicators have</i>



expanded over six Olympiads, from Barcelona 1992 to London 2012, and examines the reasons for this growth. It suggests ways of reducing the size of the Summer Olympic Games in order to make them more manageable and to encourage candidatures from smaller cities and countries.

**See** [Managing the size of the Olympic Games](#)

**Author(s)** Andreu Clapés  
**Title** **Volunteers of Barcelona '92: The great celebration of participation**  
**Source** *In:* Miquel de Moragas Spà & Miquel Botella (eds.), *The Keys of Success: The social, sporting, economic and communications impact of Barcelona'92*, Bellaterra: Servei de Publicacions de la Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona, pp. 165-180  
**Date** 1995  
**Page(s)** 16p.  
**Summary** *This book chapter uses an insider's perspective to examine the rationale behind the planned volunteer programme for the Games of the XXV Olympiad and the lessons derived from it.*  
**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – education, youth, volunteerism, community / national pride, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)**  
**Type** Book chapter  
**Access** [E-document](#) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 10726+1 / 033.2

**Author(s)** Pere Duran  
**Title** **The impact of the Olympic Games on tourism**  
**Source** *Translation of "Turisme: els impactes dels Jocs I de la seva imatge sobre el turisme"*  
*In:* Miquel de Moragas & Miquel Botella (eds.), *Barcelona: L'herència dels Jocs 1992 - 2002*, Bellaterra: Centre d'Estudis Olímpics I de l'Esport, pp. 275-294  
**Date** 2002  
**Page(s)** 15p.  
**Summary** *This book chapter focuses on the tourism specific legacy derived by Barcelona as a result of hosting the Games of the XXV Olympiad.*  
**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, business opportunities, event management, global image of the city  
**Urban** – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** – event management  
**Type** Book chapter  
**Access** [E-document](#)

**Author(s)** Pere Duran  
**Title** **Turisme: els impactes dels Jocs I de la seva imatge sobre el turisme**  
**Source** *In:* Miquel de Moragas & Miquel Botella (eds.), *Barcelona: L'herència dels Jocs 1992 - 2002*, Bellaterra: Centre d'Estudis Olímpics I de l'Esport, pp. 275-294  
**Date** 2002  
**Page(s)** 20p.  
**Language** Catalan



**Summary** *This book chapter focuses on the tourism specific legacy derived by Barcelona as a result of hosting the Games of the XXV Olympiad.*

**Type** Book chapter  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 18505 / 725 (086)

**Author(s)** Eva Kassens-Noor  
**Title** **Planning for the 1992 Olympics and Barcelona's urban legacy**  
**Source** *In:* Eva Kassens-Noor, Planning Olympic legacies: transport dreams and urban realities, New-York: Routledge, pp. 23-35  
**Date** 2012  
**Page(s)** 13p.  
**Summary** *This book chapter is focused on the urban transformation of Barcelona, which has become an inspirational model for other Olympic hosts, setting the highest standards on how to use the Olympic Games as stimulator for urban development and competitiveness in the global realm. This transformative scheme became famously known as the "Barcelona model".*  
**See** [Planning Olympic legacies](#)

**Author(s)** Christopher Kennett and Miquel de Moragas  
**Title** **Barcelona 1992: evaluating the Olympic legacy**  
**Source** *In:* John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, vol. 3, New-York: Routledge, pp. 268-385  
**Date** 2012  
**Page(s)** 18p.  
**Summary** *This chapter analyzes the political leverage of the Barcelona 1992 Olympic Games by interested political actors in the bidding, organizing, and staging the Games, leading to a discussion of the legacies of the Games and enabling an evaluation of whether the explicit and implicit objectives have been achieved to date.*  
**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – employment  
**Environmental** – environment / environmental development, waste management  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city  
**Urban** – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting** – venues  
**Type** Book chapter  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/2 / 033.2

**Author(s)** Faustino Miguélez & Pilar Carrasquer  
**Title** **The repercussion of the Olympic Games on labour**  
**Source** *In:* Miquel de Moragas Spà & Miquel Botella (eds.), The Keys of Success: The social, sporting, economic and communications impact of Barcelona'92, Bellaterra: Servei de Publicacions de la Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona, pp. 149-164  
**Date** 1995  
**Page(s)** 16p.  
**Summary** *This book chapter is the summary of a study of the changes in labour, in particular in relationship to the Olympic Games impact on the Barcelona region in the period between 1986 and 1992.*





**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – employment, education, volunteerism, health care services  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing  
**Urban** – demography, transport, technology

Type Book chapter

**Access** [E-document](#) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 10726+1 / 033.2

Author(s) Llúis Millet i Serra

**Title** **The Games of the city**

Source *In:* Miquel de Moragas Spà & Miquel Botella (eds.), The Keys of Success: The social, sporting, economic and communications impact of Barcelona'92, Bellaterra: Servei de Publicacions de la Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona, pp. 188-202

Date 1995

Page(s) 15p.

Summary *This book chapter uses an insider's perspective to examine the rationale behind the planned urban development that took place in Barcelona and the impact derived as a result of hosting the Games of the XXV Olympiad.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games

**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – education, housing, sports programmes / development, community pride, cultural awareness

**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, business opportunities

**Urban** – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure

**Sporting** – venues, event management, sports programmes / development

Type Book chapter

**Access** [E-document](#) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 10726+1 / 033.2

Author(s) Llúis Millet

**Title** **Impacte urbà dels Jocs Olímpics**

Source Centre d'Estudis Olímpics, Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona

Date February 1992

Page(s) 9p.

Language Catalan

Summary *Lecture given by the director of the Infrastructure Division at COOB'92 at the university course on Olympic Games organised by CEO-UAB in February 1992 on the urban impacts of the Games of the XXV Olympiad.*

Type Lecture

**Access** [E-document](#)

Author(s) Llúis Millet

**Title** **Olympic villages after the Games**

Source *In:* Miquel de Moragas Spà, Montserrat Llinés & Bruce Kidd (eds.), Olympic Villages: A hundred years of urban planning and shared experiences, Lausanne: Olympic Museum, pp. 123-129

Date 1997

Page(s) 9p.

Summary *This paper provides a uses basic statistics to present a brief overview of the impact and legacy of an Olympic Village on a city's infrastructure.*





<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – housing
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Urban</b> – demography, venues <b>Sporting</b> - venues
Type	Symposium paper
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a> or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 11980 / 071

Author(s)	Francisco-Javier Monclús
<b>Title</b>	<b>Barcelona 1992</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> John R. Gold & Margaret M. Gold (eds.), Olympic Cities: City agendas, planning and the world's Games, 1896-2016, London: Routledge, pp. 268-286
Date	2011
Page(s)	19p.

Summary *This book chapter presents a detailed examination of the urban planning impact and legacy of hosting the 1992 Games of the Olympiad on the city of Barcelona.*

<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – arts programmes, housing
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, waste management <b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology <b>Sporting</b> – venues

Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24324 / 071

Author(s)	Francisco-Javier Monclús
<b>Title</b>	<b>The Barcelona model: an original formula?: from “reconstruction” to strategic urban projects (1979-2004)</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, vol. 3, New-York: Routledge, pp. 348-567
Date	2012
Page(s)	20p.

Summary *The so-called “Barcelona model” as something unique in the panorama of international urbanism. This book chapter seeks to analyse this model, in order to reach a better understanding of its connections, the parallels and its specific characteristics compared with experiences in other cities.*

<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – arts programmes, housing
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, waste management <b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology <b>Sporting</b> – venues

Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/2 / 033.2

Author(s)	Oriol Nel·lo
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<b>Title</b>	<b>The Olympic Games as a tool for urban renewal: the experience of Barcelona'92 Olympic village</b>
Source	<i>In</i> : Miquel de Moragas Spà, Montserrat Llinés & Bruce Kidd (eds.), Olympic Villages: A hundred years of urban planning and shared experiences, Lausanne: Olympic Museum, pp. 91-96
Date	1997
Page(s)	6p.
Summary	<i>This paper provides a brief examination of the motivation and planning impacts and the legacies derived from the urban transformation that took place in the area of the Olympic village location in Barcelona.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – housing, cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development <b>Economic</b> – tourism, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transportation infrastructure
Type	Symposium paper
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a> or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 11980 / 071

Author(s)	Oriol Nel-lo
<b>Title</b>	<b>Les repercussions urbanístique dels Jocs Olímpics de Barcelona'92</b>
Source	Centre d'Estudis Olímpics, Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona
Date	February 1992
Page(s)	10p.
Language	Catalan
Summary	<i>Lecture given by the director of the Institute of Metropolitan Studies at the university course on Olympic Games organised by CEO-UAB in February 1992 on the urban impacts of the Games of the XXV Olympiad.</i>
Type	Lecture
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	Richard Pointelin
<b>Title</b>	<b>La villa olímpica de Barcelone</b>
Source	<i>In</i> : Jean-Marc Holz (éd.), Les Jeux olympiques et leurs territoires, Perpignan: Presses universitaires de Perpignan, pp. 133-140
Date	2011
Page(s)	8p.
Summary	<i>Ce chapitre s'intéresse au quartier de la Vila Olímpica de Barcelone, réaménagé pour les Jeux Olympiques de 1992 et devenu depuis l'un des exemples à suivre en termes d'urbanisme olympique durable.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Economic</b> – real estate / housing, global image of the city
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Urban</b> – demography, venues
Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25315 / 033.2

Author(s)	Romain Roul
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<b>Title</b>	<b>Reconversion des héritages Olympiques et rénovation de l'espace urbain: Le stade olympique comme vecteur de développement</b>
Source	Montréal: Université du Québec
Date	2011
Page(s)	331p.
Summary	<i>Cette thèse s'intéresse à la question de la reconversion des stades olympiques après les Jeux en s'appuyant sur des cas d'étude précis (JO de Montréal 1976, Barcelone 1992 et Sydney 2000). Il démontre que l'élaboration dans la phase préolympique d'une stratégie urbanistique, financière et gestionnaire flexibles et adaptée à la trame urbaine métropolitaine et renouvelée dans le contexte post-olympique facilite la reconversion de cet équipement.</i>
See	<a href="#">Reconversion des héritages</a>

Author(s)	Anna B. Sànchez, Roser Plandiura & Vanesa Valiño
<b>Title</b>	<b>Barcelona 1992: international events and housing rights: A focus on the Olympic Games</b>
Source	Centre on Housing Rights and Evictions (COHRE)
Date	2007
Page(s)	58p.
Summary	<i>This independent research paper became part of a larger Mega-Events, Olympic Games and Housing Rights project. It is specific to the topic of housing and the knock-on impacts caused by urban renewal initiatives in Barcelona.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – education, health care services, housing, community pride
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – environment / environmental development, waste management <b>Economic</b> – real estate / housing, business opportunities <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transportation infrastructure <b>Sporting</b> – venues
Type	Paper
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a>



Author(s)	Dmitry Sivaev
<b>Title</b>	<b>The Olympic Games and structural transformations in hosting metropolitan areas</b>
Source	The Bartlett, University College London, Development Planning Unit DPU Working paper No 152
Date	2014
Page(s)	48 p.
Summary	<i>This paper applies the approach of economic structuralism to the legacy of the Olympic Games. The paper looks at whether the Olympics Games can be used as a tool that can support economic structural transformation in the city. To address this objective a combination of quantitative and qualitative analytical methods is used to study the Barcelona'92 and Sydney'2000 Games. Finally the paper briefly applies the conclusions of the case studies to the case of Rio de Janeiro.</i>
See	<a href="#">The Olympic Games and structural transformations in hosting metropolitan areas</a>



## 1.9. Seoul 1988 / Séoul 1988



Author(s)	Alan Bairner, Ji-Hyun Cho
<b>Title</b>	<b>The legacy of the 1988 Seoul Olympic Games: a qualified success?</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Jonathan Grix, Leveraging legacies from sports mega-events, Palgrave Macmillan, pp. 86-95
Date	2014
Page(s)	10 p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter examines the legacy of the 1998 Summer Olympics, held in Seoul. It argues that there is incontrovertible evidence of legacy in the case of the Seoul Games in terms of sporting, economic and cultural advances.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, social and political</b> – cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> <b>Sporting</b>
Type	Article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>

Author(s)	Brian Bridges
<b>Title</b>	<b>The Seoul Olympics: economic miracle meets the world</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, vol. 3, New-York: Routledge, pp. 267-281
Date	2012
Page(s)	15p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter is focused on presenting a brief examination of the both the national positive legacies (enhancing the economy, additional employment, urban regeneration, increasing people's participation in healthy activities, promoting nation-building) and international positive legacies (boosting prestige) that resulted from Seoul's hosting of the Games of the XXIV Olympiad in 1988.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – arts programmes, education, youth, health care services, community pride, cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> – tourism, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues
Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/3 / 033.2

Author(s)	Peter Horton, John Saunders
<b>Title</b>	<b>The East Asian Olympic Games: what of sustainable legacies?</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> International Journal of the History of Sport, April 2012, vol. 29, issue 6, pp. 887-911
Date	2012
Page(s)	25p.



**Summary** *This article analyses the three held in Asia Olympic Summer Games - Tokyo (1964), Seoul (1988) and Beijing (2008) - by looking at the economic, cultural, sporting and environmental legacies each has left.*

**See** [The East Asian Olympic Games](#)

**Author(s)** Lisa Kim Davis  
**Title** **Housing, Evictions and the Seoul 1988 Summer Olympic Games: Background paper**

**Source** Centre on Housing Rights and Evictions (COHRE)

**Date** 2007

**Page(s)** 47p.

**Summary** *This independent research paper became part of a larger Mega-Events, Olympic Games and Housing Rights project. It is specific to the topic of housing and the knock-on impacts caused by urban renewal and city 'beautification' initiatives in Seoul.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games

**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – housing

**Environmental** – environment / environmental development

**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, business opportunities, real estate / housing, global image of the city

**Urban** – demography, venues, transport infrastructure

**Type** Paper

**Access** [E-document](#)

**Author(s)** Gang-Hoan Jeong

**Title** **Residents' perceptions on the long-term impacts of the Seoul Olympics to the Chamsil area development in a tourism perspective**

**Source** *In:* John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), *The making of Olympic cities*, vol. 3, New-York: Routledge, pp. 282-289

**Date** 2012

**Page(s)** 8p.

**Summary** *The purpose of this book chapter is to identify the positive and negative aspects of long-term post-Olympic impacts on the host local community development, from a tourism perspective, as perceived by the local population of Chamsil (Seoul, Korea), and hence to establish a general profile of the resident's satisfaction with the long-term post-Olympic impacts in tourism context.*

**Phase(s)** Post-Games

**Legacy and Impact** **Economic** – tourism, global image of the city

**Theme(s)**

**Type** Book chapter

**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/3 / 033.2

**Author(s)** Kyung Tae Kang

**Title** **The National Image of South Korea as Reflected in The New York Times Before and After the 1988 Seoul Olympic Games**

**Source** Ann Arbor: UMI

**Date** 1993

**Page(s)** 76p.



Summary	<i>This basis of this academic thesis is a pre and post-Games study of media coverage on South Korea by a single newspaper - The New York Times - that was designed to examine the impact of the Games on the reporting of the evolving image of the country.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact</b> <b>Theme(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Post Games <b>Social, Cultural and Political</b> – community / national pride <b>Economic</b> –global image of the country
Type <b>Access</b>	Thesis IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 16652 / 033.2

Author(s) <b>Title</b> Source Date Page(s)	Hyunsun Yoon <b>The Legacy of the 1988 Seoul Olympic Games</b> <i>In:</i> Gavin Poynter & Iain Macrury (eds.), Olympic Cities: 2012 and the remaking of London, Surrey: Ashgate Publishing Limited, pp. 87-95 2009 9p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter is focused on presenting a brief examination of the both the hard and soft legacies that resulted from Seoul's hosting of the Games of the XXIV Olympiad in 1988.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact</b> <b>Theme(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – arts programmes, volunteerism, housing, community / national pride, cultural awareness <b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development <b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, housing / real estate, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – transportation infrastructure, technology <b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management
Type <b>Access</b>	Book chapter IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 23661 / 033.2

## 1.10. Los Angeles 1984

Author(s) <b>Title</b> Source Date Page(s)	M. J. Burbank, G. D. Andranovitch, and C. H. Heying <b>Los Angeles and the 1984 Summer Games</b> <i>In:</i> John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, , vol. 3, New-York: Routledge, pp. 208-234 2012 27p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter presents a detailed examination of the motivation, impact and legacy of Los Angeles's efforts to host the 1980 Games of the Olympiad. It starts with the city's bid history, continuing through the organization of the entrepreneurial Olympics, and ending with an overview of the impact of the 1984 Olympics on LA and urban growth politics in the United States.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games





**Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** **Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, volunteerism, health care services, housing, community pride, cultural awareness  
**Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, green venues  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, event management, global image of the city  
**Urban** – demography, venues, transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting** – venues, event management, sports programmes / development

Type Book chapter  
Access IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/3 / 033.2

Author(s) Mark Dyreson and Matthew Llewellyn  
Title **Los Angeles is *the* Olympic city: legacies of the 1932 and the 1984 Olympic Games**

Source *In:* John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, vol. 3, New-York: Routledge, pp. 235-264

Date 2012  
Page(s) 30p.

Summary *This book chapter explores the way that the city of Los Angeles has shaped every aspect of the modern Olympic Movement and left an important legacy. The city used the 1932 Games to put itself on the global map and the 1984 Games to redefine its image to the world.*

See [Los Angeles and the Olympic city](#)

Author Economic Research Associates  
Title **Community Economic Impact of the 1984 Olympic Games in Los Angeles**  
Source Economics Research Associates  
Date October 1984  
Page(s) 83p.

Summary *The report is focused on presenting an assessment of the mainly one-time economic specific impacts on the Southern California community.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** **Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, employment, education, youth, health care services, sports programmes / development, cultural awareness  
**Economic** - tourism, employment, business opportunities, event management, global image of the city / country  
**Urban** – venues, technology  
**Sporting** – venues, event management, sports programmes / development

Type Report  
Access IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 12459 / 033.2

Author(s) John E. Findling  
Title **Los legados olímpicos: los Juegos de verano de los Estados Unidos de 1904, 1932, 1984 y 1996**

Source *In:* Citius, Altius, Fortius: humanismo, sociedad y deporte: investigaciones y ensayos, Vol. 6(1), 2013, pp. 9-20

Date 2012  
Page(s) 12p.

Summary *Legacies can both be tangible and intangible and all Olympic Games leave a complex of legacies that fall into both categories. This article focuses on those Summer Games held in the United States, namely the St. Louis Games of 1904, Los*





Angeles Games of 1932 and 1984, and the more recent Atlanta Games of 1996. Each of these Games offers rather different lessons in terms of their impact on their host city and region and thus provides us with some interesting comparison.

See [Los legados olímpicos](#)

## 1.11. Montreal 1976 / Montréal 1976

Author(s) Daniel Latouche  
**Title** **Montreal 1976**  
Source *In:* John R. Gold & Margaret M. Gold (eds.), *Olympic Cities: City agendas, planning and the world's Games, 1896-2016*, London: Routledge, pp. 247-267  
Date 2011  
Page(s) 21p.  
Summary *This book chapter presents a detailed examination of the motivation, impact and legacy of Montreal's efforts to host the 1976 Games of the Olympiad.*  
**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, volunteerism, health care services, housing, community pride, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, green venues  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, event management, global image of the city  
**Urban** – demography, venues, transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting** – venues, event management, sports programmes / development  
Type Book chapter  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24324 / 071

Author(s) Bruce Kidd  
**Title** **The Legacies of 2010 Winter Olympic and Paralympic Games in Vancouver**  
Source IOC Olympic Studies Centre Postgraduate Selection Committee  
Date 2010  
Page(s) 17p.  
Summary *In addition to its primary focus on the post-Games impacts of the 2010 Olympic Winter Games in Vancouver and Whistler, this paper also presents concrete examples of some of the impacts and legacies that were ultimately realized over time as a result of Montreal's hosting of the 1976 Summer Games.*  
See [Bruce Kidd](#)

Author(s) Roman Roul and Sylvain Lefebvre  
**Title** **Planning and reconversion of Olympic heritages: the Montreal Olympic stadium**  
Source *In:* John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), *The making of Olympic cities*, , vol. 3 New-York: Routledge, pp. 144-160  
Date 2012  
Page(s) 17p.  
Summary *This book chapter explores the recurring Olympic stadiums' problematic of reconversion. Through an in-depth study and historiography of the planning and reconversion phases of the Montreal Olympics' heritage, this article aims to*



*demonstrate how such a facility, central to the hosting of the Olympics, has become a model of post-Olympic failure.*

<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Economic</b> – event management, global image of the city / country
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Urban</b> – venues
Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/3 / 033.2

## 1.12. Munich 1972

Author(s)	Stephanie Jasmand, Wolfgang Maennig
<b>Title</b>	<b>Regional income and employment effects of the 1972 Munich Olympic Summer Games</b>
Source	<i>In</i> : Regional Studies, 42(07): 2009, pp. 991-1002
Date	2009
Page(s)	12p.
Summary	<i>Olympic Games may have impacts on income and employment in the host city, but no ex post study has been carried out for European Olympic host cities to date. The present study closes this gap using the 1972 Munich Olympic Games. The data period examined in this study allows for analysis of long-term effects. In addition, the methodology avoids overestimating the significance of the effects. The results: income in Olympic regions grew significantly faster than in other German regions. In contrast, no employment effects were identified.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – employment
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> – business opportunities
Type	Paper
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>



Author(s)	Valerie Viehoff, Holger Kretschmer
<b>Title</b>	<b>Olympic Games Munich 1972 and London 2012: creating urban legacies - similar concepts in different times?: final report</b>
Source	IOC Olympic Studies Centre Postgraduate Research Grant Programme 2013.
Date	2014
Page(s)	40 p.
Summary	<i>This comparative study shifts the focus away from the standard examples of Olympic urban legacy towards Munich 1972 and London 2012. Munich Olympic Park and Olympic village(s) still being in use 40 years after their creation, demonstrates a form of positive long-term legacy.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games
<b>Legacy and</b>	<b>Urban</b> - venues

**Impact  
Theme(s)**

Type Report  
Access [E-document](#)

### 1.13. Mexico 1968

Author(s) Michael Barke  
**Title** **Mexico City 1968**  
Source *In*: John R. Gold & Margaret M. Gold (eds.), Olympic Cities: City agendas, planning and the world's Games, 1896-2016, London: Routledge, pp. 233-246  
Date 2011  
Page(s) 14p.

Summary *This book chapter is focused on presenting both a historical perspective of Mexican sport participation and an examination of the way in which hosting the 1968 Games of the Olympiad in Mexico City was used as a means to promote an updated global image of the city and country.*

**Phase(s)  
Legacy and  
Impact  
Theme(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, youth, housing, sports programmes / development, national pride, cultural awareness  
**Environmental** – waste management  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, real / estate, housing, event management, global image of the city / country  
**Urban** – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting** – venues, event management, sports programmes / development

Type Book chapter  
Access IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24324 / 071

### 1.14. Tokyo 1964

Author(s) Peter Horton, John Saunders  
**Title** **The East Asian Olympic Games: what of sustainable legacies?**  
Source *In*: International Journal of the History of Sport, April 2012, vol. 29, issue 6, pp. 887-911  
Date 2012  
Page(s) 25p.

Summary *This article analyses the three Olympic Summer Games held in Asia - Tokyo (1964), Seoul (1988) and Beijing (2008) - by looking at the economic, cultural, sporting and environmental legacies each has left.*

**See** [The East Asian Olympic Games](#)

Author(s) Shuying Yuan  
**Title** **A miraculous revitalization of Japan? A comparative analysis of the 1964**



	<b>Tokyo Olympic Games, the failed 2016 host city bid and the successful 2020 bid</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Asia Pacific journal of sport and social science, 4 Dec. 2013, Ahead of print
Date	2014
Page(s)	17p.
Summary	<i>This article analyses the relationships between the revitalization of Japan and the hosting of the Olympic Games. It illustrates the great changes that the 1964 Games brought to Japan. It also describes the huge benefits that were expected from hosting the 2016 Games, although that bid ultimately failed. Finally, it assesses the major benefits that are expected from hosting the 2020 Games.</i>
<b>Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political Economic</b>
Type	Article
Access	<a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>

## 1.15. Melbourne 1956

Author(s)	Philip Goad
<b>Title</b>	<b>Competition and circumstance: urban legacies of the Olympics</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, vol. 4, New-York: Routledge, pp. 71-85
Date	2012
Page(s)	15p.
Summary	<i>Phillip Goad's work is a study of the effect of the Olympic games on the urban form of the two cities that hosted them, Melbourne in 1956 and Sydney in 2000. These two different Olympics were world apart, and strong contrast can be seen. In terms of infrastructure, the Olympics would seem to have been of benefit to both cities, as the sudden need forced infrastructure to be developed that would serve the cities well for following decades.</i>
See	<a href="#">Competition and circumstance</a>

## 1.16. Berlin 1936

Author(s)	HN Corteen
<b>Title</b>	<b>Olympic legacy: special issue</b>
Source	Urban design, Autumn 2010
Date	2011
Page(s)	49p.
Summary	<i>This issue offers some critical viewpoints as to how London 2012 is preparing and moving towards delivering a legacy and the leverage this gives to regeneration. It looks at some worldwide case studies (Berlin 1936, Beijing 2008, Vancouver 2010), as well as an unsuccessful bid (Cape Town 2004) to see what lessons, if any, cities can learn. It also looks at two key elements of the modern day events: communities and parks, and touch on a recent conference that explored how to measure the</i>



*legacy.*

**See** [Olympic legacy: special issue](#)

**Author(s)** Monika Meyer  
**Title** **Berlin 1936**  
**Source** *In:* John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, vol. 2, New-York: Routledge, pp. 267-286  
**Date** 2012  
**Page(s)** 20p.  
**Summary** *This book chapter is primarily focused on presenting a detailed examination of the planning, implementation and legacy of venues for the 1936 Games of the Olympiad in Berlin.*  
**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, education, youth, housing, sports programmes / development, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, business opportunities  
**Urban** – venues, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** – venues, sports programmes / development, event management  
**Type** Book chapter  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/2 / 033.2

## 1.17. Los Angeles 1932

**Author(s)** Mark Dyreson and Matthew Llewellyn  
**Title** **Los Angeles is *the* Olympic city: legacies of the 1932 and the 1984 Olympic Games**  
**Source** *In:* John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, vol. 3, New-York: Routledge, pp. 235-264  
**Date** 2012  
**Page(s)** 30p.  
**Summary** *This book chapter explores the way that the city of Los Angeles has shaped every aspect of the modern Olympic Movement and left an important legacy. The city used the 1932 Games to put itself on the global map and the 1984 Games to redefine its image to the world.*  
**See** [Los Angeles and the Olympic city](#)

**Author(s)** John E. Findling  
**Title** **Los legados olímpicos: los Juegos de verano de los Estados Unidos de 1904, 1932, 1984 y 1996**  
**Source** *In:* Citius, Altius, Fortius: humanismo, sociedad y deporte: investigaciones y ensayos, Vol. 6(1), 2013, pp. 9-20  
**Date** 2013  
**Page(s)** 12p.  
**Summary** *Legacies can both be tangible and intangible and all Olympic Games leave a complex of legacies that fall into both categories. This article focuses on those Summer Games held in the United States, namely the St. Louis Games of 1904, Los*



*Angeles Games of 1932 and 1984, and the more recent Atlanta Games of 1996. Each of these Games offers rather different lessons in terms of their impact on their host city and region and thus provides us with some interesting comparison.*

See [Los legados olímpicos](#)

## 1.18. Amsterdam 1928

Author(s)	Hans M. Westerbeek
Title	<b>The Amsterdam Olympic Games of 1928 and 2028: will city heritage inform legacy intent?</b>
Source	<i>In: Sport in Society: Cultures, Commerce, Media, Politics</i> , Volume 12, Issue 6, 2009
Date	2009
Page(s)	pp. 776-791
Summary	<i>This essay explores the background to the organization of the 1928 Olympic Games, and the impact of hosting the Games on Amsterdam's position as a city of prominence in Europe and indeed the world. Going back to the founding days of the City of Amsterdam, the city's heritage will be used to provide a platform for more recent political rhetoric and actual policy plans for Amsterdam to potentially bid for the 2028 Games.</i>
Phase(s)	Post-Games
Legacy and Impact	<b>Economic</b> – global image of the City / country <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transport infrastructure
Theme(s)	
Type	Article
Access	<a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>

## 1.19. St-Louis 1904

Author(s)	John E. Findling
Title	<b>Los legados olímpicos: los Juegos de verano de los Estados Unidos de 1904, 1932, 1984 y 1996</b>
Source	<i>In: Citius, Altius, Fortius: humanismo, sociedad y deporte: investigaciones y ensayos</i> , Vol. 6(1), 2013, pp. 9-20
Date	2012
Page(s)	12p.
Summary	<i>Legacies can both be tangible and intangible and all Olympic Games leave a complex of legacies that fall into both categories. This article focuses on those Summer Games held in the United States, namely the St. Louis Games of 1904, Los Angeles Games of 1932 and 1984, and the more recent Atlanta Games of 1996. Each of these Games offers rather different lessons in terms of their impact on their host city and region and thus provides us with some interesting comparison.</i>
See	<a href="#">Los legados olímpicos</a>





## 1.20. Multiple Games of the Olympiad / Jeux de l'Olympiade multiples

<b>Title</b>	<b>The Olympic Effect: A report on the potential tourism impacts of the Sydney 2000 Games</b>
Source	Canberra: Tourism Forecasting Council
Date	1998
Page(s)	65p.
Summary	<i>Although this report is mainly focused on trying to assess the potential tourism benefits of hosting the 2000 Olympic Games, it also briefly examines data from the previous Olympic host cities of Moscow (1980), Los Angeles (1984), Barcelona (1992) and Atlanta (1996).</i>
<b>See</b>	<a href="#">The Olympic effect</a>

Author(s)	Dean Baim
<b>Title</b>	<b>Olympic-driven Urban Development</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Gavin Poynter & Iain Macrury (eds.), <i>Olympic Cities: 2012 and the remaking of London</i> , Surrey: Ashgate Publishing Limited, pp. 73-84
Date	2009
Page(s)	12p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter is focused on presenting a historic overview of how the Olympic Games have evolved to include a number of elements of urban development. Examples cover the Summer Games from the beginning in 1896 through to their return to Athens in 2004.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – arts programmes, housing, cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – environment / environmental development, green venues, waste management <b>Economic</b> – tourism, business opportunities, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – transport, transportation infrastructure, technology <b>Sporting</b> – venues
Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 23661 / 033.2



Author(s)	Jean-Loup Chappelet
<b>Title</b>	<b>Managing the size of the Olympic Games</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Sport in society: cultures, commerce, media, politics, Nov. 2013, pp. 1-12
Date	2013
Page(s)	13p.
Summary	<i>This study shows how various participation and organization indicators have expanded over six Olympiads, from Barcelona 1992 to London 2012, and examines the reasons for this growth. It suggests ways of reducing the size of the Summer Olympic Games in order to make them more manageable and to encourage candidatures from smaller cities and countries.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning



<b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Sporting</b> - event management
Type	Article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>



Author(s)	Jeffrey J. Collett
<b>Title</b>	<b>The economic impact of the Olympic Games</b>
Source	Colorado College
Date	2014
Page(s)	68 p.
Summary	<i>The purpose of this study is to determine the effects of hosting the Olympic Games through GDP, employment, and tourism. To assess the economic impact, host nations will not only be analyzed in and of itself, but will also be compared to runner-up nations in the bidding process. Though runner-up nations tend to economically benefit more often than the host nation per Olympiad, host nations are found to benefit intrinsically.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> - employment, tourism, business opportunities
Type	Thesis
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	Gary Cox
<b>Title</b>	<b>Sustaining a legacy: from Sydney 2000's environmental guidelines to the Commission for a Sustainable London 2012</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Australian Planner, Special Issue: Planning for Olympic Games, Volume 49, Issue 3, 2012
Date	2012
Page(s)	pp. 203-2014
Summary	<i>The Sydney Olympics provided a benchmark for sustainable design and construction in Australia and also a template for future Games. London's successful bid for the 2012 Games took these principles further with a focus on legacy as its core mission. This paper explores the evolution of environmental and sustainability concerns in the Olympic movement and how these have altered the staging of the Games and the associated physical developments. It examines whether the lessons from the Sydney and London Olympics can be more widely applied in urban renewal and regeneration schemes in both Australia and the UK.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games, Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Urban</b> – venues, transport infrastructure <b>Environmental</b> – sustainable development, environmental development, green venues
Type	Paper
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">With access charge</a>



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| Author(s)<br><b>Title</b>                                      | Taha Diaey, Jérôme J. Dufourg, Pāvel Tjuševs, & Alberto Zamboni Garavelli<br><b>Bidding: how can you win even if you lose?: identifying the legacies of lost bids to host a sports mega event</b>   |
| Source   | Neuchâtel: CIES   |
| Date   | 2011  |
| Page(s)  | 84p.  |
| Summary  | <i>This CIES student research paper uses the examples of various mega sports events, including the Olympic Games, to examine why cities bid for events as well as what legacies are derived from bidding, even if unsuccessfully.</i>   |
| <b>Phase(s)</b><br><b>Legacy and Impact</b><br><b>Theme(s)</b> | Applicant & Candidature Phase<br><b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – education, youth, housing, sports programmes / development, community / national pride<br><b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management<br><b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, global image of the city / country<br><b>Urban</b> - venues<br><b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management, sports programmes / development |
| Type<br><b>Access</b>  | Research paper<br><a href="#">E-document</a>  |
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| Author(s)<br><b>Title</b>                                      | Mark Dyreson and Matthew Llewellyn<br><b>Los Angeles is <i>the</i> Olympic city: legacies of the 1932 and the 1984 Olympic Games</b>   |
| Source   | <i>In:</i> John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, vol. 3, New-York: Routledge, pp. 235-264  |
| Date   | 2012   |
| Page(s)  | 30p.   |
| Summary  | <i>This book chapter explores the way that the city of Los Angeles has shaped every aspect of the modern Olympic Movement and left an important legacy. The city used the 1932 Games to put itself on the global map and the 1984 Games to redefine its image to the world.</i>    |
| <b>Phase(s)</b><br><b>Legacy and Impact</b><br><b>Theme(s)</b> | Post-Games<br><b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – arts programmes, community pride, cultural awareness<br><b>Economic</b> – tourism, event management, global image of the city<br><b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, technology<br><b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management |
| Type<br><b>Access</b>  | Book chapter<br>IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/3 / 033.2   |
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| Author(s)<br><b>Title</b> | CB Richard Ellis (CBRE)<br><b>Impact of Olympics Related Development on the Beijing Real Estate Market: After the feast moves on</b>  |
| Source                    | CBRE Research – Asia, Issue 3   |
| Date                      | 2007  |
| Page(s)                   | 12p.  |
| Summary                   | <i>In an effort to 'learn from the precedents' the article briefly looks at overall economic on past Summer Games examples from 1964 Tokyo to 2004 Athens before focusing</i> |



on an analysis of Beijing.

See [CB Richard Ellis](#)

Author(s) Stephen Essex & Brian Chalkley  
**Title** **The Olympic Games: catalyst of urban change**  
Source Leisure Studies, vol. 17, issue 3  
Date 1998  
Page(s) pp. 187-206

Summary *This article examines the impact of the Olympic Games have had on the built environment of past Olympic host cities with examples covering Olympic Summer Games host cities from 1896 to 2000.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – health care services, housing, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, real estate / housing, global image of the city  
**Urban** – venues, transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting** – venues

Type Article  
**Access** [E-document](#)

Author(s) Experian Business Strategies  
**Title** **Employment and Skills for the 2012 Games: Research and evidence: Final report**  
Source Learning and Skills Council & London Development Agency  
Date May 2006  
Page(s) 58p.

Summary *Data from the past Olympic host cities Barcelona (1992), Atlanta (1996), Sydney (2000), Athens (2004) serve as a cornerstone for projecting the employment and skills impacts that hosting the 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games could have on London.*

See [Final report](#)

Author(s) Experian Business Strategies  
**Title** **Employment and Skills for the 2012 Games: research and evidence: annex to final report**  
Source Learning and Skills Council & London Development Agency  
Date May 2006  
Page(s) 51p.

Summary *This annex to the final report commissioned by the Learning and Skills Council for London and the London Development Agency is largely, but not exclusively, focused on studying employment and skills impacts of other venues as well as the past Olympic host cities of Barcelona (1992), Atlanta (1996), Sydney (2000), Athens (2004).*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – employment, education, youth, volunteerism, housing, community pride, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, waste management



**Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities  
**Urban** – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting** – venues, event management

Type Report annex  
Access [E-document](#)



Author(s) John E. Findling  
Title **Los legados olímpicos: los Juegos de verano de los Estados Unidos de 1904, 1932, 1984 y 1996**

Source *In*: Citius, Altius, Fortius: humanismo, sociedad y deporte: investigaciones y ensayos, Vol. 6(1), 2013, pp. 9-20

Date 2012

Page(s) 12p.

Summary *Legacies can both be tangible and intangible and all Olympic Games leave a complex of legacies that fall into both categories. This article in Spanish focuses on those Summer Games held in the United States, namely the St. Louis Games of 1904, Los Angeles Games of 1932 and 1984, and the more recent Atlanta Games of 1996. Each of these Games offers rather different lessons in terms of their impact on their host city and region and thus provides us with some interesting comparison.*

Phase(s) Post-Games  
Legacy and Impact **Cultural, Social and Political** - education, community / national pride, cultural awareness  
Theme(s) **Environmental**  
**Economic** – tourism  
**Urban** – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting**

Type Article  
Access IOC Olympic Studies Centre: PA 462/2013/1 / 327:01

Author(s) Beatriz Garcia  
Title **The role of arts and culture in the Olympic Games: from Olympic arts competitions to Cultural Olympiads**

Source Liverpool: University of Liverpool

Date 2009

Page(s) 15p.

Summary *This paper is primarily focused on presenting a historical account of the arts and cultural programmes at the Games of the Olympiad, from the inception of the idea in 1906 through to the 2008 games in Beijing. Consideration is also given to the future of the arts and cultural programmes place in future Games editions.*

Phase(s) Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time  
Legacy and Impact **Cultural, social and political** - arts programmes, cultural awareness  
Theme(s)

Type Paper  
Access [E-document](#)



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|--------------------------|--|
| Author(s)                | Klaus Heinemann  |
| <b>Title</b>             | <b>The Olympic Games: short-term economic impacts or long-term legacy?</b>   |
| Source                   | <i>In:</i> Miquel de Moragas, Christopher Kennett & Nuria Puig (eds.), <i>The Legacy of the Olympic Games 1894-2000</i> , Lausanne: International Olympic Committee, pp. 181-194   |
| Date                     | 2003   |
| Page(s)                  | 14p.   |
| Summary                  | <i>This symposium paper is focused on offering a comparison of various financing related elements, both tangible and intangible, and their evolution over a series of Summer Games editions that stretch from those hosted by Los Angeles in 1984 through to Sydney in 2000.</i> |
| <b>Phase(s)</b>          | Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games   |
| <b>Legacy and Impact</b> | <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – employment, volunteerism, national pride, cultural awareness   |
| <b>Theme(s)</b>          | <b>Environmental</b> – environment / environmental development, air quality<br><b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city<br><b>Urban</b> – venues<br><b>Sporting</b> - venues             |
| Type                     | Symposium paper  |
| <b>Access</b>            | <a href="#">E-document</a> (choose link - full text pp. 1-252) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 19515 / 033.2   |
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| Author(s)                | Peter Horton, John Saunders   |
| <b>Title</b>             | <b>The East Asian Olympic Games: what of sustainable legacies?</b>  |
| Source                   | <i>In:</i> <i>International Journal of the History of Sport</i> , April 2012, vol. 29, issue 6, pp. 887-911   |
| Date                     | 2012  |
| Page(s)                  | 25p.  |
| Summary                  | <i>This article analyses the three held in Asia Olympic Summer Games - Tokyo (1964), Seoul (1988) and Beijing (2008) - by looking at the economic, cultural, sporting and environmental legacies each has left.</i> |
| <b>Phase(s)</b>          | Post-Games  |
| <b>Legacy and Impact</b> | <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – community / national pride, cultural awareness  |
| <b>Theme(s)</b>          | <b>Environmental</b> – environment / environmental development<br><b>Economic</b> – global image of the city / country<br><b>Sporting</b> – venues, sports programmes / development                                 |
| Type                     | Article   |
| <b>Access</b>            | <a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>   |
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| Author(s)    | Kyriaki Kaplanidou   |
| <b>Title</b> | <b>Examining the importance of Olympic Games legacy aspects amongst host city residents: a temporal approach</b>   |
| Source       | Gainesville: University of Florida   |
| Date         | 2010   |
| Page(s)      | 53p.   |
| Summary      | <i>This IOC postgraduate research grant holder report combines an examination of primary source documents and interviews from a limited sample group per city to explore the legacy impact on residents' quality of life in the host city of Summer Games editions in Atlanta 1996, Sydney 2000, Athens 2004 and Beijing 2008.</i> |





<b>Phase(s)</b>	Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – arts programmes, employment, education, youth, volunteerism, housing, sports programmes / development, community pride, cultural awareness <b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management <b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, event management, global image of the city / country <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology <b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management, sports programmes / development
Type	Report
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	John Karamichas
Title	<b>Olympic Games as an opportunity for the ecological modernization of the host nation: the case of Sydney 2000 and Athens 2004</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Graeme Hayes, John Karamichas (eds), Olympic Games, mega-events and civil societies: globalization, environment, resistance, Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan, pp. 151-171
Date	2012
Page(s)	21p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter seeks to answer to question in link with the greening of the Olympic Games: to what extent has hosting the Games been translated into medium-and long-term improvement in environmental consciousness and performance in host nations? And second; given the universal prescriptions of the IOC bidding files and the globalized nature of both the events and its governance regime, how can we account for the fact that – from the evidence of Sydney 2000 and Athens 2004 – some nations are apparently more successful than others in the organization of “green” Games?</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues
Type	Book chapter
Access	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25161 / 033.2

Author(s)	Evangelia Kasimati
Title	<b>Macroeconomic and Financial Analysis of Mega-events: Evidence from Greece</b>
Source	University School of Bath, Department of Economics & International Development
Date	2006
Page(s)	221p.
Summary	<i>As part of this academic thesis the review of literature briefly examines a number of economic impact studies that have been carried out on the previous Olympic summer host cities of Los Angeles (1984), Seoul (1998), Barcelona (1992), Atlanta (1996) and Sydney (2000). Examples from previous Olympic Games are also cited in comparisons to Athens (2004).</i>
See	<a href="#">Macroeconomic</a>

Author(s)	Evangelia Kasimati
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<b>Title</b>	<b>Economic aspects and the Summer Olympics: a review of related research</b>
Source	International Journal Of Tourism Research, no. 5
Date	2003
Page(s)	pp. 433-444
Summary	<i>This article presents a tourism specific comparative overview of existing economic impact studies for various Olympic Games editions starting with 1984 Los Angeles and extending through to 2012 London.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Games Time
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Economic</b> – tourism, global image of the city, business opportunities
<b>Theme(s)</b>	
Type	Journal article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	Eva Kassens-Noor
<b>Title</b>	<b>Planning Olympic legacies: transport dreams and urban realities</b>
Source	New-York: Routledge
Date	2012
Page(s)	131p.
Summary	<i>This book is the first major study of the evolution of transport and urban legacies. It focuses on the inside story of the urban and transport change process undergone by four cities (Barcelona, Atlanta, Sydney, and Athens) that staged the Olympics and forecasts London and Rio de Janeiro's urban trajectories. The final chapter advises cities on how to leverage the Olympic opportunity to advance their long-run urban strategic plans and interests while fulfilling the International Olympic Committee's fundamental requirements.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Urban</b> – transport, transportation infrastructure
<b>Theme(s)</b>	
Type	Book
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a> (link to the original thesis) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25419 / 033.2

Author(s)	Keith Khan
<b>Title</b>	<b>Just Another Ceremony? A sustainable cultural legacy</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Anthony Vigor, Melissa Mean & Charlie Tims (eds.), After the Gold Rush: a sustainable Olympics for London, London: Institute for Public Policy Research, pp. 111-128 & 161-162
Date	2004
Page(s)	20p.
Summary	<i>While this book chapter is largely focused on a general examination of the concept of culture and how it could be applied to the 2012 Olympic Games in London it also includes cultural examples from past Olympic Games in Barcelona (1992), Atlanta (1996), Sydney (2000) and Athens (2004).</i>
<b>See</b>	<a href="#">Just Another Ceremony?</a>

Author(s)	Tracy Kornblatt
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<b>Title</b>	<b>Setting The Bar: Preparing for London's Olympic legacy</b>
Source	Centre for Cities, Institute for Public Policy Research
Date	December 2006
Page(s)	16p.
Summary	<i>Although this discussion paper is mainly focused on trying to assess the potential benefits that hosting the 2012 Olympic Games will bring to London, the author also briefly examines impact and legacy examples for the previous Olympic host cities of Montreal (1976), Los Angeles (1984), Barcelona (1992), Atlanta (1996), Sydney (2000), and Athens (2004).</i>
<b>See</b>	<a href="#">Centre for Cities</a>

Author(s)	Francesc Muñoz
<b>Title</b>	<b>Olympic urbanism and Olympic Villages: planning strategies in Olympic host cities, London 1908 to London 2012</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> John D. Horne, Sports mega-events: social scientific analyses of a global phenomenon, Malden: Blackwell, pp. 175-187
Date	2006
Page(s)	13p.
Summary	<i>The central argument of this paper is the contribution of the Olympic Games to the urbanization of the host cities. As some Olympic experiences show, the urban regeneration that results from the organization of the Games can be used as a guideline for the future development of the city and to design strategic and planning views for the future.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Urban</b> – venues, transportation infrastructure, technology (telecommunications, information systems, etc.)
Type	Article
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 21861 / 030

Author(s)	Hanwen Liao
<b>Title</b>	<b>A Framework for Evaluating Olympic Urban Development for Sustainability</b>
Source	Sheffield: University of Sheffield
Date	May 2006
Page(s)	317p.
Summary	<i>This academic thesis is largely focused on examining the impacts and legacies of Olympic related urban development with examples covering Olympic Summer Games host cities from 1896 to 2012.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – employment, housing, cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management <b>Economic</b> – tourism, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology <b>Sporting</b> – venues
Type	Thesis
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 21684 / 091



Author(s) London East Research Institute  
**Title** **A lasting legacy for London?: assessing the legacy of the Olympic Games and Paralympic Games**  
Source Greater London Authority  
Date May 2007  
Page(s) 135p.

Summary *A comparative examination of selected legacy themes for four previous editions of the Olympic Summer Games and Paralympic Games – Barcelona 1992, Atlanta 1996, Sydney 2000 and Athens 2004 - serves as the cornerstone of this report that was conducted for the London Assembly.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning, Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** **Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, employment, education, youth, volunteerism, health care services, housing, sports programmes / development, community / national pride, cultural awareness  
**Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city / country  
**Urban** – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting** – venues

Type Report  
**Access** [E-document](#) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 20580 / 033.2

Author(s) John Madden & Matthew Crowe  
**Title** **The economic impact of the Sydney Olympic Games: final report**  
Source NSW Treasury & the Centre for Regional Economic Analysis (CREA)  
Date November 2007  
Page(s) 94p.

Summary *Although largely focused on Sydney, the appendices of this paper include a brief examination of the impact experiences of past Olympic host city including Montreal (1976), Los Angeles (1984) and Atlanta (1996).*

**See** [NSW Treasury](#)



Author(s) Maximos Malfas, Eleni Theodoraki, Barrie Houlihan  
**Title** **Impacts of the Olympic Games as mega-events**  
Source Proceedings of the Institution of Civil Engineers, Municipal Engineer 157, September 2004 Issue ME3, pp. 209–220  
Date 2004  
Page(s) 12 p.

Summary *This paper reviews the literature on the features of recent Olympic Games and it identifies the nature and extent of their impacts on the host country and community. These range from the political, social, economical, physical and cultural and can be negative as well as positive.*

**Phase(s)**  
**Legacy and** **Cultural, social and political**



<b>Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental Economic Urban Sporting</b>
Type	Paper
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	Lynn Minnaert
<b>Title</b>	<b>The non-infrastructural impacts of the Olympic Games on socially excluded groups in the host community: a comparative scoping study from Atlanta 1996 to Beijing 2008</b>
Source	London: University of Westminster
Date	2009
Page(s)	49p.
Summary	<i>This IOC postgraduate research grant holder report examines the impact of the Olympic Games on socially excluded groups in the host community, especially low-income groups, for the Olympic Games from Atlanta 1996 to Beijing 2008.</i>
<b>Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – employment, education, youth, volunteerism, sports programmes / development, cultural awareness
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a> or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre MA23940 / 033.2

Author(s)	Oxford Economics
<b>Title</b>	<b>The value of the London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games to UK tourism</b>
Source	VisitBritain & Visit London
Date	September 2007
Page(s)	22p.
Summary	<i>Commissioned by VisitBritain and Visit London, this study uses tourism related examples and statistical data from previous mega-events including the Olympic Games in Barcelona (1992), Atlanta (1996), Sydney (2000) and Athens (2004).</i>
<b>See</b>	<a href="#">Oxford Economics</a>

Author(s)	Gavin Poynter
<b>Title</b>	<b>From Beijing to Bow Bells: measuring the Olympic effects</b>
Source	London East Research Institute, University of East London
Date	March 2006
Page(s)	37p.
Summary	<i>Limited examples from past Olympic Games editions (Munich 1972 to Beijing 2008) form part of the foundation for the author's analysis of legacy and its potential in relationship to the Games of the XXX Olympiad.</i>
<b>See</b>	<a href="#">From Beijing to Bow Bells</a>





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|--------------------------|---|
| Author(s)                | Holger Preuss   |
| <b>Title</b>             | <b>Sports mega-events and mass participation in sport</b>   |
| Source                   | <i>In</i> : Jonathan Grix, Leveraging legacies from sports mega-events, Palgrave Macmillan, pp. 39-49   |
| Date                     | 2014  |
| Page(s)                  | 10 p.   |
| Summary                  | <i>The potential of sports mega-events to increase mass participation in sport is explored in this chapter. Reviews of evidence from sports mega-events and specific evidence from London 2012 show that sports mega-events do have the potential to increase mass participation in sport if investment is made in strategies and initiatives seeking to harness the event to stimulate sport participation demand.</i> |
| <b>Phase(s)</b>          | Post-Games  |
| <b>Legacy and Impact</b> | <b>Cultural, social and political</b> - sports programmes / development   |
| <b>Theme(s)</b>          | <b>Sporting</b> - sports programmes / development   |
| Type                     | Article   |
| <b>Access</b>            | <a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>   |
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|--------------------------|---|
| Author(s)                | Holger Preuss   |
| <b>Title</b>             | <b>The economics of staging the Olympics: a comparison of the Games 1972-2008</b>   |
| Source                   | Cheltenham ; Northampton, MA : Edward Elgar Publishing Limited  |
| Date                     | 2004  |
| Page(s)                  | 332p.   |
| Summary                  | <i>The primary focus of this book is on offering a comparison of various financing related elements and their evolution over a series of Summer Games editions that stretch from those hosted by Munich in 1971 through to Beijing in 2008.</i> |
| <b>Phase(s)</b>          | Applicant and Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning, Games Time; Post-Games   |
| <b>Legacy and Impact</b> | <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – arts programmes, employment, education, volunteerism, health care services, housing, community / national pride   |
| <b>Theme(s)</b>          | <b>Environmental</b> – environment / environmental development  |
|                          | <b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, global image of the city  |
|                          | <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology   |
|                          | <b>Sporting</b> - venues  |
| Type                     | Book  |
| <b>Access</b>            | IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 20580+1 / 033.2  |
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|--------------|---|
| Author(s)    | Mike Raco   |
| <b>Title</b> | <b>Whose Gold Rush? The social legacy of a London Olympics</b>  |
| Source       | <i>In</i> : Anthony Vigor, Melissa Mean & Charlie Tims (eds.), After the Gold Rush: a sustainable Olympics for London, London: Institute for Public Policy Research, pp. 33-49, 153 & 157-159 |
| Date         | 2004  |
| Page(s)      | 21p.  |
| Summary      | <i>Although this book chapter is mainly focused on examining the potential social and economic impacts of the 2012 Olympic Games, the author also briefly mentions</i>                        |





*impact and legacy examples for the previous Olympic host cities of Munich (1972), Barcelona (1992), Sydney (2000), and Athens (2004).*

See [Whose Gold Rush?](#)



Author(s) Rogier Rombouts  
**Title** **Legacy strategies for future Olympic host cities**  
Source Delft University of Technology, Faculty of Architecture, Department Real Estate and Housing  
Date 2013  
Page(s) 174 p.  
Summary *Research consists of an intensive literature study of five preceding summer Olympic Games (Barcelona 1992; Atlanta 1996; Sydney 2000; Athens 2004; Beijing 2008) and an in-depth case study of the London 2012 Olympics. In all cases the legacy-planning during the process is analysed and evaluated by making use of a strategic model. In the end the lessons learned from preceding Games and London are converted into legacy strategies for future Olympic host cities.*  
**Phase(s)** Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Urban**  
**Theme(s)**  
Type Thesis  
**Access** [E-document](#), [Annex 1](#), [Annex 2](#)

Author(s) Romain Roullet  
**Title** **Reconversion des héritages Olympiques et rénovation de l'espace urbain: Le stade olympique comme vecteur de développement**  
Source Montréal: Université du Québec  
Date 2011  
Page(s) 331p.  
Summary *Cette thèse s'intéresse à la question de la reconversion des stades olympiques après les Jeux en s'appuyant sur des cas d'étude précis (JO de Montréal 1976, Barcelone 1992 et Sydney 2000). Il démontre que l'élaboration dans la phase préolympique d'une stratégie urbanistique, financière et gestionnaire flexibles et adaptée à la trame urbaine métropolitaine et renouvelée dans le contexte post-olympique facilite la reconversion de cet équipement.*  
**Phase(s)** Phase de planification avant des Jeux ; Après-Jeux  
**Legacy and Impact** **Économique** – gestion des événements  
**Theme(s)** **Urbain** – sites  
Type Thèse  
**Access** [E-document](#)



Author(s) Samuel Shalini & Wendy Stubbs  
**Title** **Green Olympics, green legacies? an exploration of the environmental legacies of the Olympic Games**  
Source *In: International review for the sociology of sport*, Vol. 48(4), Aug. 2013, pp. 485-504  
Date 2014  
Page(s) 14p.

Summary *This paper explores the legacies from the greening of the OG through an analysis of Beijing 2008, Singapore 2010, and London 2012, drawing on interviews with key stakeholders. While each OG is different, the key determinants for green legacies include: the breadth and depth of environmental commitments during the bid process; embedding sustainability in the vision, mission and branding of organizing committees; embedding sustainability in various aspects of OG organization, which is an important practical application of a sustainability vision; and the transfer of knowledge from one OG to the next, allowing newer host cities to enhance green legacies.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, green venues  
**Theme(s)**

Type Article  
**Access** [IOC onsite consultation](#), for offsite access, contact: [studies.centre@olympic.org](mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org)

Author(s) Hiromasa Shirai  
**Title** **From global field to local neighbourhood: sustainable transformation of the Olympic Park for the City**  
Source London: The London School of Economics and Political Science  
Date 2009  
Page(s) 115p.

Summary *This IOC postgraduate research grant holder report explores the way in which Olympic Parks are being transformed in the period between the bidding and post-Games period. It uses the examples of the Sydney 2000 and London 2012 Olympic parks to also examine the challenges of integrating such a complex post-Olympic Park into the city context.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, green venues  
**Theme(s)** **Urban** – venues,  
**Sporting** - venues

Type Report  
**Access** [E-document](#) or in print at the IOC Library MA 23707 / 091

Author(s) Anthony Vigor, Melissa Mean & Charlie Tims  
**Title** **Introduction**  
Source *In: Anthony Vigor, Melissa Mean & Charlie Tims (eds.), After the Gold Rush: a sustainable Olympics for London*, London: Institute for Public Policy Research, pp. 3-30, 152 & 154-157  
Date 2004  
Page(s) 33p.



Summary	<i>This introductory book chapter sets out to define what is meant by the terminology 'sustainable legacy' and how this might be applied to the 2012 Olympic Games in London based on past Games examples from Munich (1972), Montreal (1976), Los Angeles (1984), Seoul (1988), Barcelona (1992), Atlanta (1996), Sydney (2000) and Athens (2004).</i>
See	<a href="#">Introduction</a>



### 3. Olympic Winter Games / Jeux Olympiques d'hiver

#### 1.21. Sochi 2014 / Sotchi 2014



Author(s)	Martin Müller
<b>Title</b>	<b>(Im-)Mobile policies: why sustainability went wrong in the 2014 Olympics in Sochi</b>
Source	European urban and regional studies the history of sport, 7 Feb. 2014, Ahead of print
Date	2014
Page(s)	119p.
Summary	<i>This paper proposes a tripartite framework of transportation, transformation and translation to conceptualise the circulation, mutation and impacts of mobile policies as translocal, socio-material networks. Drawing on material from semi-structured interviews, participant observation and documents it considers the value of this framework by examining the mobility of the sustainability agenda of the Winter Olympic Games 2014 in Sochi.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact</b> <b>Theme(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning <b>Sporting</b>
Type	Article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>



Author(s)	The Sochi 2014 Organizing Committee
<b>Title</b>	<b>The Olympic Games impact: summary report</b>
Source	Sochi: The Sochi 2014 Organizing Committee
Date	2013
Page(s)	30p.
Summary	<i>The objective of this study is to identify and assess the Games impact on the country, region and host city where the Games will be staged, and to evaluate the Games legacy for future Games organizers. The research methodology is based on the concept of sustainable development, and the Games impact is analyzed in the context of three areas of development: economic, socio-cultural and environmental. The focus is on the long-term impact of the Games.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact</b> <b>Theme(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – Arts Programmes, employment, education, volunteerism, health care services, sports programmes / development, community / national pride, cultural awareness <b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global Image of the city / country <b>Environmental</b> – sustainability /sustainable development, green venues, air quality, waste management <b>Urban</b> – transport, transportation infrastructure



Type Report  
Access [E-document](#)

## 1.22. Vancouver 2010

Author(s) Anahit Armenakyan ... [et al.]  
Title **Does hosting the Olympic Games matter? Canada and Olympic Games images before and after the 2010 Olympic Games**  
Source *In*: London : International journal of sport management and marketing, 2012, pp. 111-140  
Date 2012  
Page(s) 30p.  
Summary *A cross-national, longitudinal study of Canadian and US respondents examined impacts of the Vancouver Olympic Games (VOG) on images of the host country, Canada, and the Olympic Games (OG) itself. Results indicated hosting the OG contributed to improved images for Americans of Canadians, Canada as a country and as a destination. Canadians evidenced increased pride in their own country. Findings indicated mutual positive benefits for Canada and the OG images and interest.*  
Phase(s) Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games  
Legacy and Impact **Cultural, Social and Political** – Community / national pride  
Theme(s) **Economic** – Global Image of the City / Country  
Type Report  
Access [E-document](#)

Author(s) BC Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Secretariat  
Title **British Columbia's Investments in the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games and Related Activities**  
Source BC Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Secretariat  
Date July 2010  
Page(s) 17p.  
Summary *This report is designed to present a summary of the Province of British Columbia's investments in the 2010 Olympic Winter Games as well as highlight some of the resulting benefits.*  
Phase(s) Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
Legacy and Impact **Cultural, Social and Political** – employment, youth, volunteerism, housing, sports programmes / development, community / national pride, cultural awareness  
Theme(s) **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city / country  
**Urban** – transport, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** – venues, sports programmes / development  
Type Report  
Access [E-document](#)



Author(s) Angela M. Benson, Tracey J. Dickson, F. Anne Terwiel & Deborah A. Blackman  
**Title** **Training of Vancouver 2010 volunteers: a legacy opportunity?**  
Source *In: Contemporary social science: journal of the Academy of Social Sciences*, Volume 9, Issue 2, 2014, pp. 210-226  
Date 2014  
Page(s) 17p.

Summary *It is often asserted that the training of event volunteers contributes to the creation of a social legacy via the transfer of learning to other volunteer contexts, thereby creating an enhanced volunteer pool after the event, which will support the tourism and events industries in the host communities. This article reflects upon the reality of that assertion and argues that in order to achieve legacy both training and development strategies are required. As such an analysis of data collected at the Vancouver 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games around training and legacy is discussed. A Legacy Training and Development Model is offered and subsequently applied to the case study.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – employment, education, volunteerism, sports programmes / development, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism

Type Article  
**Access** [With access charge](#)

Author(s) HN Corteen  
**Title** **Olympic legacy: special issue**  
Source Urban design, Autumn 2010  
Date 2011  
Page(s) 49p.

Summary *This issue offers some critical viewpoints as to how London 2012 is preparing and moving towards delivering a legacy and the leverage this gives to regeneration. It looks at some worldwide case studies (Berlin 1936, Beijing 2008, Vancouver 2010), as well as an unsuccessful bid (Cape Town 2004) to see what lessons, if any, cities can learn. It also looks at two key elements of the modern day events: communities and parks, and touch on a recent conference that explored how to measure the legacy.*

**See** [Olympic legacy: special issue](#)

Author(s) Anne Duffy  
**Title** **Raising the Bar for Sustainable Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games**  
Source *In: Jill Savery & Keith Gilbert (eds.), Sustainability and Sport*, Champaign: Common Ground Publishing LLC, pp. 91-101  
Date 2011  
Page(s) 11p.

Summary *This book chapter examines the Sustainability Management Report System (SMRS) used by VANOC as well as other measures such as the Sustainable Sports and Event Toolkit (SSET) and Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) indicators as a means of measuring the OCOGs planning for sustainability.*





<b>Phase(s)</b>	Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – arts programmes, employment, education, youth, sports programmes / development, cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management <b>Economic</b> – business opportunities
Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24990 / 091



Author(s)	Nathan Edelson
<b>Title</b>	<b>Inclusivity as an Olympic event at the 2010 Vancouver Winter Games</b>
Source	<i>In</i> : Urban Geography, volume 32, issue 6, 2011, special issue: Urban legacies of the Winter Olympics, pp. 804-822
Date	2011
Page(s)	19 p.
Summary	<i>This study examines the 2010 Winter Olympics held in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, and focuses on the theme of social inclusivity.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, social and political</b> - housing
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> <b>Sporting</b> – event management
Type	Article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">With access charge</a>

Author(s)	Kirsten Garmers
<b>Title</b>	<b>Vancouver 2010: Olympic Games and arts in the city: the potential impacts of the Olympic Games 2010 and their cultural component on the arts community of Vancouver, Canada</b>
Source	Saabrücken: VDM Verlag Dr. Müller
Date	2008
Page(s)	193p.
Summary	<i>This academic thesis is mainly focused on examining how the 2010 Olympic Winter Games might potentially impact Vancouver and its local arts community.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Applicant & Candidature Phases; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – arts programmes, employment, education, youth, volunteerism, housing, community pride, cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development <b>Economic</b> – tourism, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transportation infrastructure <b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management
Type	Thesis
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 23092 / 729.21 (086)



Author(s) Meg Holden, Julia MacKenzie and Robert Van Wynsberghe  
**Title** **Vancouver's promise of the world's first sustainable Olympic Games**  
Source *In*: John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, vol. 4, New-York: Routledge, pp. 397-429  
Date 2012  
Page(s) 33p.

Summary *Vancouver has committed to host the world's first sustainable Olympic Games in 2010. This analysis leads to insight into the boundaries of the meaning of sustainability in the context of a mega event, in which, more than any particular demonstration project, the communicated message of sustainability may be the most lasting legacy.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning, Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Environmental** – sustainability, sustainable development  
**Theme(s)**

Type Book chapter  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/4 / 033.2



Author(s) Kiki Kaplanidou, Kostas Karadakis  
**Title** **Understanding the legacies of a host Olympic city: the case of the 2010 Vancouver Olympic Games**  
Source *In*: Sport marketing quarterly, June 2010, vol.19, issue 2 2000, pp. 110-117  
Date 2010  
Page(s) 8p.

Summary *The article presents a case study on understanding the legacies of Vancouver and notes that Vancouver 2010 Bid Corp. established a plan to develop a sustainable legacy for athletes, host communities, and sports development. It points out that most of the stakeholders determined the Olympic Games as the catalyst for positive changes in the geographic region of the host city and country.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – community pride, sport programmes / development  
**Theme(s)** **Economic**  
**Sporting** –event management

Type Article  
**Access** [With access charge](#)

Author(s) Bruce Kidd  
**Title** **The Legacies of 2010 Winter Olympic and Paralympic Games in Vancouver**  
Source IOC Olympic Studies Centre Postgraduate Selection Committee  
Date 2010  
Page(s) 17p.

Summary *This paper is largely focused on drawing together interviews, personal observation and research into existing literature to a personal impression of the post Games impacts of the 2010 Olympic Winter Games in Vancouver and Whistler.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** - arts programmes, employment, education, youth,



<b>Impact Theme(s)</b>	volunteerism, housing, sports programmes / development, community / national pride, cultural awareness <b>Environmental</b> – sustainability /sustainable development, green venues, air quality, waste management <b>Economic</b> – employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing <b>Urban</b> – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology <b>Sporting</b> - venues, event management, sports programmes / development
Type	Paper
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	InterVISTAS Consulting Inc.
<b>Title</b>	<b>The Economic Impact of the Winter Olympic &amp; Paralympic Games: An update</b>
Source	InterVISTAS Consulting Inc.
Date	20 November 2002
Page(s)	84p.
Summary	<i>This final update report of a January 2002 British Columbia government commissioned report makes use of economic modelling to examine expected benefits that could be derived from hosting the Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games in 2010.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – volunteerism, sports programmes / development <b>Environmental</b> – environment / environmental development <b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transportation infrastructure, technology <b>Sporting</b> – venues, sports programmes / development
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	Ministry of Competition, Science and Enterprise: Capital Projects Branch
<b>Title</b>	<b>The economic impact of the Winter Olympic &amp; Paralympic Games: initial estimates</b>
Source	Ministry of Competition, Science and Enterprise: Capital Projects Branch
Date	January 2002
Page(s)	45p.
Summary	<i>A British Columbia government commissioned report that makes use of economic modelling to examine expected benefits that could be derived from hosting the Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games in 2010.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Applicant Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – volunteerism, sports programmes / development, <b>Environmental</b> – environment / environmental development <b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, global image of the city / country <b>Urban</b> – venues, transportation infrastructure, technology <b>Sporting</b> – venues, sports programmes / development
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a> or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 20461 / 033.2



Author(s) Ksenia Mokrushina  
**Title Sustainability transformations in Olympic host cities: planning and policy lessons from Vancouver 2010**

Source Lambert Academic publishing  
Date 2012  
Page(s) 101 p.

Summary *Taking the premise that the transformational effect of the Olympics has a potential to drive long-term urban sustainability, this book examines how Olympic host cities can use the Olympic planning process to transition to a more sustainable model of urban development. Presenting the case of the Vancouver 2010 Olympics, this research draws planning lessons for Sochi 2014 and other future Olympic host cities.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games planning, Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Urban**  
**Theme(s)**

Type Book  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 26492 / 033.2



Author(s) OGI-UBC Research Team  
**Title Olympic Games Impact (OGI) study for the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games: pre-Games technical report**

Source University of British Columbia  
Date 2009  
Page(s) 151 p.

Summary *The OGI project is now required of all Host Cities by the International Olympic Committee (IOC). The project has three main objectives: to measure the overall impact of the Games; to assist bidding cities and future organizing committees to maximize the benefits of the Games; and to create a comparable benchmark across all future Games. This report describes the indicators that comprise OGI.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, social and political**  
**Theme(s)** **Economic**  
**Environmental**

Type Report  
**Access** [E-document](#)



Author(s)	OGI-UBC Research Team
<b>Title</b>	<b>Olympic Games Impact (OGI) study for the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games: pre-Games results report</b>
Source	University of British Columbia
Date	2009
Page(s)	225 p.
Summary	<i>The OGI project is now required of all Host Cities by the International Olympic Committee (IOC). The project has three main objectives: to measure the overall impact of the Games; to assist bidding cities and future organizing committees to maximize the benefits of the Games; and to create a comparable benchmark across all future Games. This pre-Games report provides the OGI indicator results in the pre-Games period.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, social and political</b>
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> <b>Environmental</b>
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>



Author(s)	OGI-UBC Research Team
<b>Title</b>	<b>Olympic Games Impact (OGI) study for the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games: Games-time report</b>
Source	University of British Columbia
Date	2011
Page(s)	165 p.
Summary	<i>The OGI project is now required of all Host Cities by the International Olympic Committee (IOC). The project has three main objectives: to measure the overall impact of the Games; to assist bidding cities and future organizing committees to maximize the benefits of the Games; and to create a comparable benchmark across all future Games. This report focuses on Games-time Event indicators and impacts.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Games time
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, social and political</b>
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> <b>Environmental</b>
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>



Author(s)	OGI-UBC Research Team
<b>Title</b>	<b>Olympic Games Impact (OGI) study for the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games: post-Games report</b>
Source	University of British Columbia
Date	2013
Page(s)	233 p.
Summary	<i>The OGI project is now required of all Host Cities by the International Olympic Committee (IOC). The project has three main objectives: to measure the overall impact of the Games; to assist bidding cities and future organizing committees to maximize the benefits of the Games; and to create a comparable benchmark across all future Games. The post-Games report interprets indicator data over the entire reporting period (2001-2013).</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, social and political</b>
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Urban</b> <b>Economic</b> <b>Environmental</b> <b>Sporting</b>
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>



Author(s)	Caitlin Pentifallo, Robert VanWynsberghe
<b>Title</b>	<b>“Leaving Las Vegas” or can sustainability ever be social? Vancouver 2010 in post-political perspective</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Jonathan Grix, Leveraging legacies from sports mega-events, Palgrave Macmillan, pp. 73-85
Date	2014
Page(s)	13 p.
Summary	<i>Through a case study of the 2010 Winter Olympic Games, this chapter explores the social legacy of the Olympics.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, social and political</b>
<b>Theme(s)</b>	
Type	Article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>



Auteur(s) Titre	PricewaterhouseCoopers <b>L'effet olympique: rapport 2 : répercussions des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de 2010 sur la Colombie-Britannique et le Canada : 2003-2007</b>
Source	PricewaterhouseCoopers en tant que prestataire de service pour le Secrétariat des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de la Colombie-Britannique (le gouvernement de la Colombie-Britannique) et le Secrétariat fédéral des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de 2010 (le gouvernement du Canada)
Date Page(s)	mars 2009 35p.
Résumé	<i>Ce rapport est le deuxième d'une série de rapports mandatés qui traitent de diverses méthodes d'analyse et de 'benchmarking' pour évaluer les impacts économiques et sociaux directs et indirects que les Jeux Olympiques d'hiver 2010 auront sur la Colombie britannique et le Canada. L'objectif de ce deuxième rapport est de présenter les impacts relevés entre 2003 et 2007, ainsi que les premiers constats pour 2008.</i>
Phase(s)	Phase requérantes & de candidature; Phase de planification avant des Jeux; Période des Jeux; Après-Jeux
Thème(s) de l'héritage et de l'impact	<b>Culturel, Social et Politique</b> – programmes artistiques, emploi, éducation, jeunesse, bénévolat, logement, programme sportif / développement sportifs, fierté collective / nationale, sensibilisation culturelle <b>Environnemental</b> – développement durable, environnement, sites « verts », qualité de l'air, gestion des déchets <b>Économique</b> – tourisme, emploi, affaires commerciales, immobilier / logement, gestion des événements, image globale de la ville / pays <b>Urbain</b> – sites, transport, infrastructures de transports <b>Sportif</b> – sites, gestion des événements, programme sportif / développement sportif
Type	Rapport

  

Auteur(s) Titre	PricewaterhouseCoopers <b>L'effet olympique: rapport 4 : répercussions économiques des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de 2010 sur la Colombie-Britannique et le Canada : de 2003 à 2008</b>
Source	PricewaterhouseCoopers en tant que prestataire de service pour le Secrétariat des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de la Colombie-Britannique (le gouvernement de la Colombie-Britannique) et le Secrétariat fédéral des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de 2010 (le gouvernement du Canada)
Date Page(s)	septembre 2009 7p.
Résumé	<i>Ce rapport additionnel est le quatrième d'une série de rapports mandatés qui traitent de diverses méthodes d'analyse et de 'benchmarking' pour identifier, contrôler et évaluer les impacts économiques et sociaux directs et indirects que les Jeux Olympiques d'hiver 2010 auront sur la Colombie britannique et le Canada. Il se limite à une comparaison entre les impacts économiques estimés et prévus pour la période 2003-2008. Il propose de plus une brève comparaison avec des Jeux Olympiques passés.</i>
Phase(s)	Phase requérantes & de candidature; Phase de planification avant des Jeux; Période des Jeux; Après-Jeux
Thème(s) de l'héritage et de l'impact	<b>Économique</b> – tourisme, emploi, affaires commerciales, immobilier / logement, gestion des événements <b>Urbain</b> – sites, infrastructures de transports <b>Sportif</b> – sites





Type	Rapport
Author(s)	PricewaterhouseCoopers
Title	<b>L'effet olympique: rapport 5: répercussions des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de 2010 sur la Colombie-Britannique et le Canada: 2009</b>
Source	PricewaterhouseCoopers en tant que prestataire de service pour le Secrétariat des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de la Colombie-Britannique (le gouvernement de la Colombie-Britannique) et le Secrétariat fédéral des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de 2010 (le gouvernement du Canada)
Date	Septembre 2010
Page(s)	114 p.
Summary	<i>Ce rapport est le cinquième d'une série de rapports mandatés qui traitent de diverses méthodes d'analyse et de benchmarking pour évaluer les impacts économiques et sociaux directs et indirects que les Jeux Olympiques d'hiver 2010 auront sur la Colombie britannique et le Canada. L'objectif de ce cinquième rapport est de présenter les impacts relevés entre 2003 et 2009.</i>
Phase(s)	Phase requérantes & de candidature; Phase de planification avant des Jeux; Période des Jeux; Après-Jeux
Legacy and Impact Theme(s)	<b>Culturel, Social et Politique</b> – programmes artistiques, emploi, éducation, jeunesse, bénévolat, logement, programme sportif / développement sportifs, fierté collective / nationale, sensibilisation culturelle <b>Environnemental</b> – développement durable, environnement, sites « verts », qualité de l'air, gestion des déchets <b>Économique</b> – tourisme, emploi, affaires commerciales, immobilier / logement, gestion des événements, image globale de la ville / pays <b>Urbain</b> – sites, transport, infrastructures de transports <b>Sportif</b> – sites, gestion des événements, programme sportif / développement sportif
Type	Rapport
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a>
Author(s)	PricewaterhouseCoopers
Title	<b>L'effet olympique: rapport 6: préliminaire: répercussions économiques des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de 2010 sur la Colombie-Britannique et le Canada: 2009</b>
Source	PricewaterhouseCoopers en tant que prestataire de service pour le Secrétariat des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de la Colombie-Britannique (le gouvernement de la Colombie-Britannique) et le Secrétariat fédéral des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de 2010 (le gouvernement du Canada)
Date	2010
Page(s)	20 p.
Summary	<i>Ce rapport est le sixième d'une série de rapports mandatés qui traitent de diverses méthodes d'analyse et de 'benchmarking' pour évaluer les impacts économiques et sociaux directs et indirects que les Jeux Olympiques d'hiver 2010 auront sur la Colombie britannique et le Canada. Le présent rapport a pour objet d'estimer les répercussions économiques des Jeux d'Hiver de 2010 jusqu'au 31 mars.</i>
Phase(s)	Phase de planification avant des Jeux; Période des Jeux; Après-Jeux
Legacy and Impact Theme(s)	<b>Économique</b> – tourisme, emploi, affaires commerciales, immobilier / logement, gestion des événements, image globale de la ville / pays <b>Urbain</b> – sites, infrastructures de transports <b>Sportif</b> – sites, gestion des événements



Type Access	Rapport <a href="#">E-document</a>
Auteur(s) Titre	PricewaterhouseCoopers <b>L'effet olympique: rapport 7: résumé global des répercussions des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de 2010 sur la Colombie-Britannique et le Canada, de 2003 à 2010</b>
Source	PricewaterhouseCoopers en tant que prestataire de service pour le Secrétariat des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de la Colombie-Britannique (le gouvernement de la Colombie-Britannique) et le Secrétariat fédéral des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de 2010 (le gouvernement du Canada)
Date Page(s)	Octobre 2011 115p.
Résumé	<i>Ce rapport est le septième d'une série de rapports mandatés qui traitent de diverses méthodes d'analyse et de 'benchmarking' pour identifier, contrôler et évaluer les impacts économiques et sociaux directs et indirects que les Jeux Olympiques d'hiver 2010 auront sur la Colombie britannique et le Canada. L'objectif de ce septième rapport est la présentation des impacts de la période entre 2003 et 2010.</i>
Phase(s) Thème(s) de l'héritage et de l'impact	Phase requérantes & de candidature; Phase de planification avant des Jeux; Période des Jeux; Après-Jeux <b>Culturel, Social et Politique</b> – programmes artistiques, emploi, éducation, jeunesse, bénévolat, services médicaux, logement, programme sportif / développement sportifs, fierté collective / nationale, sensibilisation culturelle <b>Environnemental</b> – développement durable, environnement, sites « verts », qualité de l'air, gestion des déchets <b>Économique</b> – tourisme, emploi, affaires commerciales, immobilier / logement, gestion des événements, image globale de la ville / pays <b>Urbain</b> – sites, transport, infrastructures de transports, technologie <b>Sportif</b> – sites, gestion des événements, programme sportif / développement sportif
Type Accès	Rapport <a href="#">E-document</a>
Auteur(s) Titre	PricewaterhouseCoopers <b>L'effet olympique: rapport 3 : répercussions des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de 2010 sur la Colombie-Britannique et le Canada : 2003-2008</b>
Source	PricewaterhouseCoopers, en tant que prestataire de service pour le Secrétariat des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de la Colombie-Britannique (le gouvernement de la Colombie-Britannique) et le Secrétariat fédéral des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de 2010 (le gouvernement du Canada)
Date Page(s)	septembre 2009 119p.
Résumé	<i>Ce rapport est le troisième d'une série de rapports mandatés qui traitent de diverses méthodes d'analyse et de 'benchmarking' pour évaluer les impacts économiques et sociaux directs et indirects que les Jeux Olympiques d'hiver 2010 auront sur la Colombie britannique et le Canada. L'objectif de ce troisième rapport est de présenter les impacts relevés entre 2003 et 2007, ainsi que les premiers constats pour 2009 et au-delà.</i>
Phase(s) Thème(s) de l'héritage et	Phase requérantes & de candidature; Phase de planification avant des Jeux; Période des Jeux; Après-Jeux <b>Culturel, Social et Politique</b> – programmes artistiques, emploi, éducation, jeunesse, bénévolat, services médicaux, logement, programme sportif /



<b>de l'impact</b>	développement sportifs, fierté collective / nationale, sensibilisation culturelle <b>Environnemental</b> – développement durable, environnement, sites « verts », qualité de l'air, gestion des déchets <b>Économique</b> – tourisme, emploi, affaires commerciales, immobilier / logement, gestion des événements, image globale de la ville / pays <b>Urbain</b> – démographie, sites, transport, infrastructures de transports <b>Sportif</b> – sites, gestion des événements, programme sportif / développement sportif
Type	Rapport
Auteur(s)	PricewaterhouseCoopers
<b>Titre</b>	<b>L'effet olympique: services de recherche et d'analyse comparative pour les Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de 2010 rapport 1: rapport sur le cadre</b>
Source	PricewaterhouseCoopers, en tant que prestataire de service pour le Secrétariat des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de la Colombie-Britannique (le gouvernement de la Colombie-Britannique) et le Secrétariat fédéral des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de 2010 (le gouvernement du Canada)
Date	2009
Page(s)	43p.
Résumé	<i>Ce rapport est le premier d'une série de rapports mandatés qui traitent de diverses méthodes d'analyse et de 'benchmarking' pour évaluer les impacts économiques et sociaux directs et indirects que les Jeux Olympiques d'hiver 2010 auront sur la Colombie britannique et le Canada. L'objectif de ce premier rapport est de définir le cadre de la recherche, le champ thématique, ainsi que les types d'impacts pour les cinq années suivantes.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Phase requérantes & de candidature; Phase de planification avant des Jeux; Période des Jeux; Après-Jeux
<b>Thème(s) de l'héritage et de l'impact</b>	<b>Culturel, Social et Politique</b> – programmes artistiques, emploi, éducation, jeunesse, bénévolat, logement, programme sportif / développement sportifs, fierté nationale, sensibilisation culturelle <b>Environnemental</b> – développement durable, environnement, sites « verts », qualité de l'air, gestion des déchets <b>Économique</b> – tourisme, emploi, affaires commerciales, immobilier / logement, image globale de la ville <b>Urbain</b> – sites, transport, infrastructures de transports <b>Sportif</b> – sites, gestion des événements, programme sportif / développement sportif
Type	Rapport
Author(s)	PricewaterhouseCoopers
<b>Title</b>	<b>The Games Effect: report 5: impact of the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games on British Columbia and Canada: 2009</b>
Source	PricewaterhouseCoopers as a service provider for the BC Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Secretariat (Government of British Columbia) and the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Secretariat (Government of Canada)
Date	September 2010
Page(s)	102p.
Summary	<i>This report is the fifth in a series of commissioned reports that rely on various analysis and 'benchmarking' methods in order to identify, monitor and assess the direct and indirect economic and social impacts that the 2010 Olympic Winter Games will have on both British Columbia and Canada. The focus of this report is mainly on presenting the impacts noted in the period between 2003 and 2009.</i>



**Phase(s)** Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, employment, education, youth, volunteerism, health care services, housing, sports programmes / development, community / national pride, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city / country  
**Urban** – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** – venues, event management, sports programmes / development

Type Report  
Access [E-document](#)

Author(s) PricewaterhouseCoopers  
**Title** **The Games Effect: report 4: economic impact of the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games on British Columbia and Canada: 2003-2008**  
Source PricewaterhouseCoopers as a service provider for the BC Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Secretariat (Government of British Columbia) and the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Secretariat (Government of Canada)  
Date September 2009  
Page(s) 7p.  
Summary *This supplementary report is the fourth in a series of commissioned reports that rely on various analysis and 'benchmarking' methods in order to identify, monitor and assess the direct and indirect economic and social impacts that the 2010 Olympic Winter Games will have on both British Columbia and Canada. It is limited to a comparison of estimated versus projected economic impacts for the period between 2003 and 2008 as well as brief comparisons to past Olympic Winter Games.*

**Phase(s)** Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management  
**Theme(s)** **Urban** –venues, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** – venues

Type Report  
Access [E-document](#)

Author(s) PricewaterhouseCoopers  
**Title** **The Games Effect: report 7: global summary of the impact of the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games on British Columbia and Canada 2003 to 2010**  
Source PricewaterhouseCoopers as a service provider for the BC Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Secretariat (Government of British Columbia) and the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Secretariat (Government of Canada)  
Date October 2011  
Page(s) 115p.  
Summary *This report is the seventh in a series of commissioned reports that rely on various analysis and 'benchmarking' methods in order to identify, monitor and assess the direct and indirect economic and social impacts that the 2010 Olympic Winter Games will have on both British Columbia and Canada. The focus of this report is mainly on presenting the impacts noted in the period between 2003 and 2010.*

**Phase(s)** Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, employment, education, youth,



**Impact Theme(s)** volunteerism, health care services, housing, sports programmes / development, community / national pride, cultural awareness  
**Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city / country  
**Urban** – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting** – venues, event management, sports programmes / development

Type Report  
Access [E-document](#)

Author(s) PricewaterhouseCoopers  
**Title** **The Games Effect: report 6: preliminary economic impact of the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games on British Columbia and Canada: 2010**  
Source PricewaterhouseCoopers as a service provider for the BC Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Secretariat (Government of British Columbia) and the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Secretariat (Government of Canada)  
Date 2010  
Page(s) 16p.

Summary *This report is the sixth in a series of commissioned reports that rely on various analysis and 'benchmarking' methods in order to identify, monitor and assess the direct and indirect economic and social impacts that the 2010 Olympic Winter Games will have on both British Columbia and Canada. It is limited to a comparison of economic impacts and is designed, by providing additional data for the period to 31 March 2010, to act as a complement to the previous reports that covered the period between 2003 and 2009.*

**Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city / country  
**Urban** – venues, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** – venues, event management

Type Report  
Access [E-document](#)

Author(s) PricewaterhouseCoopers  
**Title** **The Games Effect: report 3: impact of the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games on British Columbia and Canada: 2003-2008**  
Source PricewaterhouseCoopers as a service provider for the BC Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Secretariat (Government of British Columbia) and the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Secretariat (Government of Canada)  
Date September 2009  
Page(s) 119p.

Summary *This report is the third in a series of commissioned reports that rely on various analysis and 'benchmarking' methods in order to identify, monitor and assess the direct and indirect economic and social impacts that the 2010 Olympic Winter Games will have on both British Columbia and Canada. The focus of this third report is on presenting the impacts noted in the period between 2003 and 2008 as well as early findings for 2009 and beyond.*

**Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, employment, education, youth,





<b>Impact Theme(s)</b>	volunteerism, health care services, housing, sports programmes / development, community / national pride, cultural awareness <b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management <b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city / country <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure <b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management, sports programmes / development
Type	Report
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	PricewaterhouseCoopers
<b>Title</b>	<b>The Games Effect: report 2: impact of the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games on British Columbia and Canada: 2003-2007</b>
Source	PricewaterhouseCoopers as a service provider for the BC Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Secretariat (Government of British Columbia) and the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Secretariat (Government of Canada)
Date	March 2009
Page(s)	35p.
Summary	<i>This report is the second in a series of commissioned reports that rely on various analysis and 'benchmarking' methods in order to identify, monitor and assess the direct and indirect economic and social impacts that the 2010 Olympic Winter Games will have on both British Columbia and Canada. The focus of this second report is on presenting the impacts noted in the period between 2003 and 2007 as well as early findings for 2008.</i>
<b>Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – arts programmes, employment, education, youth, volunteerism, housing, sports programmes / development, community / national pride, cultural awareness <b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management <b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city / country <b>Urban</b> – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure <b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management, sports programmes / development
Type	Report
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	PricewaterhouseCoopers
<b>Title</b>	<b>The Games Effect: research and benchmarking service for the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games report 1: framework report</b>
Source	PricewaterhouseCoopers as a service provider for the BC Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Secretariat (Government of British Columbia) and the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Secretariat (Government of Canada)
Date	2009
Page(s)	43p.
Summary	<i>This report is the first in a series of commissioned reports that rely on various analysis and 'benchmarking' methods in order to identify, monitor and assess the direct and indirect economic and social impacts that the 2010 Olympic Winter Games will have on both British Columbia and Canada. The focus of this first report is on defining the research framework, topic areas and types of impact for this five-year study.</i>



<b>Phase(s)</b>	Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – arts programmes, employment, education, youth, volunteerism, housing, sports programmes / development, national pride, cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management <b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure <b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management, sports programmes / development
Type	Report
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a>



Author(s)	Andreas Tize
<b>Title</b>	<b>Leveraging aboriginal tourism legacy benefits from the 2010 Olympics: a case study of Whistler</b>
Source	Simon Fraser University
Date	2011
Page(s)	121 p.
Summary	<i>This study examines how the 2010 Vancouver Winter Olympic and Paralympic Games were used as a path creation tool to generate a set of positive tangible and intangible legacies for those First Nations on whose traditional territories this mega-event was hosted.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b>
<b>Theme(s)</b>	
Type	Thesis
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a>



Author(s)	Vancouver Organizing Committee for the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games
<b>Title</b>	<b>Olympic Games Impact (OGI) Study for the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games: baseline report</b>
Source	VANOC
Date	2009
Page(s)	157 p.
Summary	<i>This report is submitted by the VANOC to the IOC in partial fulfilment of VANOC's role in implementing the Olympic Games Impact Program (OGI) for the Vancouver 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games. The IOC's OGI Program includes a series of 126 indicators that measure the status of many environmental, socio-cultural and economic dimensions of the host city, region and nation. The purpose of</i>





*the Program is to measure the impact of the Olympic and Paralympic Games through a consistent and comparable reporting system across all future Games, presented in a series of four reports developed by each Olympic Games Organizing Committee. This report represents the first of four OGI reports for the 2010 Winter Games and provides a baseline against which indicator data in future reports will be compared and analyzed.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games  
**Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** **Cultural, social and political**  
**Economic**  
**Environmental**

Type Report  
**Access** [E-document](#)

Author(s) Vancouver Organizing Committee for the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games

**Title** **Vancouver 2010: sustainability report 2009-10**

Source 2010 Legacies Now

Date 2010

Page(s) 138p.

Summary *VANOC's Sustainability Report 2009-10 is the fifth of five public Sustainability Reports prepared between 2005 and 2010. The final report covers the period from August 1, 2009 to April 30, 2010 and documents VANOC's sustainability performance leading up to and through Games time as well as the majority of the decommissioning phase post-Games.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** **Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, employment, education, youth, community / national pride, cultural awareness  
**Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – employment, business opportunities

Type Report  
**Access** [E-document](#)

Author(s) Vancouver Organizing Committee for the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games

**Title** **VANOC annual report: consolidated financial statements**

Source VANOC

Date 2010

Page(s) 28p.

Summary *These financial statements present the results of operations from VANOC's incorporation as of September 30, 2003 through to July 31, 2010. These statements reflect all activity attributable to the organization and hosting of the Games. As these statements include all material transactions associated with the Games, they are expected to be the final publicly released financial statements.*

**Phase(s)** Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** **Economic**



Type Report  
Access [E-document \(in English\)](#)



Author(s) Robert Vanwynsherghe  
Title **The Olympic Games Impact (OGI) study for the 2010 Winter Olympic Games: strategies for evaluating sport mega-events' contribution to sustainability**  
Source *In*: International journal of sport policy and politics, 4 Feb. 2014, published online, pp. 1-20  
Date 2014  
Page(s) 20p.

Summary *This paper aims to contribute to a burgeoning dialogue on evaluating the sustainability of sport mega-events by introducing three strategies for implementing the International Olympic Committee's (IOC's) Olympic Games Impact (OGI) study. The three techniques are bundling/leveraging, before-after control and sustainability scorecards.*

Phase(s) Pre-Games Planning; Candidature Phase

Legacy and Impact Theme(s) **Economic Urban Sporting**

Type Article  
Access [IOC onsite consultation](#), for offsite access, contact: [studies.centre@olympic.org](mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org)

Author(s) Joseph Weiler  
Title **The evolution of Legacies Now: a continuing legacy of the Games through venture philanthropy**  
Source Vancouver: 2010 Legacies Now  
Date 2011  
Page(s) 26p.

Summary *Commissioned by the International Olympic Committee. This document refers, briefly, to the work conducted by the 2010 Legacies Now organization prior to the 2010 Winter Games, along with its Games-time activities, and offers details on how 2010 Legacies Now transitioned in the post post-Games period to a new business model to continue its work as an important and enduring Games legacy. A summary of the impacts of the work of 2010 Legacies Now to date is included in Appendix A.*

Phase(s) Candidature Phase; Post-Games  
Legacy and Impact Theme(s) **Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, employment, education, youth, volunteerism, health care, sports programmes / development, cultural awareness  
**Sporting** – sports programmes / development

Type Study  
Access [E-document](#)

Author(s) Joseph Weiler & Arun Mohan  
Title **Catalyst, collaborator, connector: the social innovation model of 2010 Legacies Now**  
Source Vancouver: 2010 Legacies Now  
Date 2009



Page(s)	31p.
Summary	<i>Commissioned by the International Olympic Committee. This case study examines the entity designed to nurture legacies before, during and after the 2010 Olympics and Paralympic Winter Games: the 2010 Legacies Now Society. It describes its creation, organization and track record to date and highlights some preliminary lessons from 2010 Legacies Now's experience to date.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – arts programmes, employment, education, youth, volunteerism, health care, sports programmes / development, cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Sporting</b> – sports programmes / development
Type	Study
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	Joseph Weiler & Patrick Weiler
<b>Title</b>	<b>Branding the Host City of the Olympic Games</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Jill Savery & Keith Gilbert (eds.), Sustainability and Sport, Champaign: Common Ground Publishing LLC, pp. 103-115
Date	2011
Page(s)	11p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter is focused on an examination of how the VANOC's planning measured up in a city that was already known for its links to environmentally based initiatives.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – volunteerism, housing, sports programmes / development
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management <b>Economic</b> – business opportunities, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – transport, transportation infrastructure
Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic studies Centre: MA 24990 / 091



Author(s)	Peter W. Williams, Aliaa Elkhashab
<b>Title</b>	<b>Leveraging tourism social capital: the case of the 2010 Olympic tourism consortium</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> International Journal of Event and Festival Management, special issue: The impacts and legacies of sports events, Vol. 3(3), pp.317-334
Date	2012
Page(s)	28p.
Summary	<i>The purpose of this paper is to explore social capital emerging from the collective set of activities pursued by a network of stakeholders leveraging tourism benefits from the 2010 Vancouver Winter Olympic and Paralympic Games</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b>
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> – tourism



Type	Book chapter
Access	<a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> (see pp.317-334), for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>
Author(s)	Xinquan Yang
Title	<b>Managing corporate partner relationships to achieve sustainability: case study of the Vancouver Organizing Committee for the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games (VANOC)</b>
Source	Vancouver: University of British Columbia
Date	2009
Page(s)	46p.
Summary	<i>This IOC postgraduate research grant holder report investigates how corporate sponsorship can contribute to Olympic sustainability. The research focused on the partnership management strategies between the Vancouver Organizing Committee for the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games (VANOC) and six national Vancouver 2010 corporate sponsors as well as one Tier 2 corporate sponsor.</i>
Phase(s)	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time
Legacy and Impact	<b>Cultural, social and political</b> – arts programmes, employment, education, cultural awareness
Theme(s)	<b>Environmental</b> – sustainability /sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues <b>Economic</b> – employment, business opportunities
Type	Report
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a> or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre MA 23717 / 729.21(086)
Author(s)	Kate Zimmerman
Title	<b>Legacies of North American Olympic Winter Games: Volume four: Vancouver 2010</b>
Source	Vancouver Organizing Committee for the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games
Date	7 June 2010
Page(s)	132p.
Summary	<i>This study was the last in a four part series commissioned by VANOC to examine the legacies of certain editions of the Olympic Winter Games that had been held in North America. The report uses a mix of opinions gained from personal interviews, some statistics and reliance on media sources to examine a variety of legacy related themes. Note that the report is focused on highlighting the positive legacies of the Games.</i>
Phase(s)	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
Legacy and Impact	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> - arts programmes, education, youth, volunteerism, health care services, housing, sports programmes / development, community / national pride, cultural awareness
Theme(s)	<b>Environmental</b> – sustainability /sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management <b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology <b>Sporting</b> - venues, event management, sports programmes / development
Type	Study
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a>



### 1.23. Turin 2006

Author(s)	Luigi Bobbio & Carlo Lazzeroni
<b>Title</b>	<b>Torino 2006: una mappa dei conflitti territoriali</b>
Source	Bollettino della Società Geografica Italiana, serie XII, volume VII, 4, 2002. p. 933-946
Date	2002
Page(s)	10p.
Language	Italian
Summary	<i>This study presents the result of an interview survey that was carried out in 2002 in Turin, with the aim of detecting the contentious issues in the Olympic Program, some of them concerning the whole Olympic territory, some other concerning specific areas.</i>
Type	Study
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a> or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 19493 / 033.2



Author(s)	Piervincenzo Bondonio, Chito Guala
<b>Title</b>	<b>Gran Torino? The 2006 Olympic Winter Games and the tourism revival of an ancient city</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Journal of Sport & Tourism, Volume 16, Issue 4, 2011, pp. 303–321
Date	2011
Page(s)	28p.
Summary	<i>Four years after the XX Winter Olympics were held in Turin, a review is made of the legacy of the Games by considering the Olympic effect on Turin's regeneration process and its tourism attractiveness. The role of the Olympic Games as a catalyst of Turin's urban renewal is examined.</i>
<b>Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Post-Games <b>Urban Economic</b> – tourism, global image of the city
Type	Article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>

Author(s)	Piervincenzo Bondonio... [et al.]
<b>Title</b>	<b>Gran Torino: eventi, turismo, cultura, economia</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Roma: Carocci, 2012.
Date	2012
Page(s)	182p.
Language	Italian
Summary	<i>Sei anni dopo le Olimpiadi Invernali del 2006, ospitate dal capoluogo piemontese e dalle valli olimpiche, questo volume rappresenta l'esito di indagini e riflessioni del Centro Omero (Olympics and Mega Events Research Observatory) dell'Università di Torino sulle implicazioni dell'evento. Esso ha coinvolto soprattutto la città, ove i Giochi hanno funzionato da catalizzatore di rigenerazione urbana, anche se a Torino tale processo era partito da lontano, già alla fine degli anni Ottanta, con il superamento della One Company Town e la riqualificazione dell'offerta culturale e turistica.</i>



Type	Report
Access	IOC Olympic Studies Centre MA 25931 / 033.2
Author(s)	Piervincenzo Bondonio & Nadia Campaniello
Title	<b>Torino 2006: an organizational and economic overview</b>
Source	Omero Working paper n.1/2006
Date	2006
Page(s)	25p.
Language	Italian
Summary	<i>Published just after the Games in Turin, this paper analyses the reasons behind the bid, the organizational model chosen, the economic scale of the event.</i>
Type	Working paper
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a>
Author(s)	Piervincenzo Bondonio & Nadia Campaniello
Title	<b>Torino 2006: what kind of Winter Olympic Games were they? A (very provisional) account from an organizational and economic perspective</b>
Source	Omero Working paper n. 2/2006
Date	2006
Page(s)	43p.
Language	Italian
Summary	<i>This working paper asks a number of questions in order to examine the extent to which the planning and legacy targets set by the bid promoters and then by the Turin Organizing Committee (TOROC) were achieved or missed.</i>
Type	Working paper
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a>
Author(s)	Piervincenzo Bondonio & Alfredo Mela
Title	<b>Which legacies of Torino 2006 Olympic Winter Games for the Olympic Movement and the local society?</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), <i>The making of Olympic cities</i> , vol. 4, New-York: Routledge, pp. 243-256
Date	2012
Page(s)	14p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter focuses on two facets of the effects of the Torino 2006 Winter Games. On the one hand, some effects of the Games on the overall Olympic movement are visible, as legacies which Turin left for future Olympic events. On the other hand, legacies which the Games have left for the territory can be assessed.</i>
Phase(s)	Post-Games
Legacy and Impact	<b>Environmental</b> <b>Economic</b> – event management
Theme(s)	<b>Urban</b> <b>Sporting</b> – event management
Type	Book chapter
Access	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/4 / 033.2
Author(s)	Grazia Brunetta
Title	<b>Valutazione ambientale strategica e grandi eventi riflessioni a partire</b>





**dall'esperienza di Torino 2006**

Source Bollettino della Società Geografica Italiana, serie XII, volume VII, 4, 2002. p. 913-932  
Date 2002  
Page(s) 17p.  
Language Italian

Summary *This study considers the experimentation of the Strategic Evaluation Assessment (SEA) process as applied to the extraordinary territorial development program in Italy. It proposes methodological issues to manage the use of the territorial resources and to improve, in the management of the «big event», the integration between the SEA action and the decision-making process.*

Type Study  
Access [E-document](#) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 19493 / 033.2

Author(s) Egidio Dansero  
**Title I "luoghi comuni" dei grandi eventi : allestendo il palcoscenico territoriale per Torino 2006**

Source Bollettino della Società Geografica Italiana, serie XII, volume VII, 4, 2002, p. 861-894  
Date 2002.  
Page(s) 25p.  
Language Italian

Summary *This paper is focused on using the example of the XX Winter Olympic Games in Turin in 2006 in order to analyze the relationship between mega-events and spatial transformations, considering them as a complex result of a match among superlocal logic and local rationality.*

Type Paper  
Access [E-document](#) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre MA 19493 / 033.2

Author(s) Egidio Dansero, Alfredo Mela & Anna Segre  
**Title Eredita Olimpica, informazione e sviluppo locale: un'indagine sulla progettalità attorno a Torino 2006**

Source *Torino, 26-06-2003*  
Date 2003  
Page(s) 50p.  
Language Italian

Summary *This intermediate report presents the results of a research in two parts. The first part is an analysis of the local press for the whole year 2002. The second analyses was made by means of interviews of local residents and is questioning the potential Olympic legacy of the Winter Games in Turin 2006.*

Type Report  
Access [E-document](#)

Author(s) Egidio Dansero & Anna Segre  
**Title XX Giochi Olimpici invernali "Torino 2006" breviario minimo**

Source Bollettino della Società Geografica Italiana, serie XII, volume VII, 4, 2002, p. 853-859  
Date 2002  
Page(s) 6p.  
Language Italian

Summary *This article presents an overview of the main figures and costs concerning the XX Olympic Winter Games in Turin in 2006.*



Type Journal article  
Access [E-document](#) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 19493 / 033.2

Author(s) Egidio Dansero, Anna Segre & Alfredo Mela  
Title **Spatial and Environmental Transformations Towards Torino 2006: planning for the legacy of the future**  
Source *In:* Miquel de Moragas, Christopher Kennett & Nuria Puig (eds.), *The Legacy of the Olympic Games 1894-2000*, Lausanne: International Olympic Committee, pp. 83-93  
Date 2003  
Page(s) 11p.

Summary *This symposium paper presents an analysis of the potential urban legacies that could be achieved as a result of Turin's hosting of the XX Olympic Winter Games.*

Phase(s) Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning  
Legacy and Impact **Cultural, Social and Political** – housing  
Theme(s) **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development  
**Economic** – tourism, business opportunities, global image of the city  
**Urban** – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** – venues

Type Symposium paper  
Access [E-document](#) (choose link - full text pp. 1-252) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 19515 / 033.2



Author(s) Ilaria Pappalepore  
Title **Exploring the intangible impacts of cultural events on the creative sector: experiences from the Cultural Olympiad programs of Torino 2006 and London 2012**  
Source *In:* *European urban and regional studies*, 23 Jan. 2014, published online  
Date 2014

Summary *This paper engages with the debates around the Olympic legacy by exploring the qualitative, intangible impacts of the Cultural Olympiad program on local small creative firms in Torino, Italy and London, UK. The research objectives are achieved through a qualitative study of local small creative firms' perceptions of the impacts of the Olympic Games' cultural program on their activities. To achieve this, Torino 2006 and London 2012 are used as case studies.*

Phase(s) Post-Games  
Legacy and Impact **Cultural, Social and Political** – arts programmes, cultural awareness  
Theme(s) **Economic**

Type Article  
Access [With access charge](#)

Author(s) Ana Segre  
Title **L'ambiente delle Olimpiadi**  
Source *Bollettino della Società Geografica Italiana*, serie XII, volume VII, 4, 2002. p. 895-912  
Date 2002  
Page(s) 14p.



Language	Italian
Summary	<i>This article uses the XX Olympic Winter Games in Turin as an example to study the environmental impact and legacy that hosting the Games can have on alpine and urban spaces.</i>
Type	Journal article
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a> or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 19493 / 033.2

## 1.24. Salt Lake City 2002

<b>Title</b>	<b>2002 Winter Olympic Games: impacts, images and legacies</b>
Source	Utah Governor's Office of Planning and Budget
Date	21 June 2001
Page(s)	13p.
Summary	<i>This paper, which was presented at an annual conference on travel and tourism research, highlights statistical findings from what was then an 'in process' study designed to provide government official, the Organizing Committee and the public with estimates of the economic, demographic and fiscal impacts of the 2002 Olympic Winter Games.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – employment, housing, community pride <b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, housing, global image of the city / country <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transportation infrastructure <b>Sporting</b> - venues
Type	Conference paper
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a> or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 20459 / 033.2

Author(s)	Governor's Office of Planning and Budget Demographic and Economic Analysis Section
<b>Title</b>	<b>2002 Olympic Winter Games: economic, demographic and fiscal impact</b>
Source	State of Utah Governor's Office of Planning and Budget Demographic and Economic Analysis Section
Date	November 2000
Page(s)	36p.
Summary	<i>A pre-Games estimate report focused on providing the state government with economic, fiscal and demographic information to use as a basis for planning budgeting and policy making.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – employment, health care services <b>Economic</b> – tourism, business opportunities
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transportation infrastructure, technology <b>Sporting</b> – venues
Type	Report
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a> or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 20457 / 033.2



Author(s) J. R. B. Ritchie  
**Title** **Turning 16 Days into 16 years through Olympic legacy**  
Source *In:* John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, vol. 3, New-York: Routledge, pp. 290-306  
Date 2012  
Page(s) 17p.

Summary *This book chapter focuses on two examples (the 1988 Calgary and Salt Lake 2002 Winter Olympics) in an attempt to demonstrate how "legacy planning" can help ensure that hosting of a short-term mega-event such as the Olympics can contribute to the development and consolidation of facilities and programs that will benefit destination residents for many years.*

See [Turning 16 day into 16 years](#)

Author(s) Kate Zimmerman  
**Title** **Legacies of North American Olympic Winter Games: Volume three: Salt Lake 2002**  
Source Vancouver Organizing Committee for the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games  
Date 14 May 2007  
Page(s) 86p.

Summary *This study was the third in a four part series commissioned by VANOC to examine the legacies of certain editions of the Olympic Winter Games that had been held in North America. The report uses a mix of opinions gained from personal interviews, some statistics and reliance on media sources to examine a variety of legacy related themes. Note that the report is focused on highlighting the positive legacies of the Games.*

**Phase(s)** Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact Theme(s)** **Cultural, Social and Political** - arts programmes, education, youth, volunteerism, health care services, housing, sports programmes / development, community / national pride, cultural awareness  
**Environmental** – environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city  
**Urban** – demography, venues, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** - venues, event management, sports programmes / development

Type Study  
**Access** [E-document](#)

## 1.25. Lillehammer 1994

Author(s) Jon Helge Lesjo  
**Title** **Lillehammer 1994: planning, figurations and the "green" Winter Games**  
Source *In:* John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, vol. 4, New-York: Routledge, pp. 3-15  
Date 2012  
Page(s) 13p.

Summary *This article uses Elias's game model perspective to analyse the planning of the 1994*



	<p><i>Winter Olympic Games in Lillehammer. The study shows how the original Olympic plan that was sold to the International Olympic Committee with the slogan of a 'Compact Games' won the bid, but was subsequently transformed due to changes in power balances among the domestic and international players who had conflicting interests. For example, the 'Green Games' was not part of Lillehammer's original bid and only emerged as a central feature of the event after complex and protracted negotiations among competing interest groups. It is argued that some of the most important aspects connected to mega-events like the Olympics are due not only to 'rational' planning processes, but also to how the attendant conflicts and compromises among interest groups lead to unintended outcomes.</i></p>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – sustainability, sustainable development, environment, green venues
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management
Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/4 / 033.2
<hr/>	
<b>Auteur(s)</b>	Anders Rønningen
<b>Titre</b>	<b>Analyse de l'impact économique des XVIIes Jeux olympiques d'hiver à Lillehammer en 1994</b>
Source	Lausanne : CIO
Date	1997
Page(s)	39p.
Résumé	<i>Ce rapport examine le thème de l'impact économique et les conséquences durables des Jeux d'hiver pour la région de Lillehammer.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Après-Jeux
<b>Thème(s) de l'héritage et de l'impact</b>	<b>Culturel, social et politique</b> – programmes artistiques, éducation, bénévolat, services médicaux, logement, sensibilisation culturelle <b>Environnemental</b> - développement durable, environnement, sites "verts", gestion des déchets <b>Économique</b> – tourisme, emploi, affaires commerciales, logement, gestion des événements, image globale de la ville <b>Urbain</b> – démographie, sites, transport, infrastructures de transports, technologie <b>Sportif</b> - sites, gestion des événements, programme sportif / développement sportif
Type	Rapport
<b>Accès</b>	Centre d'Etudes Olympiques du CIO: MA 12225 / 033.2
<hr/>	
<b>Author(s)</b>	Anders Rønningen
<b>Title</b>	<b>Analysis of the Economic Impact of the XVIII Olympic Winter Games at Lillehammer in 1994</b>
Source	Lausanne : IOC
Date	1997
Page(s)	39p.
Summary	<i>This report examines the subject of economic impact and the long-lasting consequences of the Winter Games for the region of Lillehammer.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning, Games Time, Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – arts programmes, education, volunteerism, health care services, housing, cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, waste management <b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, housing, event



management, global image of the city  
**Urban** – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting** – venues, event management, sports programmes / development

Type Report  
Access IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 12226 / 033.2

## 1.26. Albertville 1992

Author(s) Rémy Charmetant  
**Title** **The Use of Olympic installations After the Games: the case of Albertville**  
Source *In*: Miquel de Moragas, Christopher Kennett & Nuria Puig (eds.), *The Legacy of the Olympic Games 1894-2000*, Lausanne: International Olympic Committee, pp. 145-151  
Date 2003  
Page(s) 7p.  
Summary *This symposium paper is focused on an examination of the post-Games use of venues from the 1992 Olympic Winter Games in Albertville and the region.*  
**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Games-Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – sports programmes / development  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, business opportunities, event management, real estate / housing  
**Urban** – venues, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** – venues, event management, sports programmes /development  
Type Symposium paper  
Access [E-document](#) (choose link - full text pp. 1-252) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 19515 / 033.2

Author(s) Thierry Terret  
**Title** **The Albertville Winter Olympics: unexpected legacies: failed expectations regional economic development**  
Source *In*: John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), *The making of Olympic cities*, vol. 3, New-York: Routledge, pp. 386-405  
Date 2012  
Page(s) 20p.  
Summary *This chapter is focused on the economic impacts of the 1992 Albertville Winter Games.*  
**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city /country  
**Theme(s)**  
Type Book chapter  
Access IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/2 / 033.2





## 1.27. Calgary 1988

Author(s) <b>Title</b>	Harry H. Hiller <b>Post-event outcomes and the post-modern turn: the Olympics and urban transformations</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, vol. 3, New-York: Routledge, pp. 307-323
Date	2012
Page(s)	17p.
Summary	<i>The focus of this book chapter is on post-event outcomes and particularly on Olympic-related facilities and how they are used once the Olympics are over. The Olympics are analysed from an urban perspective as an event that has an impact on cities beyond sport. The 1988 Calgary Winter Olympics serves as the primary illustration of the process described.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact</b> <b>Theme(s)</b>	Post-Games <b>Economic</b> – tourism, business opportunities, global image of the city / country <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transportation infrastructure
Type <b>Access</b>	Book chapter IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/2 / 033.2

  

Author(s) <b>Title</b>	J. R. B. Ritchie <b>Turning 16 Days into 16 years through Olympic legacy</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), The making of Olympic cities, vol. 3, New-York: Routledge, pp. 290-306
Date	2012
Page(s)	17p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter focuses on two examples (the 1988 Calgary and Salt Lake 2002 Winter Olympics) in an attempt to demonstrate how “legacy planning” can help ensure that hosting of a short-term mega-event such as the Olympics can contribute to the development and consolidation of facilities and programs that will benefit destination residents for many years.</i>
<b>See</b>	<a href="#">Turning 16 day into 16 years</a>

  

Author(s) <b>Title</b>	Lee Warren & J. Thomas West <b>Calgary and the Legacy of the XV Olympic Winter Games</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> Miquel de Moragas, Christopher Kennett & Nuria Puig (eds.), The Legacy of the Olympic Games 1894-2000, Lausanne: International Olympic Committee, pp. 170-178
Date	2003
Page(s)	9p.
Summary	<i>This symposium paper is focused on an examination of the post-Games sporting legacy and use of venues from the 1988 Olympic Winter Games in Calgary and the region.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b> <b>Legacy and Impact</b> <b>Theme(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – education, youth, volunteerism, sports programmes / development <b>Economic</b> – tourism



	<b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management, sports programmes / development
Type	Symposium paper
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a> (choose link - full text pp. 1-252) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 19515 / 033.2
Author(s)	Kate Zimmerman
Title	<b>Legacies of North American Olympic Winter Games: Volume two: Calgary 1988</b>
Source	Vancouver Organizing Committee for the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games
Date	7 May 2007
Page(s)	71p.
Summary	<i>This study was the second in a four part series commissioned by VANOC to examine the legacies of certain editions of the Winter Games that had been held in North America. The report uses a mix of opinions gained from personal interviews, some statistics and reliance on media sources to examine a variety of legacy related themes. The report is focused on highlighting the positive legacies of the Games.</i>
Phase(s)	Games Time; Post-Games
Legacy and Impact	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> - arts programmes, education, youth, volunteerism, health care services, housing, sports programmes, community pride, cultural awareness
Theme(s)	<b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – venues, transportation infrastructure <b>Sporting</b> - venues, event management, sports programmes / development
Type	Study
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a>

## 1.28. Lake Placid 1980

Author(s)	John Parmelee & Jim Murphy
Title	<b>Economic Impact Of The N.Y. Olympic Regional Development Authority: 2004-2005 fiscal year</b>
Source	Technical Assistance Centre at SUNY Plattsburgh
Date	28 February 2006
Page(s)	37p.
Summary	<i>The fiscal report for the Olympic Regional Development Authority (ORDA) for the year 2004-2005 when Lake Placid marked the 25th anniversary of the 1980 Olympic Winter Games gives an insight into how the facilities of the Games continue to be used. ORDA was established in 1981 to manage and promote the future use of sports facilities used to the host the Winter Games in 1980.</i>
Phase(s)	Post-Games
Legacy and Impact	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> - education, sports programmes /development
Theme(s)	<b>Economic</b> - tourism, employment, event management, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> - demography <b>Sporting</b> - venues, event management
Type	Report
Access	<a href="#">E-document</a>



Author(s)	State of New York Senate Committee on Investigations, Taxation, and Government Operations
<b>Title</b>	<b>A Report on the 1980 Winter Olympic Games at Lake Placid</b>
Source	State of New York Senate Committee on Investigations, Taxation, and Government Operations
Date	1980
Page(s)	39p.
Summary	<i>The report is an effort by the New York State Senate Committee on Investigation to “repair the damage” and learn lessons from certain administrative problems that arose during the organization and holding of the 1980 Olympic Winter Games.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Games Time
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – arts programmes, health care services
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> – employment, business opportunities, event management, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – venues, transport <b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management
Type	Report
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 21661 / 033.2

Author(s)	Kate Zimmerman
<b>Title</b>	<b>Legacies of North American Olympic Winter Games: Volume one: Lake Placid 1980</b>
Source	Vancouver Organizing Committee for the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games
Date	30 April 2007
Page(s)	50p.
Summary	<i>This study was the first in a four part series commissioned by VANOC to examine the legacies of certain editions of the Olympic Winter Games that had been held in North America. The report uses a mix of opinions gained from personal interviews, some statistics and reliance on media sources to examine a variety of legacy related themes. Note that the report is focused on highlighting the positive legacies of the Games.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Games Time; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> - arts programmes, education, youth, volunteerism, sports programmes, community pride, cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic</b> - tourism, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> - venues <b>Sporting</b> - venues, event management, sports programmes / development
Type	Study
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

## 1.29. Innsbruck 1976

Author(s)	Karl Socher and Paul Tschurtschenthaler
<b>Title</b>	<b>The role and impact of mega-events: economic perspectives: the case of the Winter Olympic Games 1964 and 1976 at Innsbruck</b>



Source	<b>In:</b> John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), <i>The making of Olympic cities</i> , , vol. 3 New-York: Routledge, pp. 38-53
Date	2012
Page(s)	16p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter explores the economical impact of the Winter Olympic Games. It proposes a cost-benefit-analysis of the Innsbruck 1964 and 1976 Winter Games and demonstrates various difficulties, especially of the evaluation of the image- or publicity-creating effects.</i>
See	<a href="#">The role and impact of mega-event</a>

### 1.30. Innsbruck 1964

Author(s)	Karl Socher and Paul Tschurtschenthaler
Title	<b>The role and impact of mega-events: economic perspectives: the case of the Winter Olympic Games 1964 and 1976 at Innsbruck</b>
Source	<b>In:</b> John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), <i>The making of Olympic cities</i> , , vol. 3 New-York: Routledge, pp. 38-53
Date	2012
Page(s)	16p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter explores the economic impact of the Winter Olympic Games. It proposes a cost-benefit-analysis of the Innsbruck 1964 and 1976 Winter Games and demonstrates various difficulties, especially of the evaluation of the image- or publicity-creating effects.</i>
See	<a href="#">The role and impact of mega-event</a>



### 1.31. Multiple Olympic Winter Games / Jeux Olympiques d'hiver multiples

Author(s) Piervincenzo Bondonio & Nadia Campaniello  
**Title** **Torino 2006: an organizational and economic overview**  
Source Omero Working paper n.1/2006  
Date 2006  
Page(s) 25p.

Summary *As part of the analysis of the potential economic and sporting related legacies and impacts of Turin's hosting of the XX Olympic Winter Games this paper also draws upon comparisons of past Olympic Winter Games results from Lake Placid (1980) through to Salt Lake City (2002).*

See [Torino 2006](#)

Author(s) Jean-Loup Chappelet  
**Title** **From Chamonix to Salt Lake City: evolution of the Olympic Village concept at the Winter Games**  
Source *In:* Miquel de Moragas, Montserrat Llinés, Bruce Kidd, Olympic villages: a hundred years of urban planning and shared experiences: International Symposium on Olympic Villages, Lausanne 1996, Lausanne: IOC, pp. 81-88  
Date 1997  
Page(s) 8p.

Summary *The aim of this article is to trace the historical evolution of the concept of the Olympic Village at the Winter Games and to reflect on its possibilities for the future. This historical evolution of the Winter Villages can be divided into three main periods: pre-1960, 1964-1984 and 1988 onwards.*

**Phase(s)**  
**Legacy and Impact** **Urban**  
**Theme(s)**

Type Book chapter  
**Access** [E-document](#) (choose link – texte intégral pp. 81-88) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 11960 / 071

Author(s) Jean-Loup Chappelet  
**Title** **From Lake Placid to Salt Lake City: the challenging growth of the Winter Games since 1980**  
Source European Journal of Sport Science. Vol. 2, issue 3, pp. 1-21  
Date 2002  
Page(s) 21 p.

Summary *In the 1980s, the Olympic Winter Games gradually grew in status, to the point of receiving almost as much attention as the summer equivalent. The first purpose of this paper is to collect and validate the main indicators, often sparse and difficult to trace after the event and to discern certain trends. The indicators form the basis for a dozen tables distributed over three categories: 1. Organization, 2. Participation, 3. Finance.*

**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning, Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, social and political**



<b>Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Economic Sporting</b>
Type	Article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>
Author(s)	Jean-Loup Chappelet
<b>Title</b>	<b>The Legacy of the Olympic Winter Games: an overview</b>
Source	<i>In</i> : Miquel de Moragas, Christopher Kennett & Nuria Puig (eds.), <i>The Legacy of the Olympic Games 1894-2000</i> , Lausanne: International Olympic Committee, pp. 54-66
Date	2003
Page(s)	13p.
Summary	<i>This symposium paper examines a broad spectrum of legacies and impacts that have results from hosting the Olympic Winter Games. Games specific examples cover the period between 1924 and 2006.</i>
<b>Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – education, youth, volunteerism, health care services, housing, sports programmes / development, community pride, cultural awareness <b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, waste management <b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology <b>Sporting</b> – venues, event management, sports programmes / development
Type	Symposium paper
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a> (choose link - full text pp. 1-252) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 19515 / 033.2
Author(s)	Stephen Essex & Brian Chalkley
<b>Title</b>	<b>The Changing Infrastructural Implications of the Winter Olympics, 1924 – 2002</b>
Source	Bollettino della Società Geografica Italiana, Series XII, vol. VII, no. 4
Date	2002
Page(s)	24p.
Summary	<i>This draft version of the published article draws on examples of Olympic Winter Games in the period between 1924 and 2002 to review their role as a tool of urban and rural regeneration as well in changing and modernising the built and natural environments of an Olympic host city.</i>
<b>Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> - housing <b>Environmental</b> – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development <b>Economic</b> – tourism, business opportunities, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology <b>Sporting</b> - venues
Type	Journal article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>
Author(s)	Stephen Essex & Brian Chalkley
<b>Title</b>	<b>L'evoluzione degli impatti infrastrutturali delle Olimpiadi invernali, 1924 - 2002</b>





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| Source   | Bollettino della Società Geografica Italiana, series XII, vol. VII, no. 4   |
| Date     | 2002  |
| Page(s)  | 14p.  |
| Language | Italian   |
| Summary  | <i>This draft version of the published article draws on examples of Olympic Winter Games in the period between 1924 and 2002 to review their role as a tool of urban and rural regeneration as well in changing and modernising the built and natural environments of an Olympic host city.</i> |
| Type     | Journal article   |
| Access   | <a href="#">E-document</a>  |
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| Author(s) | Kirsten Garmers   |
| Title     | <b>Vancouver 2010: Olympic Games and arts in the city: the potential impacts of the Olympic Games 2010 and their cultural component on the arts community of Vancouver, Canada</b>  |
| Source    | Saabrücken: VDM Verlag Dr. Müller   |
| Date      | 2008  |
| Page(s)   | 193p.   |
| Summary   | <i>Although this academic thesis is mainly focused on examining how the 2010 Olympic Winter Games might potentially impact Vancouver and its local arts community, it also briefly examines the impacts and legacies of the Olympic Winter Games in 1988 in Calgary and the Games of the Olympiad in 1996 in Atlanta.</i> |
| Type      | Thesis  |
| See       | <a href="#">Kirsten Garmers</a>   |
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|-----------|--|
| Author(s) | Ministry of Competition, Science and Enterprise: Capital Projects Branch   |
| Title     | <b>The Economic Impact of the Winter Olympic &amp; Paralympic Games</b>  |
| Source    | Ministry of Competition, Science and Enterprise: Capital Projects Branch   |
| Date      | January 2002   |
| Page(s)   | 45p.   |
| Summary   | <i>Although largely focused on Vancouver 2010, the report also includes comparisons to the Olympic Winter Games for Calgary 1988, Lillehammer 1994, Nagano 1998 and Salt Lake City 2002.</i> |
| See       | <a href="#">Ministry of Competition</a>  |
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- |           |   |
|-----------|---|
| Auteur(s) | PricewaterhouseCoopers  |
| Titre     | <b>L'effet olympique: rapport 4 : répercussions économiques des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de 2010 sur la Colombie-Britannique et le Canada : de 2003 à 2008</b>  |
| Source    | PricewaterhouseCoopers, en tant que prestataire de service pour le Secrétariat des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de la Colombie-Britannique (le gouvernement de la Colombie-Britannique) et le Secrétariat fédéral des Jeux olympiques et paralympiques d'hiver de 2010 (le gouvernement du Canada).               |
| Date      | septembre 2009  |
| Page(s)   | 7p.   |
| Résumé    | <i>Ce rapport additionnel est le quatrième d'une série de rapports mandatés. Il se limite à une comparaison entre les impacts économiques estimés et prévus pour la période 2003-2008. Il propose de plus une brève comparaison avec des Jeux Olympiques passés : Calgary (1988), Salt Lake City (2002) and Turin (2006).</i> |



**See** [L'effet olympique: rapport 4](#)

**Author(s)** PricewaterhouseCoopers  
**Title** **The Games Effect: report 4: economic impact of the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games on British Columbia and Canada: 2003-2008**  
**Source** PricewaterhouseCoopers as a service provider for the BC Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Secretariat (Government of British Columbia) and the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Secretariat (Government of Canada)  
**Date** September 2009  
**Page(s)** 7p.  
**Summary** *This supplementary report is the fourth in a series of commissioned reports. It is limited to a comparison of estimated versus projected economic impacts for the period between 2003 and 2008 as well as brief comparisons to the past Olympic Winter Games examples of Calgary (1988), Salt Lake City (2002) and Turin (2006).*

**See** [The Games Effect: report 4](#)

**Author(s)** PricewaterhouseCoopers  
**Title** **The Games Effect: report 6: preliminary economic impact of the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games on British Columbia and Canada: 2010**  
**Source** PricewaterhouseCoopers as a service provider for the BC Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Secretariat (Government of British Columbia) and the 2010 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Secretariat (Government of Canada)  
**Date** 2010  
**Page(s)** 16p.  
**Summary** *It is limited to a comparison of estimated versus projected economic impacts for the period between 2003 and 31 March 2010 as well as brief comparisons to the past Olympic Winter Games examples of Calgary (1988), Lillehammer (1994), Salt Lake City (2002) and Turin (2006).*

**See** [The Games Effect: report 6](#)

**Author(s)** J. R. B. Ritchie  
**Title** **Turning 16 Days into 16 years through Olympic legacy**  
**Source** *In:* John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), *The making of Olympic cities*, vol. 3, New-York: Routledge, pp. 290-306  
**Date** 2012  
**Page(s)** 17p.  
**Summary** *This book chapter focuses on two examples (the 1988 Calgary and Salt Lake 2002 Winter Olympics) in an attempt to demonstrate how "legacy planning" can help ensure that hosting of a short-term mega-event such as the Olympics can contribute to the development and consolidation of facilities and programs that will benefit destination residents for many years.*

**Phase(s)** Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – employment, sports programmes / development, community pride, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, employment, global image of the city  
**Urban** – venues

**Type** Book chapter  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/2 / 033.2



Author(s)	M. Ruddy
<b>Title</b>	<b>Weather risk management at the Olympic Winter Games</b>
Source	<i>In</i> : Current issues in tourism, 17 Feb. 2014, published online, pp. 1-17
Date	2014
Page(s)	17p.
Summary	<i>The globally celebrated Olympic Winter Games (OWG) are highly dependent on suitable snow and ice conditions to support elite-level competitions. To determine the range of weather impacts on the Games, this study examines the official Olympic post-Games reports from 1924 to 2010. The study also examines the range of historical adaptations that have developed to manage weather risks at the OWG. The connection between the evolving needs for weather risk management strategies by Olympic organisers and the growth of the Olympics in size and scope is also discussed.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Pre-Games Planning; Games Time
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Environmental</b>
<b>Theme(s)</b>	
Type	Article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">IOC onsite consultation</a> , for offsite access, contact: <a href="mailto:studies.centre@olympic.org">studies.centre@olympic.org</a>



## 4. Multiple Games of the Olympiad & Olympic Winter Games / Jeux de l'Olympiade & Jeux Olympiques d'hiver multiples

Author(s)	Greg Andranovich, Matthew J. Burbank & Charles H. Heying
<b>Title</b>	<b>Olympic Cities: Lessons learned from mega-events politics</b>
Source	Journal of Urban Affairs, vol. 23, no. 2
Date	2001
Page(s)	pp. 113-131
Summary	<i>This article is focused on examining the strategies adopted by the host cities of Los Angeles (1984), Atlanta (1996) and Salt Lake City (2002) in order to optimise the benefits from hosting the Olympic Games and the lessons that can be learned from each case.</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> - youth, volunteerism, housing, sports programmes / development
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – environment / environmental development <b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, event management, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology <b>Sporting</b> - venues, event management, sports programmes / development
Type	Journal article
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>

Author(s)	Matthew J. Burbank, Gregory D. Andranovich & Charles H. Heying
<b>Title</b>	<b>Olympic Dreams: The impact of mega-events on local politics</b>
Source	Boulder; London : Lynne Rienner Publishers
Date	2001
Page(s)	203p.
Summary	<i>This book is largely focused on examining the political and social impacts of hosting the Olympic Games on the cities of Los Angeles (1984), Atlanta (1996) and Salt Lake City (2002).</i>
<b>Phase(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games
<b>Legacy and Impact</b>	<b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> – arts programmes, employment, youth, volunteerism, housing, sports programmes / development, community / national pride, cultural awareness
<b>Theme(s)</b>	<b>Environmental</b> – environment / environmental development, waste management <b>Economic</b> – tourism, employment, business opportunities, real estate / housing, event management, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology <b>Sporting</b> - venues, event management, sports programmes / development
Type	Book
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 18417 / 033.2



Author(s) David H. Bloch  
**Title** **Olympic Planning and the Environment: Issues relating to the impact of international competition of the Olympic Games upon the environment**  
Source Massachusetts: Graduate School of the University of Massachusetts, Department of Regional planning and Landscape Architecture  
Date May 2001  
Page(s) 166p.

Summary *This academic thesis draws upon examples of both summer and winter Olympic host cities for the Games between 1984 and 2006 in order to mainly examine the subject environment and its relationship to the Olympic Games.*

**Phase(s)** Applicant & Candidature Phases; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – education, youth, health care services, housing, community / national pride, cultural awareness  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management  
**Economic** – tourism, business opportunities, real estate / housing  
**Urban** – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure  
Sporting – venues, event management

Type Thesis  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 19256 / 091

Author(s) Richard Cashman  
**Title** **The Bitter-Sweet Awakening: The legacy of the Sydney 2000 Olympic Games**  
Source Petersham: Walla Walla Press  
Date 2006  
Page(s) 310p.

Summary *This book is largely focused on examining the legacy of the 2000 Olympic Games in Sydney with only limited references to other Summer and Winter Games editions such as Barcelona 1992, Salt Lake City 2002, Athens 2004, Beijing 2008, and Vancouver 2010. It combines the author's personal experience as an active participant in certain aspects relating to the organization of the Games with research into the various impacts that the Games had on the host community.*

**See** [Richard Cashman](#)

Author(s) Fred Coalter  
**Title** **Stuck in the Blocks? A sustainable sporting legacy**  
Source *In:* Anthony Vigor, Melissa Mean & Charlie Tims (eds.), After the Gold Rush: a sustainable Olympics for London, London: Institute for Public Policy Research, pp. 93-108 & 160-161  
Date 2004  
Page(s) 18p.

Summary *Although this book chapter is mainly focused on a general examination of the potential 'public' sports participation legacy that could be realised from London's hosting of the 2012 Olympic Games, it also draws comparisons to examples from the Olympic Winter Games in Calgary in 1988 and Albertville in 1992 as well as to the Games of the Olympiad in Barcelona in 1992 and Sydney in 2000.*

**See** [Stuck in the Blocks](#)



Author(s) Stephen Essex & Brian Chalkley  
**Title** **The Infrastructural Legacy of the Summer and Winter Olympic Games: a comparative analysis**  
Source *In*: Miquel de Moragas, Christopher Kennett & Nuria Puig (eds.), The Legacy of the Olympic Games 1894-2000, Lausanne: International Olympic Committee, pp. 94-101  
Date 2003  
Page(s) 8p.

Summary *This symposium paper provides a comparative examination of the difference and similarities of urban related legacies of the Olympic Games. Examples are largely taken from Games editions in the period between 1984 and 2000 and included both those of Summer and Winter Games.*

**Phase(s)** Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – housing  
**Environmental** – environment / environmental development, waste management  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, event management, global image of the city  
**Urban** – demography, venues, transport, transportation infrastructure  
**Sporting** – venues

Type Symposium paper  
**Access** [E-document](#) (choose link - full text pp. 1-252) or in print at the IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 19515 / 033.2

Author(s) Philippe Furrer  
**Title** **Sustainable Olympic Games: A dream or a reality?**  
Source Bollettino della Società Geografica Italiana, series XII, vol. VII, no. 4  
Date 2002  
Page(s) 31p.

Summary *Using examples from Olympic Winter and Summer Games in the period between 1988 and 2008, this draft version of the published article is focused on examining contradictions between the concept of a mega-event and the principles of sustainable development policies.*

**Phase(s)** Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – education, youth, volunteerism, health care services, housing, sports programmes / development, community pride, cultural awareness  
**Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, environment / environmental development, green venues, air quality, waste management  
**Theme(s)** **Economic** – tourism, employment, business opportunities, event management, global image of the city  
**Urban** – venues, transport, transportation infrastructure, technology  
**Sporting** – venues, event management

Type Article  
**Access** [E-document](#)

Author(s) Philippe Furrer  
**Title** **Giochi Olimpici sostenibili : utopia o realtà ?**  
Source Bollettino della Società Geografica Italiana, series XII, vol. VII, no. 4  
Date 2002  
Page(s) 28p.  
Language Italian





**Summary** *Using examples from Olympic Winter and Summer Games in the period between 1988 and 2008, this draft version of the published article is focused on examining contradictions between the concept of a mega-event and the principles of sustainable development policies.*

**Type** Article  
**Access** [E-document](#)



**Author(s)** Sean Gammon  
**Title** **Heritage and the Olympics: people, place and performance**  
**Source** London: Routledge  
**Date** 2014  
**Page(s)** 119p.

**Summary** *Heritage offers invaluable insights into what we value about the Games, and what we would like to pass on to future generations. The more tangible heritage features are also evident; from the myriad artefacts and ephemera found in museums to the celebratory symbolism of past-Olympic venues and sites that have become visitor attractions in their own right. This edited collection offers detailed and thought-provoking examples of these heritage components, and illustrates powerfully the breadth, passion and cultural significance that the Olympics engender.*

**Phase(s)** Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political**  
**Theme(s)** **Economic**  
**Urban**

**Type** Article  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24806 / 033.2

**Author(s)** InterVISTAS Consulting Inc.  
**Title** **The Economic Impact of the Winter Olympic & Paralympic Games: An update**  
**Source** InterVISTAS Consulting Inc.  
**Date** 20 November 2002  
**Page(s)** 84p.

**Summary** *Although largely focused on Vancouver 2010, this update of the January 2002 British Columbia government commissioned report carried by the Ministry of Competition also includes new comparison data for the Olympic Winter Games in Salt Lake City 2002 and the Olympic Games in Atlanta in 1996 and Sydney in 2000.*

**See** [InterVISTAS Consulting Inc](#)

**Author(s)** Daniel Latouche  
**Title** **Montreal 1976**  
**Source** *In:* John R. Gold & Margaret M. Gold (eds.), Olympic Cities: City agendas, planning and the world's Games, 1896-2016, London: Routledge, pp. 247-267  
**Date** 2011  
**Page(s)** 21p.

**Summary** *While this book chapter is largely focused on presenting a detailed examination of*



*the motivation, impact and legacy of Montreal's efforts to host the 1976 Games of the Olympiad, the author also draws upon comparisons to other Olympic host cities including Munich (1972), Los Angeles (1984), Calgary (1988), Atlanta (1996), Sydney (2000), Salt Lake City (2002) and Athens (2004).*

**See** [Daniel Latouche](#)

**Author(s)** Iain MacRury  
**Title** **London, Vancouver and 'Sustainability'**  
**Source** *In:* Jill Savery & Keith Gilbert (eds.), Sustainability and Sport, Champaign: Common Ground Publishing LLC, pp. 145-152  
**Date** 2011  
**Page(s)** 8p.  
**Summary** *This book chapter takes a brief look at the parallels and links between the housing specific legacies of two Olympic host cities.*  
**Phase(s)** Pre-Games Planning; Post-Games  
**Legacy and Impact** **Cultural, Social and Political** – housing  
**Theme(s)** **Environmental** – sustainability / sustainable development, green venues  
**Economic** – real estate / housing  
**Urban** – venues  
**Type** Book chapter  
**Access** IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 24990 / 091

**Author(s)** Cora McCloy  
**Title** **Facilities "Sport For All" and the Toronto 2008 Olympic Bid**  
**Source** *In:* Miquel de Moragas, Christopher Kennett & Nuria Puig (eds.), The Legacy of the Olympic Games 1894-2000, Lausanne: International Olympic Committee, pp. 155-164  
**Date** 2003  
**Page(s)** 10p.  
**Summary** *As part of an overview of different legacy and impact themes this symposium paper briefly cites a number of both Winter and Summer Games specific examples.*  
**See** [Cora McCloy](#)

**Author(s)** Adrian Pitts & Hanwen Liao  
**Title** **Sustainable Olympic design and urban development**  
**Source** London, Routledge  
**Date** 2009  
**Page(s)** 238p  
**Summary** *This book explains how a modern Olympic Games can successfully develop a more sustainable design approach by learning from the lessons of the past and by taking account of the latest developments. It offers an assessment tool that can be tailored to individual circumstance--a tool which emerges from the analysis of previous Summer games host cities and from techniques in environmental analysis and assessment. This important work demonstrates that with appropriate planning and design, Olympic urban development has the potential to leave positive environmental legacies to the host city and contribute to environmental sustainability.*  
**Phase(s)** Post-Games  
**Legacy and** **Environmental** – environmental, sustainable development



<b>Impact Theme(s)</b>	<b>Urban</b>
Type	Book
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 23361 / 091

Author(s)	Karl Socher and Paul Tschurtschenthaler
<b>Title</b>	<b>The role and impact of mega-events: economic perspectives: the case of the Winter Olympic Games 1964 and 1976 at Innsbruck</b>
Source	<i>In:</i> John R. Gold and Margaret M. Gold (eds.), <i>The making of Olympic cities</i> , , vol. 3 New-York: Routledge, pp. 38-53
Date	2012
Page(s)	16p.
Summary	<i>This book chapter explores the economic impact of the Winter Olympic Games. It proposes a cost-benefit-analysis of the Innsbruck 1964 and 1976 Winter Games and demonstrates various difficulties, especially of the evaluation of the image- or publicity-creating effects.</i>
<b>Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time, Post-Games <b>Economic</b> – tourism, business opportunities, global image of the city / country
Type	Book chapter
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 25557/3 / 033.2

Author(s)	Tsur Somerville & Jake Wetzel
<b>Title</b>	<b>Hunting For the Olympic Bounce: Any evidence in real estate</b>
Source	University of British Columbia Centre for Urban Economics and Real Estate
Date	January 2010
Page(s)	26p.
Summary	<i>Using data from the Olympic Summer and Winter Games host cities of Los Angeles (1984), Atlanta (1996), Sydney (2000), Calgary (1988), Salt Lake City (2002) and Vancouver (2010), this discussion paper focuses on an examination of the “Olympic effect” on the city’s economy and desirability as a place to live on the real estate market.</i>
<b>Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Applicant & Candidature Phases; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games <b>Economic</b> – employment, real estate / housing, global image of the city
Type	Discussion paper
<b>Access</b>	<a href="#">E-document</a>



Author(s)	David Walmsley
<b>Title</b>	<b>The bid book: matching sports events and hosts</b>
Source	London: SportBusiness Group
Date	2013
Page(s)	216p.



Summary	<i>The book uses real-world case studies (including Olympics) to illustrate the different approaches to managing the competition for events. It is a guide to understanding the dynamics surrounding events and hosts, providing strategic advice for achieving commercial success from event organisation to delivery. This publication has been written to help cities to develop event propositions and global event strategies to get the most value from these properties.</i>
<b>Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning <b>Sporting</b> – event management
Type	Book
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 26086 / 033.2

Author(s)	Mike Weed
<b>Title</b>	<b>Olympic Tourism</b>
Source	Amsterdam: Elsevier
Date	2008
Page(s)	236p.
Summary	<i>This book is specifically focused on first examining the subject of Olympic tourism and then, on presenting case specific examples of tourism and other legacy and impact elements from the Summer Games editions between 2000 and 2012 as well as on from the Olympic Winter Games as a whole.</i>
<b>Phase(s) Legacy and Impact Theme(s)</b>	Applicant & Candidature Phase; Pre-Games Planning; Games Time; Post-Games <b>Cultural, Social and Political</b> - arts programmes, education, youth, volunteerism, health care services, housing, sports programmes / development, community / national pride, cultural awareness <b>Environmental</b> – environment / environmental development, waste management <b>Economic</b> – tourism, business opportunities, event management, global image of the city <b>Urban</b> – venues, transportation infrastructure, technology <b>Sporting</b> - venues, event management, sports programmes / development
Type	Book
<b>Access</b>	IOC Olympic Studies Centre: MA 22387 / 071